	Mathematical	Foundation for Comp	uter Applications	
Course Code		22MCA11	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
	ing objectives:			
	roduce the concepts of matl	•		
	troduce the concepts of sets,			
-		ated with sets, functions, and relation		
• To rel	late practical examples to th	e appropriate set, function, or rela	tion model, and interpret th	e associated
opera	tions and terminology in co	ntext.		
• To us	e Graph Theory for solving	problems.		
		Module-1		
		ision, Exclusion and Pigeonhole p	principle (6.2, 8.5, 8.6); Fun	ctions; and
Matrices: Eig	envalues and Eigenvectors.			
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / H	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-2		
Nested Quant Teaching- Learning Process Relations	ifiers, Rules of Inference In Chalk and talk method	troduction to Proofs I / PowerPoint Presentation Module-3		
	Their Properties, n-ary Re Relations, Partial Orderings	lations and Their Application, Re	presenting Relations, Close	ures of Relations,
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / H	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-4		
	ble and probability distri	bution		
-	-	bability distributions, continuous		
		riables. Binomial and normal dis	tribution, Exponential and	normal distribution
with mean and	variables and problems			
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / I	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
Cuert T		Module-5		
Graph Theory		nology and Special Terror of Con	nha Donnoortine Crast	and Crowle
		nology and Special Types of Gra		-
=	-	milton Paths, Shortest-Path Proble	anis, Fianar Graphs, Graph G	Joioring
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Po	owerPoint Presentation		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

### Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Kenneth H Rosen, "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications", McGraw Hill publications, 7th edition.
- 2. Wolpole Myers Ye "Probability and Statistics for engineers and Scientist" Pearson Education, 8th edition.

### **References Books**

1. Richard A Johnson and C.B Gupta "Probability and statistics for engineers" Pearson Education.

2. J.K Sharma "Discrete Mathematics", Mac Millian Publishers India, 3rd edition, 2011.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://faculty.ksu.edu.sa/sites/default/files/rosen\_discrete\_mathematics\_and\_its\_applications\_7th\_edition.pdf
- <u>https://www.coursera.org/specializations/mathematics-machine-learning</u>
- www.coursera.org/learn/datasciencemathskills
- http://home.iitk.ac.in/~psraj/mth101/lecture\_notes/lecture31.pdf

# **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

#### **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Apply the fundamentals of set theory and matrices for the given problem.	L3
CO2	Apply the types of distribution, evaluate the mean and variance for the given case study/	L3
	problem.	
CO3	Solve the given problem by applying the Mathematical logic concepts.	L2
CO4	Model the given problem by applying the concepts of graph theory.	L2
CO5	Design strategy using gaming theory concepts for the given problem.	L2
CO6	Identify and list the different applications of discrete mathematical concepts in computer	L1
	science.	

SI. No.					Des	scription					PO
1	funda		nd comp	uter scie	ence and					engineerin of comple	
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.										
3	design consid	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and lesign system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.								te	
4	metho	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.									
5	moder	rn tool usa rn enginee eering acti	ring and	IT tool	s includi	ng predic	tion and				PO5
6	assess	societal,	health, sa	fety, lega	al and cu	ltural issu	es and the	e consequ		owledge to onsibilities	
7	Enviro solutio	relevant to the professional engineering and business practices. Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.									
8		: Apply et s of the eng					ssional e	thics and	responsi	bilities and	d PO8
9		dual and to erse teams					individu	al, and as	a memb	er or leade	er PO9
10	engine write	eering con	nmunity a reports an	and with nd design	society a	at large, s	ich as, b	eing able	to comp	es with th prehend an ns, and giv	ıd
11	engine		siness and	l manage	ement pri	nciples an	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s owi	ling of th n work, as onments.	
12		ong learnin ependent a								y to engage ange.	e PO12
lapping	of COS	and POs									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	X										
CO2	X										
CO3	X										
CO4	X		v								
CO5		v	X							-	

CO6

X

		<b>Operating System Concepts</b>	5	
Course Code		22MCA12	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours	/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 10 hours Lab	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
Course objecti				
	-	nulticore CPUs, clustered computers, and		
-		coverage of virtual machines, as well as	multicore CPUs, the G	RUB boot
	, and operating-system deb			
• It prov	ides new coverage of pipe	s as a form of interprocess communication	on.	C
• It adds	new coverage of program	ming for multicore systems.		
• It adds	a discussion of mutual exe	clusion locks, priority inversion, and tran	sactional memory.	
• It upda	ates the Solaris example to	include Solaris 10 memory management	t.	
-		MODULE-1		
OVERVIEW:	Introduction, System Struc	ctures		)
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / I	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		MODULE-2		
PROCESS MA	ANAGEMENT: Process Co	oncept, Multithreaded Programming		
Teaching-	Chalk and talk metho	d / PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		MODULE-3		
PROCESS CC	ORDINATION: Synchror	ization, Deadlocks		
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / I	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		MODULE-4		
MEMORY MA	ANAGEMENT: Memory-M	lanagement Strategies, Virtual-Memory	Management	
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / I	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		MODULE 5		
STORAGE MA	ANAGEMENT: File System	n		
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / ]			
Learning				

# PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)

SI.	Experiments
NO	
1	Write a C program to simulate the following non-preemptive CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround
	time and waiting time. a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin (pre-emptive) d) Priority
2	Write a C program to simulate the MVT and MFT memory management techniques.
3	Write a C program to simulate paging technique of memory management.

4	Write a C program to simulate Bankers algorithm for the purpose of deadlock avoidance.
5	Write a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
6	Write a C program to simulate the concept of Dining-Philosophers problem.
7	Write a C program to simulate the following file organization techniques a) Single level directory b) Two level directory c) Hierarchical
Assess	ment Details (both CIE and SEE)
The we	eightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
minim	um passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the
maxim	um marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits
allotted	d to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the
CIE (C	Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together
CIE fo	or the theory component of IPCC
	wo Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b>
	Two assignments each of 10 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 20 marks
	Total Marks of two tests and two assignments/one Skill Development Activity added will be CIE for 60 marks,
	narks scored will be proportionally scaled down to <b>30 marks</b> .
	or the practical component of IPCC
•	On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The <b>15 marks</b> are for conducting the experiment and preparation of the laboratory record, the other <b>05 marks shall be for the test</b> conducted at the end of the semester.

- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments" write-ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
- The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 05 marks.

Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **20 marks**.

# SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will be set for 100 marks and marks scored will be scaled down proportionately to 50 marks.
- 2. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 3. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 4. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

• The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory

component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.

• SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course(CIE+SEE)

### Suggested Learning Resources:

# **Text Books**

 Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne: Operating Systems Principles, 8<sup>th</sup> Edition, Wiley – India.

# **Reference Books**

- 1. D M Dhamdhere: Operating Systems A Concept Based Approach, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2002.
- 2. P C P Bhatt: Operating Systems, 2<sup>nd</sup> dition, PHI, 2006.
- 3. Harvey M Deital: Operating Systems, 3<sup>rd</sup> dition, Addison Wesley, 1990.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.mbit.edu.in/wp-\_\_\_\_\_content/uploads/2020/05/Operating\_System\_Concepts\_8th\_EditionA4.pdf</u>
- https://www.coursera.org/courses?query=operating%20system
- <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs04/preview</u>
- https://www.udemy.com/course/operating-systemj/?utm\_source=adwords&utm\_medium=udemyads&utm\_campaign=LongTail\_la.EN\_cc.INDIA&utm\_content =deal4584&utm\_term=\_\_ag\_77882236223\_\_ad\_533093955804\_\_kw\_.de\_c\_\_dm\_pl\_ti\_dsa-1007766171032\_\_li\_1007771\_\_pd\_\_&matchtype=&gclid=EAIaIQobChMIjOKkqKem-gIVFw4rCh3v\_QaEAMYASAAEgJPu\_D\_BwE

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up activities which will enhance their activity based learning like Quizzes, Assignments and Seminars.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Analyse the basic Operating System Structure and concept of Process Management	L2
CO2	Analyse the given Synchronization/ Deadlock problem to solve and arrive at valid conclusions	L2
CO3	Analyse OS management techniques and identify the possible modifications for the given problem context	L2
CO4	Ability to design and solve synchronization problems.	L3
CO5	Ability to simulate and implement operating system concepts such as scheduling, Deadlock management, file management, and memory management.	L3

SI. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.	PO1
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.	PO6
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	PO7
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.	PO8
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	PO9
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	PO10
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	PO11
12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	PO12

<u>Mappin</u>		and POs										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	Х				X							
CO2				X			X					
CO3	Х		X									
CO4			Х		Х							
CO5		Х		Х								

	tructures WITH AI	CIE Marks	50
Course Code Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>Course Learning objectives: <ul> <li>Analyze step by step and develop algor</li> <li>Evaluate the Expressions like postfix, p</li> <li>Implementing various data structures vi</li> <li>Understanding various searching &amp; sor</li> <li>Be able to compare functions using asy and best-case analysis.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Classification of Data Structures: Primitive and Stack: Definition, Representation, Operations a</li> </ul>	orefix conversions. iz. Stacks, Queues, Linked Li ting techniques. mptotic analysis and describe <b>Module-1</b> Non- Primitive, Linear and	sts, Trees and Graphs. the relative merits of wo Nonlinear; Data structure	e Operations,
postfix conversion, evaluation of postfix express			ons, mix to
		1 / PowerPoint Presentatio	<b>n</b>
Teaching-Learning Process	Chark and tark method	17 PowerPoint Presentatio	)n
	Module-2		
Recursion - Factorial, GCD, Fibonacci Sequence	e, Tower of Hanoi. Queue: D	efinition, Representation,	Queue
Variants: Circular Queue, Priority Queue, Doubl	le Ended Queue; Applications	s of Queues. Programming	g Examples.
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk metho	d / PowerPoint Presentati	on
	Module-3		
Linked List: Limitations of array implemental Memory Allocation, Memory management for Freenode() operations, Types: Singly Linked L from a list, Linked implementations of stacks, H <b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	unctions. Definition, Repres ist. Linked list as a data Stru- leader nodes, Array implement	entation, Operations: ge ucture, Inserting and rem	etnode() and noving nodes
	Module-4		
	f Binary trees, Array and lir	ee operations. Threaded	•
Trees:Terminology, Binary Trees, Properties o Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, pr Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, D Expression, Programming Examples.	eletion, Traversal, Searching	, Application of Trees-L	Evaluation of
Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, pr Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, D	eletion, Traversal, Searching	, Application of Trees-L	Evaluation of
Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, pr Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, D Expression, Programming Examples.			Evaluation of
Binary Tree Traversals - Inorder, postorder, pr Binary Search Trees – Definition, Insertion, D Expression, Programming Examples.	Module-5 d Adjacency List Represent earch and Depth First Search	ation Of Graphs, Eleme n. Insertion Sort, Radix s	entary Graph

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- **2.** Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### **Text Books:**

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2nd Ed, Universities Press, 2014.

2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1st Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

# **Reference books:**

- 1. Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2nd Ed, Cengage Learning, 2014.
- 2. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3rd Ed, Oxford press, 2012.

3. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2 nd Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013

4. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989

5. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2nd Ed, PHI, 1996.

6. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.

7. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.

8. Algorithms, Kenneth A Berman and Jerome L Paul, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd, 2002 edition.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=BBpAmxU\_NQo</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8hly31xKli0
- https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106127/

# **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Explore different data structures, its operations	L2
CO2	Demonstrate the concept of recursion and Queue.	L2
CO3	Apply the concept of Linked list, Trees and Graphs in problem solving	L3
C04	Implement all data structures in a high-level language for problem solving	L3

Sl. No.	Outcome of this course Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.	PO1
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.	PO6
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	PO7
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.	PO8
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	PO9
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	PO10
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	PO11
12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	PO12

01 CO2	and PUS										
PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
Х											Х
				Х							
	X										X
				X							
			of COS and POs PO1 PO2 PO3 X X X		PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5           X           X         X           X          X         X         X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6           X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X          X         X          X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7           X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8           X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9           X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9         PO10           X	PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9         PO10         PO11           X

Course Code		Computer Networks	6	
		22MCA14	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Recog</li><li>List co</li><li>List re</li></ul>	ing objectives: nize computer networks. omputer network topologies equired hardware to constitu	te computer network.		
• Expla	in each computer network to	ppology physically or logically. <b>Module-1</b>		
	Data Communications, Netw model, TCP/IP Protocol suit	vorks, The Internet, Protocols &	Standards, Layered Tasks,	The OSI mod
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / P	owerPoint Presentation		)
		Module-2		
Teaching- Learning	ission Modes, Digital-to-ar Chalk and talk method	nalog conversion / PowerPoint Presentation		
Process		Module-3		
• •	r-2 and Switching: Multiple agram Networks, Virtual (	exing, Spread Spectrum, Introd	uction to switching, Circuit	t Switched
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / P	owerPoint Presentation		
		Module-4		
Data Link Lay Checksum.	ver-1: Error Detection & C	Correction: Introduction, Block	coding, Linear block code	es, Cyclic code
GIECKSUIII.	Chalk and talk method / P	owerPoint Presentation		
Teaching- Learning				
		Module-5		
Teaching- Learning Process Data Link Lay	ver-2: Framing, Flow and I asition phases only)	<b>Module-5</b> Error Control, Protocols, Noisele	ess Channels, Noisy channe	els, HDLC, Pl

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- **2.** Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan,: Data Communication and Networking, 4th Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2006.

# **Reference books:**

1. Alberto Leon-Garcia and Indra Widjaja: Communication Networks - Fundamental Concepts and Key architectures, 2nd Edition Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.

2. William Stallings: Data and Computer Communication, 8th Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

3. Larry L. Peterson and Bruce S. Davie: Computer Networks - A Systems Approach, 4th Edition, Elsevier, 2007.

4. Nader F. Mir: Computer and Communication Networks, Pearson Education, 2007.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.binghamton.edu/watson/continuing-education/data-science/intro-to-computer-networks.html</u>
- <u>https://elearn.daffodilvarsity.edu.bd/course/view.php?id=5457</u>
- <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc21\_cs18/preview</u>

# Skill Development Activities Suggested

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	l of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Apply the basic concepts of networks like protocol, internet and OSI layers	L3
C02	Analyze the working of Physical Layer.	L3
CO3	Demonstrate the various Switching networks	L3
C04	Analyze the Data Link Layer	L3
		·

Sl. No.	Outcome of this course Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.	PO1
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.	PO6
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	PO7
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.	PO8
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	PO9
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	PO10
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	PO11
12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	PO12

	PO1	and POs PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	Х				X							
CO2		X										
CO3	Х				X							
CO4		X										

	Desi	gn and Analysis of Alg	orithms	
Course Code		22MCA15	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	4:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Explai</li><li>Apply</li></ul>	ing objectives: in various computational pr appropriate method to solve ibe various methods of algo	e a given problem.		ċ
Introduction:	What is an Algorithm? (	(T2:1.1), Algorithm Specification	on (T2:1.2), Analysis Fran	nework (T1:2.1)
Recursive and (Littleoh with	recursive Algorithms≠), As Examples (T1:2.2, 2.3, 2 binatorial Problems. Funda	6	ation (O), Omega notation (S Sorting, Searching, String p	2), Theta notatio rocessing, Grap
Process	3. Laboratory Demonstrati	•		
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Module-2		
Transform and Teaching- Learning Process	Conquer Approach: Heaps 1. Chalk & board, Act 2. Laboratory Demons	Module-3	1, L2, L3 ased Learning.	
4.3, 4.5). Mini	mum cost spanning trees: I	aange Problem, Knapsack Problen Prim <sup>w</sup> s Algorithm, Kruskal <sup>w</sup> s Alg nal Tree problem: Huffman Trees	gorithm (T1:9.1, 9.2). Single	source shortest
Teaching- Learning Process	<ol> <li>Chalk &amp; board, Active</li> <li>Laboratory Demonstrati</li> </ol>	Learning, MOOC, Problem based on.	d Learning.	
		Module-4		
Warshall"s Alg	gorithm, All Pairs Shortest 8.4), Bellman-Ford Algori L1, L2, L3	od with Examples, Multistage Paths: Floyd's Algorithm, Optin thm (T2:5.4), Travelling Sales Active Learning, MOOC, Problem nonstration.	mal Binary Search Trees, K Person problem (T2:5.9), R	napsack problem
	l	Module-5		
coloring (T2:7, problem (T1:1 Programme an Randomizing of Carlo Algorith (T3:24.1, 24.2,	4), Hamiltonian cycles (T2 2.2), 0/1 Knapsack problend Bound solution (T2:8 deterministic Algorithms: ms: A Montecarlo algori	N-Queens problem (T1:12.1), 2:7.5). Programme and Bound: A em (T2:8.2, T1:12.2): LC Prog 3.2). Probabilistic and Random Randomizing Probelinsrch quict thm for testing polynomial qua IP-Hard problems: Basic concep RBT: L1, L2, L3	Assignment Problem, Travell gramme and Bound solution nized Algorithms: Probabil ksort, MonteCarlo Algorithr ality, Introduction to Las v	ling Sales Person n (T2:8.2), FIFC istic Algorithm n, Biased Mont regas Algorithm

1. Chalk & board, Active Learning, MOOC, Problem based learning.
2. Laboratory Demonstration.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### **Text Books:**

Teaching-Learning Process

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, Anany Levitin: 2nd Edition, 2009. Pearson.
- 2. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.
- 3. Algorithms, Kenneth A Berman and Jerome L Paul, Cengage Learning India Pvt Ltd, 2002 edition.

# **Reference books:**

1. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.

2. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS43.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/
- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/FEP/ADA.html
- http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/
- http://openclassroom.stanford.edu/MainFolder/CoursePage.php?course=IntroToAlgorit hms

# **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

l. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Le</b>		
01	Describe the basic algorithm design strategies and use them for devising new solutions to various problems	L2		
CO2	Analyse algorithms for time/space complexity	L2		
CO3	Differentiate between deterministic and probabilistic algorithms and use the probabilistic algorithms in appropriate scenarios	L1		
	Outcome of this course			
Sl. No.	Description	POs		
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.	PO1		
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	PO2		
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	PO3		
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.			
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5		
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.	PO6		
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	PO7		
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.	PO8		
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	PO9		
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	PO10		
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	PO11		
12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	PO12		

Mappir	Mapping of COS and POs											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	X		X									
CO2		X		X								
CO3	Х				X							
			•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•

Course		ctures with Algorithms 22MCAL16	CIE Marks	50				
	ng Hours/Week (L:P: SDA)	0:3:0	SEE Marks	50				
Credits	8	2	Exam Hours	03				
	e objectives:	<i>L</i>	LXani Hours	05				
•	Evaluate the Expressions like post	fix prefix conversions						
•	Implementing various data structur		ists Trees and Graphs					
	impromonting futious data strateta	_	isto, frees and Grapho.					
Sl.NO		Experiments						
1	Implement a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression.							
2	Design, develop, and execute a pr	ogram in C to evaluate a valid po	ostfix expression using stack	. Assume that the				
	postfix expression is read as a single line consisting of non-negative single digit operands and binary arithmeti							
	operators. The arithmetic operator	rs are + (add), - (subtract), * (mult	tiply) and / (divide).					
3	Design, develop, and execute a program in C to simulate the working of a queue of integers using an array.							
	Provide the following operations: a. Insert b. Delete c. Display							
4	Write a C program to simulate the working of a singly linked list providing the following operations: a. Di							
	& Insert b. Delete from the beginning/end c. Delete a given element							
5	Write a C program to Implement th	he following searching techniques	s a. Linear Search b. Binary	Search.				
6	Write a C program to implement t	he following sorting algorithms u	using user defined functions:	a. Bubble sort				
	(Ascending order) b. Selection so		U U					
7	Find Minimum Cost Spanning Tre	e of a given undirected graph usin	ng Kruskal's algorithm ( C pr	ogramming)				
8	From a given vertex in a weighted connected graph, find shortest paths to other vertices Using Dijkstra's							
	algorithm (C programming)							
		emonstration Experiments ( Fo	or CIE ) if any					
9	Using circular representation for a			ccept two				
	polynomials, add them, and then		1 0 I I	I. I.				
10	Design, develop, and execute a pr	ogram in C to evaluate a valid pos	atfix expression using stack	Assume that the				
10	postfix expression is read as a sing	-						
	operators. The arithmetic operator			nur y urrenneere				
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):							
	end of the course the student will b	be able to:						
•	Implement the techniques for eval	uating the given expression.						
•	Implement sorting / searching tech	iniques, and validate input/output	for the given problem.					
•	Implement data structures (namely	Stacks, Queues, Circular Queues	s, Linked Lists, and Trees), it	s operations and				
	algorithms.		. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	-				
•	Implement the algorithm to find w	hether the given graph is connected	ed or not and conclude on the	e performance of				
		2 2 1		-				

the technique implemented.

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly

by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

50 03 ts performand size, vary the ng. I, and loss at the centre
ts performand size, vary the ng.
size, vary the ng.
size, vary the ng.
size, vary the ng.
ng.
ng.
ng.
l, and loss at the centre
at the centre
at the centre
Node n1 is ion time is 10
ts drop
d analyze the

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.

Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly

by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Course Code		earch Methodology an 22RMI18	CIE Marks	50
	Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of P		2.0.0	Total Marks	100
Credits		02	Exam Hours	03
Course Learnin	g objectives:			
		n methodology and explain the te	echnique of defining a reseau	rch problem
-	ain the functions of the liter			1
-		search, its review, developing th	neoretical and conceptual fra	meworks and
	a review.			
	ain various research designs	and their characteristics		C
		lesigns, measurement and scalin	a techniques and also differ	ent methods of
	lections.	iesigns, measurement and seam	g teeninques and also affer	ent methods of
		of hypotheses and Chi-square te	oct	
-	_	and the art of writing research re		
-	•	•		
-	ain various forms of the inte	ellectual property, its relevance a	and business impact in the cr	nanging global
• To disc	uss leading International Ins	truments concerning Intellectua	l Property Rights.	
D 1144	11 7.1.1.57	Module-1		1 5
		ning of Research, Objectives of		
		ance of Research, Research M		-
		How Research is Done, Resea	rch Process, Criteria of Goo	od Research, and
	intered by Researchers in In			
0	Chalk and talk method / Po	werPoint Presentation		
Learning Process				
riocess				
		Module-2		
-		h Problem, Selecting the Pro	-	-
-	-	n, An Illustration. Reviewing th		
-		research problem, Improving re		
		l findings, How to review the	_	-
-		ing a theoretical framework, D	eveloping a conceptual frai	mework, Writing
about the literat	ure reviewed.			
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-3		
-		Design, Need for Research Des	•	•
-		Different Research Designs,		-
Important Expe		f Sample Surveys: Introduction,		and Non-
	, Sample Survey versus Cer	nsus Survey, Types of Sampling	Designs.	
	Chalk and talk method / Po	werPoint Presentation		
Teaching-				
Teaching- Learning				
Teaching-	·			
Teaching- Learning	,	Module-4		
Teaching- Learning Process	: Experimental and Surve	<b>Module-4</b> ys, Collection of Primary Data	, Collection of 02.03.2021	updated 17/ 104
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection				-
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection Secondary Data	, Selection of Appropriate	ys, Collection of Primary Data	ase Study Method. Interpret	ation and Repor
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection Secondary Data Writing: Meani	, Selection of Appropriate ng of Interpretation, Techn	ys, Collection of Primary Data Method for Data Collection, Ca	ase Study Method. Interpret ion in Interpretation, Signif	tation and Repor
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection Secondary Data Writing: Meani Writing, Differ	, Selection of Appropriate ng of Interpretation, Techn	ys, Collection of Primary Data Method for Data Collection, Ca nique of Interpretation, Precauti rt, Layout. Types of Reports,	ase Study Method. Interpret ion in Interpretation, Signif	tation and Repor
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection Secondary Data Writing: Meani Writing, Differ	n, Selection of Appropriate ng of Interpretation, Techn ent Steps in Writing Repo	ys, Collection of Primary Data Method for Data Collection, Ca nique of Interpretation, Precauti rt, Layout. Types of Reports, esearch Reports.	ase Study Method. Interpret ion in Interpretation, Signif	tation and Repor
Teaching- Learning Process Data Collection Secondary Data Writing: Meani Writing, Differ Research Repor	n, Selection of Appropriate ng of Interpretation, Techn ent Steps in Writing Repo t, Precautions for Writing R	ys, Collection of Primary Data Method for Data Collection, Ca nique of Interpretation, Precauti rt, Layout. Types of Reports, esearch Reports.	ase Study Method. Interpret ion in Interpretation, Signif	tation and Repor

Intellectual Property (IP) Acts: Introduction to IP: Introduction to Intellectual Property (IP), different types of IPs and its importance in the present scenario, Patent Acts: Indian patent acts 1970.Design Act: Industrial Design act 2000. Copy right acts: Copyright Act 1957. Trade Mark Act, 1999.

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Learning	
Process	

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Text Books**

1. Research Methodology: Methods and Techniques, C.R. Kothari, Gaurav Garg New Age International 4th Edition, 2018.

2. Research Methodology a step-by- step guide for beginners. (For the topic Reviewing the literature under module 2)

- Ranjit Kumar SAGE Publications Ltd 3rd Edition, 2011 Study Material.
- 3. Intelectual property, Debirag E. Bouchoux, Cengage learning, 2013.

#### **References Books**

- 1. Research Methods: the concise knowledge base Trochim, Atomic Dog Publishing, 2005.
- 2. Conducting Research Literature Reviews: From the Internet to Paper Fink A Sage Publications, 2009.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Identify the suitable research methods and articulate the research steps in a proper	L2
	sequence for the given problem.	
CO2	Explain the functions of the literature review in research, carrying out a literature search,	L2
	developing theoretical and conceptual frameworks and writing a review.	
CO3	Explain various research designs, sampling designs, measurement and scaling techniques.	L2
CO4	Perform the data collection from various sources segregate the primary and secondary	L3
	data.	
CO5	Apply some concepts/section of Copy Right Act /Patent Act /Cyber Law/ Trademark to	L3
	the given case and develop –conclusions	

Sl. No.		ne of this o			Des	scription					PO	S
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.											
2	engine	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.										
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.							te				
4	metho		ng design	of expe	riments, a	analysis a				nd researc d synthesi		
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations						l PO5					
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.											
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.											
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.						d PO8					
9		dual and to erse teams					individua	al, and as	a memb	er or leade	er PO9	
10	engine write (	ering con	nmunity a reports ar	and with nd design	society a	t large, s	ich as, be	eing able	to comp	es with th rehend an s, and giv	d	)
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.											
12		ong learnin ependent a								y to engag ange.	e PO12	2
Janning	of COS	and POs										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO1
CO1	X	X										
CO2 CO3	X	¥7	X	<b>¥</b> 7								
CO3 CO4		X X		X	X							
CO5			X		+		+				ł	L

	Basics of Programming &		
Course Code	22MCA110	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SD	PA) 2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	20	Total Marks	100
Credits	-	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>To understand the desi</li><li>To identify the element</li></ul>	cture, function and characteristics of compute ign of the various functional units and compo- its of modern instructions sets and their impac n of each element of a memory hierarchy	nents of computers.	
• To explain the function	Module-1		
Decision making with if state ladder, the switch statement, th statement, the dowhile sta programming examples. One of writing and manipulation of at <b>Teaching-</b> Chalk and talk	aking, control structures and arrays C Structures, simple if statement, the ifelse statement, the ?: operator, the goto statement, the break statement, the for statement, nested loops, dimensional and two dimensional arrays, decover types of arrays.	ent, nesting of ifelse state tatement, programming exa jumps in loops, the cor	ments, the else.i mples. The while atinue statement
Learning Process			
110((3)	Module-2		
Teaching- Chalk and the Chalk	talk method / PowerPoint Presentation		
I	Module-3		
reference, Pointer as function returning pointers, Pointers to	ring and accessing pointers in C, Pointer ari arguments, recursion, Passing arrays to funct functions, Programming Examples.		•
Teaching- Chalk and talk Learning Process	method / PowerPoint Presentation Module-4		
Numbers, Number Base Con	tional Logic 02.03.2021 updated 24/ 104 Dig version, Octal and Hexadecimal Numbers, s and Registers, Binary Logic, Integrated Circui	subtraction using r's and r	• •
Teaching- Learning Process	method / PowerPoint Presentation		
	Module-5		
Bus structure, Software, Perfo	Hardware and Software Computer Types, Fur- prmance, Multiprocessing and Multi compute ations, Instructions and Instruction Sequencing	rs, Machine Instruction: M	emory Locations
Learning Process	method / PowerPoint Presentation		
passing mark for the CIE is 50 <sup>o</sup>	<b>C and SEE)</b> Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Sem % of the maximum marks. Minimum passing eemed to have satisfied the academic require	marks in SEE is 40% of th	e maximum mar

Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### **Text Books**

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, Balaguruswamy, 7th Edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 2. C : The Complete Reference, Herbert Schild,4th Edition, McGraw Hill Education
- 3. Let us C, YashwantKanetkar, BPB Publications
- 4. M.Morris Mano, "Digital Logic and Computer Design", Pearson, 2012.
- 5. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesicSafwatZaky, "Computer Organization", 5th edition, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2011

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level			
CO1	Demonstrate the key concepts introduced in C programming by writing and				
	executing the programs.				
CO2	Demonstrate the concepts of structures and pointers for the given application/problem.	L3			
CO3	Implement the single/multi-dimensional array for the given problem.	L3			
CO4	Demonstrate the application of logic gates in solving some societal/industrial problems.	L3			
CO5 Ar	alyse how memory organization, operations, instruction sequencing and interrupts are L3				
	useful in executing the given program.				

@#01112023

Sl. No.				Des	scription					PO	s
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.										
2	Problem analys engineering an principles of ma	d busine	ss prob	lems rea	aching su	bstantiate	ed concl				
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.						te				
4	Conduct investi methods includi of the information	ng desigr	of expe	riments, a	analysis ar						
5	Modern tool us modern enginee engineering acti	ering and	IT tool	s includi	ng predic	tion and				l PO5	
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.										
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.										
8	Ethics: Apply et norms of the eng					ssional e	thics and	responsi	bilities an	d PO8	
9	Individual and to in diverse teams					individua	al, and as	a memb	er or leade	er PO9	
10	Communication engineering con write effective and receive clea	nmunity a reports ar	and with ad desigr	society a	it large, si	ich as, be	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d	)
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.							L			
12	Life-long learni in independent a									e PO12	2
Apping	of COS and POs	;									
	PO1 PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	<b>PO9</b>	PO10	PO11	F
CO1 CO2	X			X							-
CO3		X		X							
CO4				1	1	1				1	

Database Management System							
Course Code	22MCA21	CIE Marks	50				
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50				
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100				
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03				

#### **Course Learning objectives:**

- Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
- Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.
- Design and build database applications for real world problems.

Module-1

Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications. Overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships: Entity types, Entity sets, attributes, roles, and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Examples Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

#### Module-2

Relational Model: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations. Relational Algebra: Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra. Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping. Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

Module-3

SQL: SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL. Advances Queries: More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database Application Development: Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop. Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

#### **Module-4**

Normalization: Database Design Theory – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms. Normalization Algorithms: Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-<br/>LearningChalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learningProcess

#### **Module-5**

Transaction Processing: Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL. Concurrency Control in Databases: Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control,

Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking. Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.

2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill.

# **Reference books:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan"s Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZW10Xow304I
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad 11A
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS	L2
CO2	Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.	L2
CO3	Design and build simple database systems and relate the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database	L3
CO4	Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.	L3
C05	Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.	L3

Sl. No.		ome of this course Description									POs	3
1	fundar	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering PO fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.										
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.											
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.											
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.											
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations										PO5	
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.										PO6	
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.											
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.										1 PO8	
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.										r PO9	
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.										d	
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.											
12		ong learnir ependent a									PO12	,
<b>lapping</b>		and POs	DCA	DC 1	DOF	DOX	DOT	DOG	DOG	DO10	DOI1	
CO1	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	
CO1 CO2	X	X	X		X							┝
CO3	X		X									ſ
CO4	X			X								ſ
CO5												Ļ

<b>Object Oriented Programming Using Java</b>						
Course Code	22MCA22	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			

### **Course Learning objectives:**

- Understand the basic object oriented programming concepts and apply them in problem solving.
- Use object oriented programming concepts to solve real world problems.
- Explain the concept of class and objects with access control to represent real world entities.
- Demonstrate the behavior of programs involving the basic programming constructs like control structures, constructors, string handling and garbage collection.
- Use overloading methodology on methods and constructors to develop application programs.
- Demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords.
- Describe the concept of interface and abstract classes to define generic classes.
- Use dynamic and static polymorphism to process objects depending on their class Understand the basics of java console and GUI based programming.

### Module-1

OOPS CONCEPTS AND JAVA PROGRAMMING: OOP concepts: Classes and objects, data abstraction, encapsulation, inheritance, benefits of inheritance, polymorphism, procedural and object oriented programming paradigm. Java programming: History of java, comments data types, variables, constants, scope and life time of variables, operators, operator hierarchy, expressions, type conversion and casting, enumerated types, control flow statements, jump statements, simple java stand alone programs, arrays, console input and output, formatting output, constructors ,methods, parameter passing, static fields and methods, access control, this reference, overloading methods and constructors, recursion, garbage collection, exploring string class.

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-2
keyword, prev	NHERITANCE: Inheritance: Inheritance hierarchies, super and subclasses, member access rules, super enting inheritance: final classes and methods, the object class and its methods; Polymorphism: dynamic od overriding, abstract classes and methods;
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning Process	
	Module-3
accessing impl	S AND PACKAGES: Interface: Interfaces VS Abstract classes, defining an interface, implement interfaces, ementations through interface references, extending interface; Packages: Defining, creating and accessing a standing CLASSPATH, importing packages.
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
exception hier	HANDLING: Exception Handling: Benefits of exception handling, the classification of exceptions, archy, checked exceptions and unchecked exceptions, usage of try, catch, throw, throws and finally, eptions, exception specification, built in exceptions, creating own exception sub classes.
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning Process	
	Module-5
<b>GUI PROGRA</b>	MMING AND APPLETS: GUI Programming with Java: The AWT class hierarchy, introduction to swing,
swings Vs AW	T, hierarchy for swing components.Containers: JFrame, JApplet, JDialog, Jpanel, overview of some swing
componente. I	Rutton II ahal ITavtField ITavtArea cimple applications Lavout management. Lavout manager types

border, grid and flow. Applets: Inheritance hierarchy for applets, differences between applets and applications, life cycle of an applet, passing parameters to applets.

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Herbert Schildt and Dale Skrien, "Java Fundamentals – A comprehensive Introduction", McGraw Hill, 1st Edition, 2013.

2. Herbert Schildt, "Java the complete reference", McGraw Hill, Osborne, 7th Edition, 2011.

3. T.Budd, "Understanding Object- Oriented Programming with Java", Pearson Education, Updated Edition (New Java 2 Coverage), 1999.

## **Reference books:**

1. P.J.Dietel and H.M.Dietel, "Java How to program", Prentice Hall, 6th Edition, 2005.

2. P.Radha Krishna, "Object Oriented programming through Java", CRC Press, 1 st Edition, 2007.

3. S.Malhotra and S. Choudhary, "Programming in Java", Oxford University Press, 2nd Edition, 2014 .

### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://java.sun.com

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/index.html)

http://java.sun.com/javase

http://www.oracle.com/technetwork/java/javase/overview/index.html

http://download.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/index.html

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Use object oriented programming concepts to solve real world problems.	L1
CO2	Explain the concept of class and objects with access control to represent real world entities	L1
CO3	Describe the concept of interface and abstract classes to define generic classes.	L2
CO4	Demonstrate the implementation of inheritance (multilevel, hierarchical and multiple) by using extend and implement keywords.	L2
CO5	Demonstrate the user defined exceptions by exception handling keywords (try, catch, throw, throws and finally)	L2
CO6	Understand the process of graphical user interface design and implementation using AWT or swings.	L2
CO7	Use different layouts (Flow Layout, Boarder Layout, Grid Layout, Card Layout) to position the controls for developing graphical user interface.	L2
		·

Sl. No.					Des	cription					POs	5
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.											
2	engine	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.										
3	design consid	n system o	componei	nts or pro	ocesses t	hat meet	the speci	ified nee	ds with a	oblems and appropriate ironmental		
4	metho		ng desigr	n of expen	riments, a	analysis a				nd research d synthesis		
5	engine		d IT too	ls includ	ing pred	liction an				and modern engineering		
6	The er societ	ngineer an	d society safety, le	: Apply re gal and c	easoning ultural is	informed sues and t	he consec			ge to assess ies relevant		
7	Enviro solutio	onment ar	nd sustair iness soc	hability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	pact of			engineering knowledge		
8		s: Apply et s of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsib	oilities and	PO8	
9		dual and to erse teams					individua	l, and as	a membe	r or leader	PO9	
10	engine write	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.								L	1	
11	engine	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.										
12		ong learni ependent a								to engage nge.	PO12	,
apping	of COS PO1	and POs PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	P
CO1	x	102	x	104	103	100	10/	100	109	1010	1011	1
CO1	А	X	A		X	1						
CO3			x		X							1
CO4		X	1	x		1		1				
CO5	X						X					
CO6		X			x							L
CO7			1									

		Software Engineering	D	
Course Code		22MCA23	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	4:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>Outline</li> <li>Identif</li> <li>Explair</li> <li>Descrif</li> <li>require</li> <li>Differe</li> <li>Discuss</li> </ul>	y ethical and professional is n the fundamentals of object be the process of requirements ements validation. entiate system models, use the s the distinctions between we professional Software Deve	ciples and activities involved in bui ssues and explain why they are of c et oriented concepts. ents gathering, requirements classif UML diagrams and apply design pa validation testing and defect testing. <b>Module-1</b> lopment Attributes of good software e studies. Software Process and As	oncern to software engineer fication, requirements speci tterns.	rs. fication and ersity, IEEE/AC
models: waterf Process. Teaching- Learning	fall, incremental developme	Learning, Problem based learning		
Process		Module-2		
Requirement Teaching- Learning Process		Requirements engineering proce		
		Module-3		
modelling his concepts; Link models; Pract	tory, modelling as desig and associations concep ical tips. Advanced objec Multiple inheritance; Me	development? OO themes; Evide in Technique: Modelling; abstra ts; Generalization and inheritance ts and class concepts; Associatio tadata; Reification; Constraints; E Learning, Problem based learning	ction; the three models. e; A sample class model; N ns ends; N-array associat	Object and cla avigation of cla ion; Aggregatio
		Module-4		
engineering D	esign and Implementation patterns. Implementation	eraction models. Structural m n: Introduction to RUP, Design F issues. Open source development Learning, Problem based learning	Principles. Object-oriented	
Learning Process	Chark and board, Active			
	lution: Evolution proces	<b>Module-5</b> , Test-driven development, Rele ses. Program evolution dynami		
Teaching- Learning Process		earning, Problem based learning		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- **2.** Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### **Text Books:**

1. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.

2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,2005.

## **Reference books:**

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India.
- 3. Stephan R. Schach, "Object oriented software engineering", Tata McGrawHill, 2008
- 4. Craig Larman, Applying UML and Patterns, 3rd ed, Pearson Education, 2005.

## Skill Development Activities Suggested

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Design a software system, component or process to meet desired needs within realistic constraints	L2
CO2	Assess professional and ethical responsibility	L1
CO3	Function on multi-disciplinary teams	L1
CO4	Use the techniques, skills, and modern engineering tools necessary for engineering practice	L2
CO5	Analyze, design, implement, verify, validate, implement, apply, and maintain software systems or parts of software systems	L4

Sl. No.	Outcome of this			Des	scription					PO	s
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.										
2	Problem analysengineering and principles of material sectors.	nd busine	ess prob	lems rea	aching su	ıbstantiat	ed conc				Ċ
3	Design/develop design system consideration for considerations.	componen	nts or pr	ocesses	that meet	the spec	ified nee	ds with	appropriat	te	5
4	Conduct invest methods includ of the informati	ing desigr	n of expe	riments, a	analysis a						
5	Modern tool us modern engine engineering act	ering and	IT tool	s includi	ng predic	tion and				PO5	
6	The engineer a assess societal, relevant to the p	and societ health, sa	y: Appl fety, leg	y reasoni al and cu	ng inforn ltural issu	ned by thes and the	e consequ		0		
7	Environment a solutions in bus of, and need for	nd sustair siness soc	nability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	pact of	the profe				
8	Ethics: Apply e norms of the en					ssional e	thics and	responsi	bilities and	d PO8	
9	Individual and in diverse team					individu	al, and as	a memb	er or leade	r PO9	
10	Communication engineering con- write effective and receive clea	mmunity a reports a	and with nd design	society a	at large, si	ich as, b	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d	)
11	Project manag engineering, bu member and lea	siness and	l manage	ement pri	nciples an	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s owr	n work, as		I
12	Life-long learni in independent	and life-lo						•		e PO12	2
	of COS and POs PO1 PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1		X	101	100	100	10,	100		1010		101
CO2		¥7					X		•		
CO3 CO4		X		X					X		
CO4	X	+									

		Web Technologies		
Course Code		22MCA24	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of		40 hours Theory + 10 hours Lab	Total Marks	100
Credits	6.61	04	Exam Hours	03
Course objecti				
	ng the small web page using	-		
• Use di	fferent tags of html to creat	e web page.		
• Use of	f CSS and JavaScript.			
• Devel	oping the dynamic documer	t using JavaScript.		C
		MODULE-1		
		, HTTP Introduction to XHTML5 tags,	•	cture, text
		edia tags-audio and video ,forms, frame	s.	
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / P	owerPoint Presentation		
Learning				J
Process				
		MODULE-2		
Introduction t	o CSS, Levels of CSS, Se	electors, Font, color and Text Propert	ies, BOX Model, Spa	an and Div tags.
Introduction t	to Javascript, controls sta	tements, Arrays and functions, patter	rn matching, Element	t Access, Event
Handling.		A		
0				
_			Y	
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation		
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation		
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk method	5		
Teaching- Learning Process		MODULE-3		
Teaching- Learning Process	D Bootstrap, First example,	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors,	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars,	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, alo	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process	D Bootstrap, First example,	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching-	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, alo	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, alo	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, alo	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.	tables, images, buttons	, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process	o Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4 events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching-	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4 events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4 events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Learning	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4 events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,		, button groups,
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Process	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P JQuery, Syntax, selectors, Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3         containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE-4         events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE 5	JQuery CSS.	
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P D JQuery, Syntax, selectors, Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3 containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System. owerPoint Presentation MODULE-4 events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects, owerPoint Presentation	JQuery CSS.	
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Validations, E	<ul> <li>D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ale</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> <li>D JQuery, Syntax, selectors,</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> </ul>	MODULE-3         containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE-4         events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE 5         Expressions, Directives, Controllers, Figure 2010	JQuery CSS.	
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Validations, E Teaching-	D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ald Chalk and talk method / P D JQuery, Syntax, selectors, Chalk and talk method / P	MODULE-3         containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE-4         events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE 5         Expressions, Directives, Controllers, Figure 2010	JQuery CSS.	
Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to progress bars, Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Teaching- Learning Process Introduction to Validations, E	<ul> <li>D Bootstrap, First example, Forms, utilities, Classes, ale</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> <li>D JQuery, Syntax, selectors,</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> <li>Chalk and talk method / P</li> </ul>	MODULE-3         containers, Bootstrap elements: colors, erts, custom forms, Grid System.         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE-4         events, JQuery HTML, JQuery Effects,         owerPoint Presentation         MODULE 5         Expressions, Directives, Controllers, Figure 2010	JQuery CSS.	

# PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (May cover all / major modules)

SI. NO	Experiments
1	Create an XHTML page that provides information about your department. Your XHTML page must use the following tags: a) Text Formatting tags b) Horizontal rule c) Meta element d) Links e) Images f) Tables (Use of additional tags encouraged).
2	Develop and demonstrate the usage of inline, external and internal style sheet using CSS. Use XHTML page that contains at least three paragraphs of text, listed elements and a table with four rows and four

	columns.
3	Develop and demonstrate a XHTML file that includes Javascript script for the following problems: a) Input : A number n obtained using prompt Output : The first n Fibonacci numbers b) Input : A number n obtained using prompt Output : A table of numbers from 1 to n and their squares using alert
4	Develop, test and validate an XHTML document that has checkboxes for apple (59 cents each), orange (49 cents each), and banana (39 cents each) along with submit button. Each check boxes should have its own onclick event handler. These handlers must add the cost of their fruit to a total cost. An event handler for the submit button must produce an alert window with the message "your total cost is \$xxx", where xxx is the total cost of the chose fruit, including 5 percent sales tax. This handler must return "false" (to avoid actual submission of the form data). Modify the document to accept quantity for each item using textboxes.
5	Develop and demonstrate a HTML file which includes JavaScript that uses functions for the following problems: a. Parameter: A string Output: The position in the string of the left-most vowel. b. Parameter: A number Output: The number with its digits in the reverse order.
6	Develop and demonstrate, using JavaScript script, a XHTML document that contains three short paragraphs of text, stacked on top of each other, with only enough of each showing so that the mouse cursor can be placed over some part of them. When the cursor is placed over the exposed part of any paragraph, it should rise to the top to become completely visible. Modify the above document so that when a text is moved from the top stacking position, it returns to its original position rather than to the bottom
	ment Details (both CIE and SEE)
	eightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
	um passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the
maxim	um marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits
allotted	to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the
CIE (C	ontinuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together
CIE fo	r the theory component of IPCC
2. T 3. T m	wo Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b> wo assignments each of <b>10 Marks/One Skill Development Activity of 20 marks</b> otal Marks of two tests and two assignments/one Skill Development Activity added will be CIE for 60 marks, marks scored will be proportionally scaled down to <b>30 marks</b> . <b>r the practical component of IPCC</b>
•	On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated and marks shall be awarded on the same day. The <b>15 marks</b> are for conducting the experiment and preparation of t laboratory record, the other <b>05 marks shall be for the test</b> conducted at the end of the semester. The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments" write ups are added and scaled down to 15 marks.
•	The laboratory test at the end /after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks an scaled down to 05 marks.
Scaled for 20	-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC <b>marks</b> .
Theory course	<b>Pr IPCC</b> SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the (duration 03 hours) he question paper will be set for 100 marks and marks scored will be scaled down proportionately to 50 marks.

- 2. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 3. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 4. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper shall include questions from the practical component).

- The minimum marks to be secured in CIE to appear for SEE shall be the 15 (50% of maximum marks-30) in the theory component and 10 (50% of maximum marks -20) in the practical component. The laboratory component of the IPCC shall be for CIE only. However, in SEE, the questions from the laboratory component shall be included. The maximum of 04/05 questions to be set from the practical component of IPCC, the total marks of all questions should not be more than the 20 marks.
- SEE will be conducted for 100 marks and students shall secure 40% of the maximum marks to qualify in the SEE. Marks secured will be scaled down to 50. (Student has to secure an aggregate of 50% of maximum marks of the course(CIE+SEE)

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### **Text Books**

- 1. Web Programming By Chris Bates, Wiley Publications
- 2. HTML5 Black Book by Dreamtech
- 3. Angular JS By Krishna Rungta
- 4. Bootstrap essentials by Snig by Packt-open source

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up activities which will enhance their activity based learning like Quizzes, Assignments and Seminars.

### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Apply the features JQuery for the given web based problem	L2
CO2	Demonstrate the development of XHTML documents using JavaScript and CSS.	L2
CO3	Illustrate the use of CGI and Perl programs for different types of server side applications.	L3
CO4	Design and implement user interactive dynamic web based applications.	L3
CO5	Demonstrate applications of Angular JS and JQuery for the given problem.	L2
CO6	Apply the concept and usages web based programming techniques.	L2
CO7	Learning and Developing XHTML documents using JavaScript and CSS.	L3

Sl. No.	Description	POs
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.	PO1
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.	PO2
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.	PO3
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.	PO4
5	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations	PO5
6	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.	PO6
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.	PO7
8	Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.	PO8
9	Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.	PO9
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.	PO10
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	PO11
12	Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.	PO12

	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	X			X								
CO2		X				X						
CO3	X		X									
CO4		X			X							
CO5	X		X									
CO6	X		X									
<b>CO7</b>		Х				Х						

	Com	puter Graphics with C	)pen GL			
Course Code		22MCA251	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03		
Expla     Illustr     Desig     Demo     Infer	ate interactive computer gra n and implementation of alg nstrate Geometric transform	porithms for 2D graphics Primitive nations, viewing on both 2D and 3 surfaces, Color and Illumination <b>Module-1</b>	BD objects.	39		
Scan and Raste Display proces graphics softw coordinate refe curve attribute	er Scan displays, color CRT sor, graphics workstations are. OpenGL: Introduction rence frames in OpenGL, O s, OpenGL point attribute	graphics, Application of Comput monitors, Flat panel displays. Ra and viewing systems, Input device to OpenGL ,coordinate referen OpenGL point functions, OpenGI functions, OpenGL line attribut s(Bresenham"s). Text-1:Chapter	aster-scan systems: video c es, graphics networks, grap ice frames, specifying two line functions, point attril ite functions, Line drawin	ontroller, raster scan bhics on the internet, o-dimensional world butes, line attributes, ng algorithms(DDA,		
Process		Module-2				
Fill area Primit	ives, 2D Geometric Transfe	ormations and 2D viewing:				
fill algorithm, of matrix represent transformations transformations	OpenGL fill-area attribute f ntations and homogeneous s, raster methods for geo	penGL polygon fill area function functions. 2DGeometric Transfor coordinates. Inverse transformations, OpenG ometric transformations, OpenG O viewing pipeline, OpenGL 2D	mations: Basic 2D Geomet tions, 2DComposite transf L raster transformations,	ric Transformations, ormations, other 2D OpenGL geometric		
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation				
Learning Process						
		Module-3				
Clipping,3D Ge	eometric Transformations,	Color and Illumination Models:				
clipping algori clipping algori other 3D transf of light, color	Clipping: clipping window, normalization and viewport transformations, clipping algorithms,2D point clipping, 2D line clipping algorithms: cohen-sutherland line clipping only -polygon fill area clipping: Sutherland-Hodgeman polygon clipping algorithm only.3DGeometric Transformations: 3D translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, affine transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions. Color Models: Properties of light, color models, RGB and CMY color models. Illumination Models: Light sources, basic illumination models-Ambient light, diffuse reflection, specular and phong model, Corresponding openGL functions.					
Text-1. Chapter	••6-2 to 6-08 (Excluding 6_4	4),5-9 to 5-17(Excluding 5-15),12	- 1 12-2 12-4 12-6 10-1 10	_3		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / P	_	- 1,12-2,12-4,12-0,10-1,10	- <u>-</u>		
	•					

### **3D Viewing and Visible Surface Detection:**

3DViewing:3D viewing concepts, 3D viewing pipeline, 3D viewing coordinate parameters, Transformation fromworld to viewing coordinates, Projection transformation, orthogonal projections, perspective projections, The viewport transformation and 3D screen coordinates. OpenGL 3D viewing functions. Visible Surface Detection Methods: Classification of visible surface Detection algorithms, back face detection, depth buffer method and OpenGL visibility detection functions.

Text-1:Chapter	: 7-1 to 7-10(Excluding 7-7), 9-1 to 9-3, 9-14	
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Learning Process		G
	Module-5	
<b>T</b> (0, 1, 1)		

### Input& interaction, Curves and Computer Animation:

Input and Interaction: Input devices, clients and servers, Display Lists, Display Lists and Modelling, Programming Event Driven Input, Menus Picking, Building Interactive Models, Animating Interactive programs, Design of Interactive programs, Logic operations .Curved surfaces, quadric surfaces, OpenGL Quadric-Surface and Cubic-Surface Functions, Bezier Spline Curves, Bezier surfaces, OpenGL curve functions. Corresponding openGL functions.

Text-1:Chapter :8-3 to 8-6 (Excluding 8-5),8-9,8-10,8-11,3-8,8-18,13-11,3-2,13-3,13-4,13-10

Text-2: Chapter 3: 3-1 to 3.11: Input& interaction

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Learning		
Process		
_		

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Donald Hearn & Pauline Baker: Computer Graphics with OpenGL Version, 3rd/ 4thEdition, Pearson Education, 2011

2. Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008

### **Reference books:**

- 1. James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: pearson education
- 2. Xiang, Plastock : Computer Graphics , sham's outline series, 2nd edition, TMG.
- 3. Kelvin Sung, Peter Shirley, steven Baer : Interactive Computer Graphics, concepts and applications, Cengage Learning

4. M MRaiker, Computer Graphics using OpenGL, Filip learning/Elsevier

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Design and implement algorithms for 2D graphics primitives and attributes.	L3
CO2	Illustrate Geometric transformations on both 2D and 3D objects.	L2
CO3 Un	lerstand the concepts of clipping and visible surface detection in 2D and 3D viewing, L1 and Illumination Models.	
CO4	Discuss about suitable hardware and software for developing graphics packages using OpenGL.	L2

Sl. No.		e of this c			Des	cription					POs
	funda	eering kn mentals, a eering and	nd comp	outer scie	ence and						
2	engine	em analysteering and ples of ma	d busine	ess prob	lems rea	aching su	bstantiat	ed conc			
3	design consid	n/developn system c leration fo lerations.	componei	nts or pr	ocesses t	hat meet	the spec	ified nee	ds with	appropriat	e
4	metho	ict investig ds includi informatic	ng desigr	n of expen	riments, a	analysis ar					
5	moder	rn tool usa n enginee eering activ	ring and	IT tools	s includi	ng predict	ion and				PO5
6	The er assess	ngineer and societal, l nt to the pr	d society nealth, sa	: Apply r fety, lega	easoning al and cul	informed tural issue	by the co es and the	e consequ			PO6
7	Enviro solutio	onment an ons in busi d need for	d sustair ness soc	nability: ietal and	Understa: environn	nd the im	pact of	the profe			
8	Ethics norms	: Apply et of the eng	hical pring	nciples and and busing	id commi ness prac	t to profestices.	ssional et	hics and	responsil	oilities and	PO8
9		dual and te erse teams					individua	l, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9
10	engine write	nunication eering com effective r ceive clear	nmunity a reports an	and with nd design	society a	t large, su	ich as, b	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d
11	engine	et manage eering, bus er and lead	iness and	l manage	ment prii	nciples an	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s owr	work, as	
12		ong learnir ependent a	· ·				1 1		•	00	PO12
anning	of COS	and POs									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1		X			X						
		X X	X	X	X	X					

Data Mining and Business Intelligence					
Course Code	22MCA252	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		

- To introduce the concept of data Mining as an important tool for enterprise data management and as a cutting edge technology for building competitive advantage.
- To enable students to effectively identify sources of data and process it for data mining.
- To impart skills that can enable students to approach business problems analytically by identifying opportunities to derive business value from data.
- Learning how to gather and analyse large sets of data to gain useful business understanding.

### Module-1

Overview and concepts Data Warehousing and Business Intelligence: Why reporting and Analysing data, Raw data to valuable information-Lifecycle of Data - What is Business Intelligence - BI and DW in today"s perspective - What is data warehousing - The building Blocks: Defining Features - Data warehouses and data 1marts - Overview of the components - Metadata in the data warehouse - Need for data warehousing - Basic elements of data warehousing - trends in data warehousing. The Architecture of BI and DW BI and DW architectures and its types - Relation between BI and DW - OLAP (Online analytical processing) definitions - Difference between OLAP and OLTP - Dimensional analysis - What are cubes? Drill-down and roll-up - slice and dice or rotation - OLAP models - ROLAP versus MOLAP - defining schemas: Stars, snowflakes and fact constellations.

Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Process	

## Module-2

Introduction to data mining (DM): Motivation for Data Mining - Data Mining-Definition and Functionalities – Classification of DM Systems - DM task primitives - Integration of a Data Mining system with a Database or a Data Warehouse - Issues in DM – KDD Process Data Pre-processing:Why to pre-process data? - Data cleaning: Missing Values, Noisy Data - Data Integration and transformation - Data Reduction: Data cube aggregation, Dimensionality reduction - Data Compression - Numerosity Reduction - Data Mining Primitives - Languages and System Architectures: Task relevant data - Kind of Knowledge to be mined - Discretization and Concept Hierarchy.

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation					
Learning						
Process						
	Module-3					

Concept Description and Association Rule Mining What is concept description? - Data Generalization and summarization-based characterization - Attribute relevance - class comparisons Association Rule Mining: Market basket analysis - basic concepts - Finding frequent item sets: Apriori algorithm - generating rules – Improved Apriori algorithm – Incremental ARM – Associative Classification – Rule Mining.

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
G1 10 1	

Classification and prediction: What is classification and prediction? – Issues regarding Classification and prediction: Classification methods: Decision tree, Bayesian Classification, Rule based, CART, Neural Network Prediction methods: Linear and nonlinear regression, Logistic Regression. Introduction of tools such as DB Miner /WEKA/DTREG DM Tools.

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation				
Learning					
Process					
	Module-5				

Data Mining for Business Intelligence Applications: Data mining for business Applications like Balanced Scorecard, Fraud Detection, Click stream Mining, Market Segmentation, retail industry, telecommunications industry, banking &

finance and CRM etc., Data Analytics Life Cycle: Introduction to Big data Business Analytics - State of the practice in analytics role of data scientists Key roles for successful analytic project - Main phases of life cycle - Developing core deliverables for stakeholders.

Teaching-	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation
Learning	
Process	

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

1. J. Han, M. Kamber, "Data Mining Concepts and Techniques", Morgan Kaufmann

2. M. Kantardzic, "Data mining: Concepts, models, methods and algorithms, John Wiley & Sons Inc.

3. PaulrajPonnian, "Data Warehousing Fundamentals", John Willey.

4. M. Dunham, "Data Mining: Introductory and Advanced Topics", Pearson Education.

5. G. Shmueli, N.R. Patel, P.C. Bruce, "Data Mining for Business Intelligence: Concepts, Techniques, and Applications in Microsoft Office Excel with XLMiner", Wiley India

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

	d of the course the student will be able to :	-
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
CO1	Analyse the concept of data warehouse, Business Intelligence and OLAP.	L2
CO2	Demonstrate data pre-processing techniques and application of association rule mining Algorithms.	L2
CO3	Apply various classification algorithms and evaluation of classifiers for the given Problem.	L2
CO4	Analyse data mining for various business intelligence applications for the given problem.	L2
C05	Apply classification and regression techniques for the given problem.	L2

engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO11         2       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         pping of COS and POs       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO10       PO11         O1       x       x       x       u </th <th>SI. No.</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>Des</th> <th>scription</th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th></th> <th>POs</th> <th>5</th>	SI. No.					Des	scription					POs	5		
engineering ind busines's problems reaching substantiated conclusions' using first       principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.         Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate considerations.       PO3         Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.       PO4         Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and TT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations       PO6         The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and Dusiness practices.       PO7         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO8         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and busines; practices.       PO9         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective pre	<u> </u>	fundai	nentals, a	nd comp	outer scie	ence and						0			
design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.       PO4         Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.       PO4         Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.       PO6         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO8         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.       PO8         Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO1         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give an member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.	2	engine	ering and	d busine	ess prob	lems rea	aching su	lbstantiat	ed concl						
methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.       PO5         Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations       PO6         The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.       PO7         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO8         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.       PO9         Individual and team work: Function effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO11         Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO12         D1       PO2       PO3	3	design consid	design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental												
modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations       PO6         The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.       PO6         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO7         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.       PO8         Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO10         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO11         1       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering; business and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO12         2       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of techn	ļ	metho	methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis												
assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.       PO7         Solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO8         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.       PO8         Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO9         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO10         I       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO12         I       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         I       PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO10       PO11         I       Individual and team work: T	5	moder	n enginee	ring and	IT tools	s includi	ng predic	tion and				PO5			
solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.       PO8         Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.       PO8         Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO9         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO10         I       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and manage projects and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO12         I       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         PD1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO10       PO11         O       X       X       I       Individual and team work: X       X       Individual and team work; As a Individual and team work; As a Individual and team work; As a Indindity to engage in independent and life-long learning in	5	assess	societal, l	nealth, sa	fety, lega	al and cul	ltural issu	es and the	e consequ						
norms of the engineering and business practices.       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO9         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO10         I       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO12         I       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         Po1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO11         O1       x       x               O3       x       x	7	Enviro solutio	onment an ons in busi	d sustair iness soc	ability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	pact of	the profe						
in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.       PO10         O       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       PO10         I       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO11         2       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         Pping of COS and POs       PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO11       T         O1       x       x       x       x       x       x       x       x       x       x	3							ssional et	hics and	responsit	oilities and	PO8			
engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.       PO11         2       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         PD19         Of COS and POs         PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO11       1         O1       x       x                O3       x       x <td>)</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>individua</td> <td>l, and as</td> <td>a membe</td> <td>er or leader</td> <td>PO9</td> <td></td>	)							individua	l, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9			
engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.          2       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.       PO12         PO12         pping of COS and POs         PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO10       PO11       PO11         O1       x       x <td< td=""><td>10</td><td>engine write</td><td>ering com effective r</td><td>nmunity a reports an</td><td>and with nd design</td><td>society a</td><td>t large, si</td><td>ich as, be</td><td>eing able</td><td>to comp</td><td>rehend an</td><td>d</td><td></td></td<>	10	engine write	ering com effective r	nmunity a reports an	and with nd design	society a	t large, si	ich as, be	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d			
in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.          pping of COS and POs         PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO10       PO11       PO1         O1       x       x       x <th <="" t<="" td=""><td>11</td><td>engine</td><td>ering, bus</td><td>siness and</td><td>l manage</td><td>ment pri</td><td>nciples an</td><td>d apply t</td><td>hese to or</td><td>ne"s own</td><td>work, as</td><td></td><td></td></th>	<td>11</td> <td>engine</td> <td>ering, bus</td> <td>siness and</td> <td>l manage</td> <td>ment pri</td> <td>nciples an</td> <td>d apply t</td> <td>hese to or</td> <td>ne"s own</td> <td>work, as</td> <td></td> <td></td>	11	engine	ering, bus	siness and	l manage	ment pri	nciples an	d apply t	hese to or	ne"s own	work, as			
PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9         PO10         PO11         1           O1         x </td <td>12</td> <td></td> <td>PO12</td> <td>,</td>	12											PO12	,		
O1         x								•							
O2         x         x         x		PO1		PO3	PO4		PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO		
O3 x x	CO1 CO2		X	x	x	X									
04 x x	CO3	X			A										
05 x x x	CO4	X	X												

	E	nterprise Resource Plar	ning	
Course Code		22MCA253	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>To provide the second second</li></ul>	nology. cus on a strong emphasis up ain the students to develop t wing a multidimensional gro	forward-looking on the theory and oon practice of theory in Applicatio he basic understanding of how ER owth. technological competitive and mal	ns and Practicaloriented appr P enriches the business orga	oach. nizations in
		Module-1		
view – comp	etitive and supply chain s	ent: Supply chain – objectives – strategies – achieving strategic sportation – information – sourc owerPoint Presentation	fit - supply chain drivers	-
Process				
		Module-2		
Monitoring. Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method	1 / PowerPoint Presentation		
1100033		Module-3		
		n ERP Package, Finance, Manufac ality Management, Sales and Distri	-	ant
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / F	PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-4		
	ERP Market Place, SAP AG QAD, System Software Asso	, People Soft, Baan Company, JD pciates.	Edwards World Solutions C	ompany, Oracle
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / F	PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-5		
ERP–Present Directions in I	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e	the ERP System, EIA, ERP and	d E-Commerce, ERP and	Internet, Future
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Po	owerPoint Presentation		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Sunil Chopra and Peter Meindl, Supply Chain Management – Strategy, Planning and Operation, Pearson/PHI, 3rd Edition, 2007

2. Alexis Leon, "ERP Demystified", Tata McGraw Hill, 1999.

3. Joseph A. Brady, Ellen F. Monk, Bret J. Wangner, "Concepts in Enterprise Resource Planning", Thomson Learning, 2001.

# **Reference books:**

1. Vinod Kumar Garg and N.K. Venkata Krishnan, "Enterprise Resource Planning concepts and Planning", Prentice Hall, 1998.

2. Jose Antonio Fernandz, "The SAP R /3 Hand book", Tata McGraw Hill

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Analyse the essentials of supply chain management in ERP.	L2
CO2	Analyse the implementation of ERP in the context of business of the different	L2
	organization	
CO3	Analyse and apply ERP for different business modules for the given problem.	L2
C04	Analyse the given case study of ERP marketing.	L2
C05	Analyse the design of ERP with future E-commerce and internet.	L2

Sl. No.		e of this c			Des	scription					POs	;
1	fundar		nd comp	uter scie	ence and					engineerin of comple		
2	engine	ering an	d busine	ess prob	lems rea		ıbstantiat	ed concl		ze comple using firs		
3	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.											
4	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.											
5	moder	n enginee	ring and	IT tools	s includi	ly appropr ng predict g of the lii	tion and				PO5	
6	assess	societal, l	nealth, sa	fety, lega	al and cul	informed ltural issue l business	es and the	consequ		ge to onsibilities	PO6	
7	solutio		iness soci	etal and	environn					engineerin knowledg		
8		: Apply et of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsil	oilities and	1 PO8	
9		dual and te erse teams					individua	l, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9	
10	engine write	ering con	nmunity a reports ar	and with nd design	society a	at large, si	uch as, be	eing able	to comp	es with th rehend an s, and giv	d	
11	engine	ering, bus	siness and	l manage	ement pri		d apply t	nese to or	ne"s owr	ing of th work, as nments.		
12						, and have broadest o				to engage ange.	PO12	
<b>Mapping</b>		and POs		<b>D</b> C :				<b></b>				
<u>CO1</u>	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	
CO1 CO2	X X		X	X	+		}			+		
CO3		X	x									
CO4	X				X							_
CO5		Х		Х								

		User Interface Design	n	
Course Code		22MCA254	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Ident</li><li>Ident</li></ul>	• •	lated to user interfaces and user inter bes of computer users and computer terface design process.	• •	ition.
		Module-1		
Universal Usa Theories.	ability, Goals for our profe	stems: Introduction, Usability Goals ession. Guideline, principles, and the	-	
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-2		
	Social Impact statement f	t methodologies: Ethnographic O or Early Design Review, Legal Issue od / PowerPoint Presentation		
1100035		Module-3		
-	•	n, Expert Reviews, Usability Testing we Use, Controlled Psychologically	•	nstruments,
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-4		
manipulation, Boxes: Introc Organization,	3D Interfaces, Tele-opera luction, Task-Related Me Fast Movement Through and Menus for Small Disp	onments: Introduction, Examples o ation, Virtual and Augmented Reali enu Organization, Single Menus, Menus, Data Entry With Menus, Fo lays PowerPoint Presentation	ty Menu Selection, Form F Combination of Multiple	illing and Dialo Menus, Conter
1100055		Module-5		
Command and	d Natural Languages Intro	duction, Command-organization fu	nctionality strategies and str	ucture. Naming
		computing. Interaction Devices: Intr		
	, i would building ougo III .			
DUVIDUS, MILLI		Displays-Small and Large	-	

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1.BenShneiderman, Plaisant, Cohen, Jacobs: Designing the User Interface, 5th Edition, Pearson, Education, 2010.

### **Reference books:**

1 Alan Dix, Janet Finalay, Gregory D AbiwdmRusselBealel: Human-Computer Interaction, III Edition, Pearson, Education, 2008.

2 Eberts: User Interface Design, Prentice Hall, 1994

3 Wilber O Galitz: The Essential Guide to User Interface Design- An Introduction to GUI Design, Principles and Techniques, Wiley-Dreamtech India Pvt Ltd, 2011

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Analyse the new technologies that provide interactive devices and interfaces.	L2
CO2	Apply the guidelines to develop the UID and evaluate for the given problem.	L2
C03 Ap	ly the development methodologies with an analysis of the social impact and legal L2	
	issues Understand Direct Manipulation and Virtual Environment	
CO4	Discuss the command, natural languages and issues in design for maintaining QoS	L1
C05 De	nonstrate techniques for information search and visualization for the given problem. L2	

Sl. No.					Des	cription					PO	5		
1	funda	eering kno mentals, a eering and	nd comp	outer scie	ence and									
2	engine	em analysi eering and ples of mat	d busine	ess prob	lems rea	aching su	ıbstantiat	ed conc						
3	desigr consid	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.												
4	metho	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.												
5	moder	rn tool usa n enginee eering activ	ring and	IT tool	s includi	ng predic	tion and				PO5			
5	assess	ngineer and societal, h nt to the pr	ealth, sa	fety, lega	and cul	tural issue	s and the	consequ			PO6			
7	Enviro solutio	onment an ons in busi d need for	d sustair ness soc	ability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	npact of	the profe						
3		: Apply et of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsit	oilities and	I PO8			
)		dual and te erse teams					individua	ll, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9			
10	engine write	nunication: eering com effective r ceive clean	munity a eports an	and with nd desigr	society a	it large, si	uch as, b	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d	)		
11	engine	et manage eering, bus er and leac	iness and	l manage	ement prin	nciples an	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s own	work, as				
12		ong learnir ependent a									PO12	;		
apping	ofCOS	and POs												
7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PC		
CO1 CO2	v	X		X			v				-			
CO2 CO3	X	X			X		X							
	X			-		X	1			+	<u> </u>			
CO4	л													

		<b>Optimization Techniqu</b>	es	
Course Code		22MCA255	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hour	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>To Cr select</li> <li>Opera mathe</li> <li>The p</li> <li>The s mode</li> </ul>	ion of the optimal design an ation research models using of ematics (minimization and M roblem formulation by using tochastic models for discrete ls for the production decisio	Aximization techniques based upon faximization of objective function) glinear, dynamic programming, gar e and continuous variables to contro n making. Module-1 ATION: Development, definition, of linear programming, problem form method, big-M method.	the fundamentals of engin the fundamentals of engin the theory and queuing mod ol inventory and simulation characteristics and phases,	eering lels. of manufacturing types of operation
Process				
	I	Module-2		
assignment pro Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation		
	·	Module-3		
n jobs through Replacement of fail completely <b>Teaching</b> - <b>Learning</b>	three machines, job shop	Sequencing: Introduction, flow, sh sequencing, and two jobs through time, when money value is not co owerPoint Presentation	n "m" machines. Replacer	nent: Introduction
Process				
		Module-4		
saddle points Inventory: Intr	and without saddle points, oduction, Single item, Dete	RY: Theory Of Games: Introduct 2×2 games, dominance principle, rministic models, Purchase invento may be discrete variable or contin owerPoint Presentation	m X 2 & 2 X n games, bry models with one price	Graphical method break and multiple
Learning Process				
	NEG DVNIANIC PROCE	Module-5		dan Terri 1
Single Channel, Multichannel, Introduction, ' problem, linea	el, Poisson arrivals and exp Poisson arrivals and exp Terminology, Bellman"s Pr r programming problem. Sir	AMMIMG AND SIMULATION: ponential service times with infin ponential service times with in inciple of optimality, Application nulation: Introduction, Definition, isadvantages, Application of Simul	ite population and finite p finite population. Dynar s of dynamic programmin types of simulation models	population models nic Programming ng, shortest path s, steps involved in
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Po			

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. J. K. Sharma, "Operations Research", Macmillan, 5th Edition, 2012.

2. R. Pannerselvan, "Operations Research", 2nd Edition, PHI Publications, 2006

## **Reference books:**

1. A. M. Natarajan, P. Balasubramani, A. Tamilarasi, "Operations Research", Pearson Education, 2013.

2. Maurice Saseini, Arhur Yaspan, Lawrence Friedman, "Operations Research: Methods & Problems", 1 st Edition, 1959.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://www.aicte-india.org/flipbook/p&ap/Vol.%20II%20UG/UG\_2. html#p=8 https://www.britannica.com/topic/operations-research

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

	d of the course the student will be able to :	•
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Recall the theoretical foundations of various issues related to linear programming modeling to formulate real-world problems as a L P model	L1
CO2	Explain the theoretical workings of the graphical, simplex and analytical methods for making effective decision on variables so as to optimize the objective function.	L1
CO3	Identify appropriate optimization method to solve complex problems involved in various industries.	L1
CO4	Demonstrate the optimized material distribution schedule using transportation model to minimize total distribution cost.	L2
C05	Explain the theoretical workings of sequencing techniques for effective scheduling of jobs on machines.	L1

SI. No.		e of this c			Des	cription					PO		
	funda	eering kn mentals, a eering and	ind comp	outer scie	ence and								
2	engine	em analystering and ples of ma	d busine	ess prob	lems rea	aching su	ıbstantiat	ed conc					
3	design consid	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.											
4	metho	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.											
5	moder	rn tool usa n enginee ering acti	ering and	IT tools	s includi	ng predict	tion and				PO5		
6	assess	ngineer an societal, l nt to the p	health, sa	fety, lega	al and cul	tural issu	es and the	e consequ			PO6		
7	Enviro solutio	onment an ons in busi d need for	nd sustair iness soci	ability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	pact of	the profe					
8		: Apply et of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsit	oilities and	PO8		
9		dual and te erse teams					individua	ıl, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9		
10	engine write	nunication eering con effective 1 ceive clea	nmunity a reports ar	and with nd design	society a	it large, si	ich as, b	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d		
11	engine	et manage eering, bus er and lead	siness and	l manage	ment prin	nciples an	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s own	work, as			
12		ong learnin ependent a									PO12		
apping	of COS	and POs											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11		
CO1 CO2	X		X										
UU2		Х			X								
CO3			X				Х						

	Cryp	tography and Networl	k Security	
Course Code	<b>.</b>	22MCA261	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hour	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
• To ma		nt encryption techniques along w network security and system sec	-	tal signatures an
		Module-1		
Security Mech	anisms, A Model for Netwo ENCRYPTION TECHNIQ	concepts, The OSI Security Archi		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / F	PowerPoint Presentation	~0	
		Module-2		
Principles. BL	OCK CIPHER OPERATIO	Strength of DES, Differential an DN: Multiple Encryption and Tri Mode, Output Feedback Mode,	iple DES, Electronic Codeboo	ok Mode, Ciphe
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method	1 / PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-3		
Numbers, Fer Logarithms. P	mat"s and Euler"s Theo: UBLIC-KEY CRYPTOGR.	he Division Algorithm, The Euc rems, Testing for Primality, T APHY, RSA AND OTHER PUB prithm, DiffieHellman Key Excha PowerPoint Presentation	The Chinese Remainder Th BLIC-KEY CRYPTOSYSTEM	eorem, Discre
		Module-4		
195 G V P Co Block Chainin	ollege of Engineering (Auto g, Secure Hash Algorithm Message Authentication F	S: Applications of Cryptographic onomous) 2013 Requirements an (SHA). MESSAGE AUTHENT unctions, Message Authenticatio	nd Security, Hash Functions	Based on Ciphe e Authenticatio
Learning Process				
		Module-5		
Digital Signatu KEY MANAC	ure Standard (DSS). SEMENT AND DISTRIBU	tures, ElGamal Digital Signature TION: Symmetric Key Distribut cryption, Distribution of Public	tion Using Symmetric Encryp	tion, Symmetric
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Po	owerPoint Presentation		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

# **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. William Stallings: Cryptography And Network Security- Principles And Practice, 5th Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2011.

## **Reference books:**

1. William Stallings, "Network Security Essentials (Applications and Standards)", 4th Edition, Pearson Education. ,2012

2. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Perlman and Mike Speciner: "Network Security – Private Communication in a Public World", 2nd Edition, Pearson/PHI, 2002.

3. Eric Maiwald: "Fundamentals of Network Security", 1st Edition, Dreamtech Press, 2003.

4. Whitman: "Principles of Information Security", 3rd Edition, Thomson, 2009.

5. Robert Bragg, Mark Rhodes: "Network Security: The complete reference", 1st Edition, TMH, 2004.

6. Buchmann: "Introduction to Cryptography", 2nd Edition, Springer, 2004.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://www.nptel.iitm.ac.in/courses/106105031/

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)						
At the end	At the end of the course the student will be able to :						
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level					
C01	Analyze and design classical encryption techniques and block ciphers	L2					
CO2	Understand and analyze data encryption standard.	L2					
CO3	Understand and analyze public-key cryptography, RSA and other public-key cryptosystems	L2					
CO4	Understand key management and distribution schemes and design User Authentication, such as Diffie-Hellman Key Exchange, ElGamal Cryptosystem, etc	L2					
C05	Analyze and design hash and MAC algorithms, and digital signatures	L2					

Sl. No.		e of this o			Des	scription					POs
1	funda	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.									
2	engin	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.									
3	design consid	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.									
4	metho	Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.									
5	mode	Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations						PO5			
6	The erassess	The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.							PO6		
7	Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.										
8		Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering and business practices.						PO8			
9		Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.							PO9		
10	Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.								1		
11	Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.										
12		ong learnin ependent a								to engage ange.	PO12
Apping	g of COS	and POs									
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	<b>PO7</b>	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11
CO1	X			X							
CO2 CO3	v	X		v	X						
CO3 CO4	X	X	X	X							
C04	N/	Λ	A V		<u> </u>						

CO5

X

		Artificial Intelligence		
Course Code		22MCA262	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
•	ning objectives:			Ċ
		Module-1		
Definition -P characteristics Heuristic func	roduction systems, Contra s - Specialized productions stions -Hill Climbing-Dept and analysis of search algor	DDUCTION SYSTEMS: Introduc rol strategies, Search strategies. It s system- Problem solving methods h first and Breath first, Constraints sa ithms. PowerPoint Presentation	Problem characteristics, Pr – Problem graphs, Matchi	oduction system ng, Indexing an
Process				
		Module-2		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk metho	od / PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-3		
Backward cha		lge representation -Production base Rule value approach, Fuzzy reasoneory.		
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning Process				
		Module-4		
– K strips - Machine learr	02.03.2021 updated 44/ ning, adaptive Learning.	NG: Basic plan generation systems 104 Strategic explanations -Why,	1 1 0	•
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
		Module-5		
		Architecture of expert systems, Roles cs. Typical expert systems – MYCIN		•
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / I	PowerPoint Presentation		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Kevin Night and Elaine Rich, Nair B., "Artificial Intelligence (SIE)", Mc Graw Hill- 2008. (Modules-I,II,VI & V)

2. Dan W. Patterson, "Introduction to AI and ES", Pearson Education, 2007. (Module-III).

## **Reference books:**

1. Peter Jackson, "Introduction to Expert Systems", 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.

2. Stuart Russel and Peter Norvig "AI - A Modern Approach", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education 2007.

3. Deepak Khemani "Artificial Intelligence", Tata Mc Graw Hill Education 2013.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

<u>http://nptel.ac.in</u>

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Identify problems that are amenable to solution by AI methods.	L2
CO2	Identify appropriate AI methods to solve a given problem.	L2
CO3	Formalize a given problem in the language/framework of different AI methods	L2
CO4	Implement basic AI algorithms for the given problem.	L3
C05	Design and carry out an empirical evaluation of different algorithms on a problem formalisation, and state the conclusions that the evaluation supports.	L3
		S

I       Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineer fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of comengineering and societal problems.         2       Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze comengineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.         3       Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with approp considerations.         4       Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and rese methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synth of the information to provide valid conclusions.         5       Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and 1T tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.         6       The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         7       Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineers of, and need for sustainable development.         8       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         10       Communicatic: Communicate effectively on compl		PO	s
engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.         B       Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with approp consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environme considerations.         C       Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and rese methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synth of the information to provide valid conclusions.         Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations         The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         Revironment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineer solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowle of, and need for sustainable development.         B       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         D       Individual and team work: Function effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive		PO1	
design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with approp consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environme considerations.         4       Conduct investigations of complex problems: Use research-based knowledge and rese methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synt of the information to provide valid conclusions.         5       Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations         5       The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         7       Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineer solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowle of, and need for sustainable development.         8       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         9       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or lea in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering dominuity and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.		PO2	
methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synt of the information to provide valid conclusions.         Modern tool usage: Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations         The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineering and business practices.         Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineers solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowle of, and need for sustainable development.         B       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         D       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or lea in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage	opriate	PO3	
modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations         5       The engineer and society: Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         7       Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineer solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowled of, and need for sustainable development.         8       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         9       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or lea in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to eng in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the nee		PO4	
assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibili         relevant to the professional engineering and business practices.         7       Environment and sustainability: Understand the impact of the professional engineer solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowled of, and need for sustainable development.         8       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         9       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or lear in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engin in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engin independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and		PO5	
solutions in business societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowle of, and need for sustainable development.         B       Ethics: Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities norms of the engineering and business practices.         D       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or lea in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engin independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         apping of COS and POS       PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO1		PO6	
norms of the engineering and business practices.         D       Individual and team work: Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leatin diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one''s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engine in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         12       PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO1		PO7	
in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.         10       Communication: Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.         11       Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments         12       Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to eng in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.         apping of COS and POs       PO1       PO2       PO3       PO4       PO5       PO6       PO7       PO8       PO9       PO1         CO1       x       x       x       x       x       x       x       x	es and	PO8	
engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and and receive clear instructions.11Project management and finance: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments12Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to eng in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.apping of COS and POsPO1PO2PO3PO4PO5PO6PO7PO8PO9PO1CO1xxxuuuuuuu	leader	PO9	
engineering, business and management principles and apply these to one"s own work, member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments 12 Life-long learning: Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to eng in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. apping of COS and POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO1 CO1 x x x 0	nd and	PO10	)
in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change. apping of COS and POs PO1 PO2 PO3 PO4 PO5 PO6 PO7 PO8 PO9 PO1 CO1 x x x 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	k, as a	PO11	L
PO1         PO2         PO3         PO4         PO5         PO6         PO7         PO8         PO9         PO1           CO1         x         x         x                  PO1               PO1		PO12	2
CO1 x x i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i			
	D10 I	PO11	PO
			┼──
CO3 x x			<u> </u>
CO4         x			E

		bile Application Develo		
Course Code		22MCA263	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
• Progr		n and development related to mob		
-	•	apabilities, industry standards, op	erating systems, and progra	amming for mo
applic	ations using an OS Software	e Development Kit (SDK).		
• Upon	completion, students should	l be able to create basic application	ns for mobile devices.	
		Module-1		
and GSM arch	itecture, Mobile services, S g systems and smart phones			
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / P	owerPoint Presentation		
	1	Module-2		
Fundamentals	of Android Development: I	ntroduction to Android., The And	roid 4.1 Jelly Bean SDK.	Understanding
Android Softw	1	ndroid SDK, Creating Android		U U
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning Process				
Learning Process		Module-3		
Learning Process The Intent of .	-	r kinds of Android Components:	•	
Learning Process The Intent of .	-		•	
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid	der. Building Blocks for An	r kinds of Android Components:	g Out Controls in Contain	
Learning Process The Intent of Animation: Dr	der. Building Blocks for An	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android	g Out Controls in Contain	
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android,	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android	g Out Controls in Contain	
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid Animation: Dr Teaching- Learning	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android,	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android	g Out Controls in Contain	
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid Animation: Dr Teaching- Learning Process Creating the A understanding	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android, Chalk and talk method / P Activity, working with vie layout. Using Selection Wi iltimedia: Playing Audio, Pl	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android owerPoint Presentation	g Out Controls in Contain "s Graphics API. using a list view, creati and Fetching Information	ers. Graphics a ing custom vie Using Dialogs
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid Animation: Dr Teaching- Learning Process Creating the A understanding Fragments. Mu	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android, Chalk and talk method / P Activity, working with vie layout. Using Selection Wi iltimedia: Playing Audio, Pl	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android owerPoint Presentation Module-4 ews: Exploring common views, dgets and Debugging Displaying aying Video and Capturing Media owerPoint Presentation	g Out Controls in Contain "s Graphics API. using a list view, creati and Fetching Information	ers. Graphics a ing custom vie Using Dialogs
Learning Process The Intent of A Content Provid Animation: Dr Teaching- Learning Process Creating the A understanding Fragments. Mu Entertainment, Teaching- Learning Process	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android, Chalk and talk method / P Activity, working with vie layout. Using Selection Wie iltimedia: Playing Audio, Pl and Services. Chalk and talk method / P	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android owerPoint Presentation Module-4 ews: Exploring common views, dgets and Debugging Displaying aying Video and Capturing Media owerPoint Presentation Module-5	g Out Controls in Contain "s Graphics API. using a list view, creati and Fetching Information . Advanced Android Progr	ers. Graphics a ing custom vi- Using Dialogs amming: Intern
Learning Process The Intent of Animation: Dr Teaching- Learning Process Creating the Animation Fragments. Mu Entertainment, Teaching- Learning Process Displaying we	ler. Building Blocks for An awing graphics in Android, Chalk and talk method / P Activity, working with vie layout. Using Selection Wie iltimedia: Playing Audio, Pl and Services. Chalk and talk method / P	r kinds of Android Components: adroid Application Design, Layin Creating Animation with Android owerPoint Presentation Module-4 ews: Exploring common views, dgets and Debugging Displaying aying Video and Capturing Media owerPoint Presentation Module-5 icating with SMS and emails. Creation	g Out Controls in Contain "s Graphics API. using a list view, creati and Fetching Information . Advanced Android Progr	ers. Graphics a ing custom vie Using Dialogs amming: Interr

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1 Mobile Computing: (technologies and Applications N. N. Jani S chand

2 Android programming B.M.Hirwani Pearson publications 2013

3 Android in Action W. Frank Ableson, RobiSen and C. E. Ortiz DreamTech Publisher Third Edition-2012

## **Reference books:**

1. Android Application development James C. Sheusi Cengage learning 2017

## Skill Development Activities Suggested

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Description	Blooms Level
Describe the requirements for mobile applications	L1
Explain the challenges in mobile application design and development	L1
Develop design for mobile applications for specific requirements	L3
Implement the design using Android SDK, Objective C and iOS	L3
Deploy mobile applications in Android and iPone marketplace for distribution	L2
	Describe the requirements for mobile applications Explain the challenges in mobile application design and development Develop design for mobile applications for specific requirements Implement the design using Android SDK, Objective C and iOS

					Des	scription					PO	s
1	fundai		nd compu	iter scien	ce and bu	dge of ma isiness sys					PO1	
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.											
3	design consid	Design/development of solutions: Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.										
4	metho		ng desigr	of expen	iments, a	ns: Use re analysis ar ions.						
5	moder	n engineer	ring and 1	IT tools i	ncluding	bly approp prediction g of the lin	and mod				PO5	
6	assess	societal, l	nealth, sa	fety, lega	al and cu	informed ltural issue l business	es and the	e consequ			PO6	
7	Enviro solutio	onment an	d sustair ness soci	ability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the im nental con	pact of 1	the profe				
8		: Apply et of the eng				it to profe tices.	ssional et	thics and	responsil	bilities and	1 PO8	
9		lual and te erse teams				ely as an i ettings.	ndividual	, and as a	a member	r or leader	PO9	
10	engine write	ering con	nmunity a reports ar	and with ad design	society a	on completed on complete on complete on complete on the second compl	ch as, be	ing able	to compi	ehend and		)
11	engine	ering, bus	iness and	l manage	ment pri	onstrate k nciples an ojects and	d apply t	hese to o	ne"s owr	n work, as		
12						, and have broadest c					PO12	2
<b>lapping</b>	of COS	and POs										
7	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	<b>PO9</b>	PO10	PO11	PO
CO1 CO2	X	<b>1</b> 7	X		₹7							
CO2 CO3		X		X	X	x						
CO4	X		X									

Course Code		stributed Operating Sy 22MCA264	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
To provide the second sec	et knowledge in distributed nce, security, and distributed alyze the current popular dis What is Distributed Com stem Models; What is Distri Distributed 02.03.2021 up ures of a Good Message Pa	issues in modern distributed syste 1 architecture, naming, synchron d file systems. tributed systems such as peer-to-p <u>Module-1</u> puting Systems? Evolution of 1 buted Operating System? Issues i dated 47/ 104 ComputingEnviro ssing System, Issues in PC by M Decoding of Message Data, Pro-	nization, consistency and beer (P2P) systems will also Distributed Computing Sy n Designing a Distributed Comment(DCE).Message Pass fessage Passing, Synchroni	stem; Distribu Operating Syste ing: Introduction zation, Bufferi
Communicatio	n, Case Study: 4.3 BSD UN	IX IPC Mechanism.		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / Pe	owerPoint Presentation		
		Module-2		
Security, Some	e Special Types of RPCs, RH Case Studies: Sun RPC.	s for RPCs, Complicated RPCs, PC in Heterogeneous Environmen / PowerPoint Presentation Module-3		
Distributed Sh	ared Memory: Introduction,	General Architecture of DSM sy	stems, Design and Implem	entation Issues
DSM, Granula approaches to I	rity, Structure of Shared M	lemory Space, Consistency Mode Advantages of DSM. Synchroniz ock, Election Algorithms.	els, Replacement Strategy,	Thrashing, Oth
Learning Process				
		Module-4		
	d – Balancing Approach, Lo	irable Features of a Good Globa oad – Sharing Approach Process N		-
1100033	l	Module-5		
Accessing Mod	•	sirable Features of a Good Distrib cs, File – Caching Schemes, File I	•	
Transactions a	Chalk and talk method / Po			

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1. Pradeep. K. Sinha: Distributed Operating Systems: Concepts and Design, PHI, 2007.

#### **Reference books:**

1. Andrew S. Tanenbaum: Distributed Operating Systems, Pearson Education, 2013.

2. Ajay D. Kshemkalyani and MukeshSinghal, Distributed Computing: Principles, Algorithms and Systems, Cambridge University Press, 2008

3. SunitaMahajan, Seema Shan, "Distributed Computing", Oxford University 02.03.2021 updated 48/ 104 Press, 2015

## **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Analyse design issues and different message passing techniques in DOS, distributed systems	L2
C02	Analyse RPC implementation and its performance in DOS	L2
CO3	Analyse the major security issues associated with distributed systems and evaluate techniques available for increasing system security	L2
CO4	Apply the concepts of distributed shared memory and resource management for the given problem/ case study.	L2
C05	Analyse distributed file systems and evaluate the performance in terms of fault tolerance, file replication as major factors	L2
C06	Apply modification to the existing algorithms to improve the performance of DOS.	L2

Sl. No.		e of this c			Des	scription					POs	5
1	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.											
2	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.											
3	design consid	n/develop 1 system c leration fo lerations.	componei	nts or pr	ocesses	that meet	the spec	ified nee	ds with	appropriat	e	
4	metho	ict investig ds includi informatic	ng desigr	of expe	riments, a	analysis a						
5	moder	rn tool usa rn enginee eering acti	ring and	IT tool	s includi	ng predic	tion and				PO5	
6	The er assess	ngineer and societal, l int to the pr	d society: nealth, sa	: Apply r fety, lega	easoning al and cu	informed ltural issu	by the co es and the	e consequ			PO6	
7	Enviro solutio	onment an ons in busi d need for	d sustair iness soci	ability: ietal and	Understa environn	nd the in	npact of	the profe				
8		: Apply et s of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsił	oilities and	PO8	
9		dual and te erse teams					individua	l, and as	a membe	er or leader	PO9	
10	engine write	nunication eering con effective 1 eceive clea	nmunity a reports ar	and with nd design	society a	at large, si	uch as, b	eing able	to comp	rehend an	d	)
11	engine	ct manage eering, bus er and lead	siness and	l manage	ement pri	nciples an	d apply t	hese to or	ne"s own	work, as		
12 Aannin	in ind	ong learnin ependent a									PO12	2
	PO1	and POs PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
CO1	X			X								
CO2		X		X								
CO3 CO4	X	x	X		X							
	X	A			A	X	1					
CO5	28											

		Natural Language Proces	sing	
Course Code		22MCA265	CIE Marks	50
0	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
• It intro		oncepts and techniques of natural lang h understanding of the computation		anguages and th
	• •	processing linguistic information.	Follow Commenter	
		Module-1		
Introduction, N	Aorphology: Knowledge	in Speech & Lang Processing, Am	biguity, Models & Algor	ithms, Language
Thought & Un	derstanding, Some Brief	History, The State of the Art & Ne	ar-Term Future, Summary	Morphology and
Finite State Tr	ansducers: Survey of En	glish Morphology, Finite state Morp	hological Parsing, Lexicor	n-Free FST: The
Porter Stemmer	r, Human Morphological	Parsing, Summary, Combining FST I	Lexicon and Rules.	)
Teaching-		/ PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning Process				
		Module-2		
N-Grams: Cou	nting Words in Corpora	a, Simple N-Grams, Smoothing, Ba	ck off, Deleted Interpolati	on, N-Grams fo
	•	ummary. Word Classes and Part-of-	· · · ·	
	n, Part-of-Speech Taggin			,
Teaching-	Chalk and talk meth	od / PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-3		
		Calculus for English: Constituency		
	-	greement, The Verb Phrase Sub Cat	-	
Syntax, Gramm	nar Equivalence and Nor	rmal Form, Finite –State and Contex	tt- Free Grammars, Gramn	hars and Human
Processing, The	e Early Algorithm, Finite-	-State Parsing Method, Summary Rep	resenting Meaning	
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method	/ PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				
1100000		Module-4		
Semantic Anal	vsis: Syntax-Driven Ser	nantic Analysis, Attachments for a	Fragment of English Inte	grating Semanti
		and Compositionality, 02.03.2021 u		
-	-	Among Lexemes and Their Senses,	-	-
		5		
		ity and the Lexicon, Summary Word 3 / PowerPoint Presentation	Sense Disamolguation and	information.
Teaching-	Chaik and talk method	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning Process				
FIOLESS		Module-5		
Retrieval: Sala	ction Restriction Read	Disambiguation, Robust Word Sen	se Disambiguation Infor	nation Patriaval
			e	
		ase Study of Simple Text Recognitio		-
		for Semantically-Based Text Mining	g: Related Work, A Sema	initically Guided
	ctive Text Mining.			
Teaching-	Chalk and talk method /	PowerPoint Presentation		
Learning				
Process				

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- 1. Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- 2. Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- 1. The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- 2. The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- 3. Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- 4. Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- 5. The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Text Books:

1.DanielJurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: An introduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and Speech Recognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2009.

## **Reference books:**

1. Christopher D.Manning and HinrichSchutze, "Foundations of Statistical Natural LanguageProcessing", MIT Press, 1999.

2. TanveerSiddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.

3. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural Language Processing and Text Mining", Springer Verlag London Limited 2007.

## Skill Development Activities Suggested

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up technical –activities which will enhance their skill or the students should interact with industry (small, medium and large), understand their problems or foresee what can be undertaken for study in the form of research/testing/projects, and for creative and innovative methods to solve the identified problem. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

t the end	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Apply parsing technique to the given problem and verify the output and give valid conclusions.	L2
CO2	Illustrate the approaches to syntax and semantics in NLP.	L2
CO3	Formulate solutions for a range of natural language components using existing algorithms, techniques and frameworks, including part-of-speech tagging, language modelling, parsing and semantic role labelling.	L2
CO4	Evaluate NLP solutions of the given problem and arrive at valid conclusions.	L3
C05	Illustrate information retrieval techniques.	L2

Sl. No.					Des	scription					POs	;
	Engineering knowledge: Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and computer science and business systems to the solution of complex engineering and societal problems.											
2	engine	Problem analysis: Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering and business problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.										
3	design consid	system co	omponen	ts or proc	esses that	t meet the	specified	l needs w	ith appro	oblems and opriate ironmenta		
ļ	metho		ng desigr	n of expen	riments, a	analysis ar				nd researc d synthesi		
5	moder	n enginee	ring and	IT tools i	ncluding	ly appropr prediction g of the lin	and mod				PO5	
5	assess	societal, l	nealth, sa	fety, lega	al and cu	informed ltural issue l business	es and the	e consequ		ge to onsibilities	PO6	
'	solutio		ness soc	ietal and	environn					engineering knowledge		
}		: Apply et of the eng					ssional et	hics and	responsi	bilities and	1 PO8	
)		lual and te erse teams					ndividual	, and as a	a member	r or leader	PO9	
0	engine write	ering con	munity a eports ar	and with nd design	society a		ch as, be	ing able	to comp	ith the rehend and s, and give		
1	engine	eering, bus	iness and	l manage	ment pri		d apply t	hese to o	ne"s owr	ling of th 1 work, as nments.		
12						, and have broadest o				v to engage ange.	e PO12	
		and POs										
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO
CO1 CO2	X	X		X	X							
CO2		X		•	X							
.05												

Course	Code	DBMS Laboratory 22MCAL27	CIE Marks	50							
	g Hours/Week (L:P: SDA)	0:3:0	SEE Marks	50							
Credits		2	Exam Hours	03							
	objectives:	1									
•	Create SQL queries for the small p	projects.									
•	Create database objects that include		l sequences.								
CLNO											
<b>Sl.NO</b>	Create the following tables with particular	Experiments	Foreign keys and solve the f	allowing quaria							
1	BRANCH (Branchid, Branchnam		roleigh keys and solve the h	showing queries							
	STUDENT (USN, Name, Address										
	BOOK (Bookid, Bookname, Auth										
	AUTHOR (Authorid, Authorname										
	BORROW (USN, Bookid, Borrow										
	Execute the following Queries:	wed_Date)		)							
	i.List the details of Students who a	are all studying in 2nd sem MCA									
	ii.List the students who are not bo										
		-	thor name Books Borrowe	d Date of 2nd							
	iii. Display the USN, Student name, Branch_name, Book_name, Author_name, Books_Borrowed_Date of 2nd sem MCA Students who borrowed books.										
	- ·	<ul><li>iv. Display the number of books written by each Author.</li><li>v.Display the student details who borrowed more than two books.</li></ul>									
			e Author.								
	vi.Display the student details who borrowed books of more than one Author. vii.Display the Book names in descending order of their names.										
	viii.List the details of students who borrowed the books which are all published by the same publisher.										
2	Consider the following schema: STUDENT (USN, name, date_of_birth, branch, mark1, mark2, mark3, tota										
	GPA) Execute the following queries: i. Update the column total by adding the columns mark1, mark2, mark3, mark3.										
	Find the GPA score of all the students, iii. Find the students who born on a particular year of birth from t										
	date_of_birth column. iv. List the		· ·								
	GPA score of the student branch		•								
	the students whose name ends wi										
	1001			C							
3	Design an ER-diagram for the fo	ollowing scenario, Convert the sa	ame into a relational model	and then solve							
	Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model and then solve t following queries. Consider a Cricket Tournament "ABC CUP" organized by an organization. In the tourname										
	there are many teams are contest										
	identified by using Teamid. A tea			-							
	Playerid, having a Name, and mu	ultiple phone numbers, age. A pla	yer represents only one team	m. There are m							
	Stadiums to conduct matches. Each stadium is identified using Stadiumid, having a stadium_name,Address										
	involves city,area_name,pincode)	involves city, area_name, pincode). A team can play many matches. Each match played between the two teams									
	the scheduled date and time in the predefined Stadium. Each match is identified uniquely by using Matchid. Each										
	match won by any of the one team that also wants to record in the database. For each match man_of_the match										
	award given to a player.										
	Execute the following Queries:										
	i. Display the youngest pl	layer (in terms of age) Name,	Team name, age in which	he belongs of							
	tournament.										
	ii. List the details of the stat	dium where the maximum number	r of matches were played.								
	iii. List the details of the particular matches.	layer who is not a captain but g	got the man_of _match awa	rd at least in t							
	iv. Display the Team details	who won the maximum matches.									
			•								

<ul> <li>A country wants to conduct an election for the parliament. A country having many constituence, is identified miquely by Constituency, is daming the Name, belongs to state.Number_of_voters. A constituency can have many voters. Each voter is uniquely identified by using Voter_id, having the Name, age, address (involves Houseno.tity.state.pino.edo.). Each voter belongs to only one constituency. There are many candidates contesting in the election. Each candidates are uniquely identified by using candidate. (In having Party, Jahnving Party, Jahnwen Party, Symbol. A candidate can contest from many constituency having ther candidates from the same party. A constituency can have many constituency can have many candidates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency having the candidates from the same party. A constituency can have many contesting candidates belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencies which are belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencies which are belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one constituences.</li> <li>ii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is a least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter table wither exostituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure to constituency in "CONSTITUTNCY" table _APTER inserting a tuple into the 'VOTTERS' table.</li> <li>5 Design an FR-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same anany to a state, Number of kilometers away from the U.03.2021 updated 52 1014 capital exis of that state, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the U.03.2021 updated 52 1014 capital exis of that state. A Tourist place can be visited directed by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist place</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>A constituency can have many voters. Tach voter is uniquely identified by using Voter jd, having the Name, age, address (involves Houseno, city, state, pincode). Each voter belongs to only one constituency. There are many candidates some uniquely identified by using eandidate id. having Name, phone, no, age, state. A candidate belongs to only one party. Thereare many parties. Each party is uniquely identified by using Party, id. having Party, Name, Party, Symbol. A candidate can contest from many constituencies under a same party. A party can have many conditates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of ins/her constituency. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>v. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>v. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following guerris. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist places, it is also required to record the visted date in the database. A tourist places is visited Hourist places is the following guerrise.</li> <li>j List et also of the tourist visite many tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist places, it is also required to record the visted date in the database. A tourist place is identified by using maximum number of tourist place as ta text. Number of ki</li></ul>	4	A country wants to conduct an election for the parliament. A country having many constituencies. Each
<ul> <li>A constituency can have many voters. Tach voter is uniquely identified by using Voter jd, having the Name, age, address (involves Houseno, city, state, pincode). Each voter belongs to only one constituency. There are many candidates some uniquely identified by using eandidate id. having Name, phone, no, age, state. A candidate belongs to only one party. Thereare many parties. Each party is uniquely identified by using Party, id. having Party, Name, Party, Symbol. A candidate can contest from many constituencies under a same party. A party can have many conditates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of ins/her constituency. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>v. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>v. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> </ul> </li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following guerris. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist places, it is also required to record the visted date in the database. A tourist places is visited Hourist places is the following guerrise.</li> <li>j List et also of the tourist visite many tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist places, it is also required to record the visted date in the database. A tourist place is identified by using maximum number of tourist place as ta text. Number of ki</li></ul>		constituency is identified uniquely by Constituency_id, having the Name, belongs to a state, Number_of_voters.
<ul> <li>address (involves Houseno.city.state.pincode). Each voter belongs to only one constituency. There are many candidates contesting in the election. Each candidates are uniquely identified by using candidate. John String Name, Party. John Aren Y, John Party, Same, Party, Symbol. A candidate contesting from different constituencies. No constituency having the candidates from the same party. A constituency on have many constituencies under a same party. A party can have many candidates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency having the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Nor an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diggram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can be visited by using tourist place, di, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2011 updated 52/104 capital tity of that state.history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places where many times at different dates.</li> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist place and be visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>j. List the details of the tourist place where maximum number of tourist place and be visited by many tourist can visit a Tourist place where maximum number of tourist place can be visited by many tourist can visit a or</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>candidates contesting in the election. Each candidates are uniquely identified by using candidate_id, having Name, phone_no, age, state. A candidate belongs to only one party. Thereare many parties. Each party is uniquely identified by using Party_id, having Party_Name,Party_symbol. A candidate can contest from many constituencies having the candidates from the same parts. A constituency can have many constituencies which are belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencies. No constituency having the candidates who are contesting from different constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter rable display the "Not an eligible voter mag".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' of the respective constituency. In mege and the association of the state name, any in a signal state into the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of " Number_of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an RE-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following fouries. A country can have many candidates wised by image to unist, is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist visits durins trainst many Tourist places is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist visits many Tourist places is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist visits many Tourist place is the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>ii. List the state name</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>Name, phone, no, age, state. A candidate belongs to only one party. Thereare many partics. Each party is uniquely identified by using Party_A party can have many candidates contesting from different constituencies. No constituencies the candidates from the same party. A constituency can have many contesting candidates belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencies. Which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter lese display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency make is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario. Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A courty can have many, age. Courty and multiple emailies. A tourist sitis many Tourist places is a low ray into it kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state history. There are many Tourist svists tourist places is dentified uniquely by using Tourist_ld, having a Name, age. Courty and multiple emails. A tourist visits many Tourist places is a different dates. A Tourist place is due to resort the visited date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place is the visited date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tour</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>identified by using Party_iAny Party_Name,Party_symbol. A candidate can contest from many constituencies under a same party. A party can have many candidates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency having the candidates from the same party. A constituency can have many contesting candidates belongs to different states.</li> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter mag".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of " Number of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following acertaic, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following gueries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist, if having a Name, age. Country and multiple emailids. A tourist place date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>iii. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>iii. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist place.</li> <li>iiis the state name which is having maximum number of tourist place.</li> <li>iiis to a tutable Nortist visited all tourist</li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>constituencies under a same party. A party can have many candidates contesting from different constituencies. No constituency baving the candidates from the same party. A constituency can have many contesting candidates belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencity.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter table ty checking the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to display the more frage up into the "VOTERS" table.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario. Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following a name, belongs to a state. Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist visits many Tourist places. It is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place withing maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of uorist places.</li> <li>List the details of tourist site is distified uniquely by using Tourist place on the visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>List the data function tables visited and</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>No constituency having the endidates from the same party. A constituency can have many contesting candidates belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencty. Queries:         <ul> <li>List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number of voters' of the respective constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the 'VOTERS' table.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist visits tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country an multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist place and the is and inferent dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Display the details of the tourists visited all tourist places of the state, but visited all states tour</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>belongs to different parties. Each voter votes only one candidate of his/her constituencty. Queries:         <ol> <li>List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter"s age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter clead display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario. Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using Touris_place, it is also required to record the visted, date in the database. A tourist is identified uniquely by using Touris_tid, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailtd. A tourist visits many Tourist places the state. Number of klometers             away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state,history. There are many Tourists visits ourist             places every year. Each tourist is identified upourist place with the attrate. Number of klometers             awas different dates.</li>             Queries:</ul>		
Queries:       i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.         ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.       iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".         iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.         v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.         5       Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist visits tourist places is every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist an visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. Queries: <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. Usit the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>iii. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>iii. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist visited all tourist places of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter lable by checking the voter age. If voter"s age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places is dentified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of Kilometers away from the 02.03.201 updated 52/104 capital city of that state,history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist places many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists places, an visit a Tourist places many times at different dates. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>justy tourists visited all courists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>belongs to different states.</li> <li>ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter"s age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourist visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visit many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state. KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist visited all tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>for stife. If SDM+: in, book, tittle: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.</li> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter's age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters' in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 0.2.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist place or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List the details of the tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist side the state one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>full the datab of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> <li>Domostration Experime</li></ul>		i. List the details of the candidates who are contesting from more than one constituencies which are
<ul> <li>iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter"s age is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario. Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place. id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist place, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List details of Tourist place many times at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:</li> <li>i. List details of the tourist place where maximum number of tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the datable of the tourist place visited by the tourist so fall country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demostration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following states rising, appr. string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, ename: string, dept. String)</li> <li>TEXT (book, ISBN#: int, book, LitBs xtring, publicher: string, auth</li></ul>		belongs to different states.
<ul> <li>is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place, id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourist places storist places every year. Each tourist is many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the details of the tourists visited all tourist place of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CTE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regnoff: string, name: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regnoff: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_iSBN</li></ul>		ii. Display the state name having maximum number of constituencies.
<ul> <li>is at least 18 years old, then insert the tuple into the voter else display the "Not an eligible voter msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table. AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place, id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourist places storist places every year. Each tourist is many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the details of the tourists visited all tourist place of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CTE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regnoff: string, name: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regnoff: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_iSBN</li></ul>		iii. Create a stored procedure to insert the tuple into the voter table by checking the voter age. If voter"s age
<ul> <li>msg".</li> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number of voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourist places sees year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailds. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of the tourist place visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regnoff: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (courseff: int, course: string, belte: String)</li> <li>EXT (book, ISBN#: int, book, tille: string, oublisher: string, author: string)</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>iv. Create a stored procedure to display the number_of_voters in the specified constituency. Where the constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of the tourists visited all tourist places of the state. "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist visited all tourist place is all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, ane:: string, angin:: string, duet:: date).</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, canne:: string, publisher: string) author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, ance:: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_LISBN#: int, book_title:</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.</li> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of " Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List the datals of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>iii. List the datals of the tourists visited all tourist places of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>Courseff the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#; string, name: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, ename: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#; int, book_ittle: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#; string, course#; int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li></ul>		
<ul> <li>v. Create a TRIGGER to UPDATE the count of "Number_of_voters" of the respective constituency in "CONSTITUENCY" table, AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state,history. There are many Tourist visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist jd, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates. Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.</li> <li>iii. List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regnoff: string, name: string, dept: String) TEXT (book, ISBN#: int, book, title: string, publisher: string, athor: string) ENROLL (regnoff: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li></ul>		constituency name is passed as an argument to the stored procedure.
<ul> <li>"CONSTITUENCY" table , AFTER inserting a tuple into the "VOTERS" table.</li> <li>Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places . Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place, id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state.history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailds. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>Display the details of the tourist visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, dept: String)</li> <li>EKXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, nubles: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <ul< th=""><th></th><th></th></ul<></ul>		
<ul> <li>5 Design an ER-diagram for the following scenario, Convert the same into a relational model, normalize Relations into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places . Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state,history. There are many Tourists tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CLE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regnoff; string, name: string, major: string, bddat: date)</li> <li>COURSE (coursef; int, canne: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN; int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>× Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>× Ent at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following cuere each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         <ul> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course deta</li></ul></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>into a suitable Normal form and then solve the following queries. A country can have many Tourist places. Each Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailds. A tourist visits many Tourist place, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ul> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.</li> <li>List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>Display the details of the tourist visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>Unisplay the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.</li> <li>STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Ent at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> </ul> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         <ul> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. T</li></ul></li>	5	
<ul> <li>Tourist place is identified by using tourist_place_id, having a name, belongs to a state, Number of kilometers away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state, history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ol> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.</li> <li>List the details of tourist visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any</li> <li>Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         <ol> <li>List out the student details, and their course details. Th</li></ol></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>away from the 02.03.2021 updated 52/ 104 capital city of that state,history. There are many Tourists visits tourist places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates. Queries: <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.</li> <li>iii. List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourist of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, qublisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li><i>N</i> Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li><i>Y</i> Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements: <ul> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out all the book details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>places every year. Each tourist is identified uniquely by using Tourist_id, having a Name, age, Country and multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries:         <ol> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.</li> <li>List details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, major: string, bdate: date)         <ol> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, query: string, author: string)</li> <li>EXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         <ol> <li>List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>List out the book details under a</li></ol></li></ul>		
<ul> <li>multiple emailids. A tourist visits many Tourist places, it is also required to record the visted_date in the database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries: <ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demostration Experiments (For CIE ) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, sook_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		
database. A tourist can visit a Tourist place many times at different dates. A Tourist place can be visited by many tourists either in the same date or at different dates.         Queries:       i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.         ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist places.         iii. List the details of tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.         iii. List the details of tourist visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".         iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.         v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.         Demonstration Experiments (For CIE ) if any         6       Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.         STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)       COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)         TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)       ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)         BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)       ✓       Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys         ✓       Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.       Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         1) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise		
<ul> <li>tourists either in the same date or at different dates.</li> <li>Queries: <ol> <li>List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any</li> <li>Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>List out the book details under a particular course</li> <li>Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		
Queries:       i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.         ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourist visited.         iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".         iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.         v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.         Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any         6       Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.         STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)       COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)         TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)       ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)         BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)       .       Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys $\checkmark$ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.       Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:         1) List out the student details under a particular course       4) List out the book details under a particular course         4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.       1		
<ul> <li>i. List the state name which is having maximum number of tourist places.</li> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> <li>Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.</li> <li>STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements: <ol> <li>List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>List out the book details under a particular course</li> <li>Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.</li> <li>iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE ) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.</li> <li>STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".</li> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.</li> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> 6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int) <ul> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> </ul> Execute SQL queries for the following requirements: <ul> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist places.         <ul> <li>v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.</li> </ul> </li> <li>Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any</li> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)         <ul> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li></ul></li></ul>		ii. List details of Tourist place where maximum number of tourists visited.
places.         v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.         Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any         6       Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.         STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)         COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)         TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)         ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)         BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)         ✓       Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys         ✓       Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.         Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:       1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.         2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise         3) List out all the book details under a particular course         4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.		iii. List the details of tourists visited all tourist places of the state "KARNATAKA".
v.       Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.         Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any         6       Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)         ✓       Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys         ✓       Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.         Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:       1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.         2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise         3) List out all the book details under a particular course         4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.		iv. Display the details of the tourists visited at least one tourist place of the state, but visited all states tourist
Demonstration Experiments ( For CIE ) if any         6       Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)         ✓       Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys         ✓       Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.         Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:       1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.         2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise         3) List out all the book details under a particular course         4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.		places.
<ul> <li>6 Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course. STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date) COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table. Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		v. Display the details of the tourist place visited by the tourists of all country.
<ul> <li>STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)</li> <li>COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)</li> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		Demonstration Experiments (For CIE) if any
COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String) TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string) ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int) BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int) $\checkmark$ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys $\checkmark$ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table. Execute SQL queries for the following requirements: 1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner. 2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise 3) List out all the book details under a particular course 4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.	6	Consider the following database of student enrollment in courses and books adopted for each course.
<ul> <li>TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)</li> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		STUDENT (regno#: string, name: string, major: string, bdate: date)
<ul> <li>ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)</li> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		COURSE (course#: int, cname: string, dept: String)
<ul> <li>BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)</li> <li>✓ Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>✓ Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		TEXT (book_ISBN#: int, book_title: string, publisher: string, author: string)
<ul> <li>Create the above tables by properly specifying the primary keys and the foreign keys</li> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		ENROLL (regno#: string, course#: int, sem: int, marks: int)
<ul> <li>Enter at least 7 to 10 records to each table.</li> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		BOOK_ADOPTION (course#: int, sem: int, book_ISBN: int)
<ul> <li>Execute SQL queries for the following requirements:</li> <li>1) List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ul>		
<ol> <li>List out the student details, and their course details. The records should be ordered in a semester wise manner.</li> <li>List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li> <li>List out all the book details under a particular course</li> <li>Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li> </ol>		
<ul><li>2) List out the student details under a particular department whose name is ordered in a semester wise</li><li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li><li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li></ul>		
<ul><li>3) List out all the book details under a particular course</li><li>4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.</li></ul>		
4) Find out the Courses in which number of students studying will be more than 2.		
5) Find out the Publisher who has published more than 2 books.		
		5) Find out the Publisher who has published more than 2 books.

- 6) Find out the authors who have written book for I semester, computer science course.
- 7) List out the student details whose total number of months starting from their date of birth is more than 225
- 8) Find out the course name to which maximum number of students have joined

## Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Create database objects.
- Design entity-relationship diagrams to solve given database applications.
- Implement a database schema for a given problem.
- Formulate SQL queries in Oracle for the given problem.
- Apply normalization techniques to improve the database design for the given problem.
- Build database and verify for its appropriate normalization for any given problem

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

Course		Programming Labor 22MCAL28	CIE Marks	50
Teachin	ng Hours/Week (L:P: SDA)	0:3:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits		2	Exam Hours	03
Course • •	e objectives: Using java programming to develop Reinforce the understanding of basic		*	
Sl.NO		Experiments		
1	Write a Java program to print the fol 1 1 2 1 2 3 1 2 3 4 1 2 3 4 5			J.
2	Write a Java program to list the facto (Hint Fact of $4 = 4*3*2*1$ )	orial of the numbers 1 to 10. To	calculate the factorial value	, use while loop
3		nference of the circle by accepting whether the number is Prime		
4	Write a Java program to demonstrate	e a division by zero exception	) *	
5	Write a Java program to implement	Inner class and demonstrate its	Access protection.	
6	Write a Java program to demonstrate	e Constructor Overloading and	Method Overloading.	
7	Write a JAVA program to demonstra inheritance using interfaces to calcu			tion of Multiple
8	Write a Java applet program, which	handles keyboard event.		
	Der	monstration Experiments ( Fo	or CIE ) if any	
9	Write a Java Program to create a win	ndow when we press		
	$\checkmark$ M or m the window display	vs Good Morning		
	$\checkmark$ A or a the window displays			
	• E or e the window displays			
	✓ N or n the window displays	s Good Night		
10	Write a Java program to implement throws). a. Complete the following: representing some common shapes 1 program.	b. Create a package named sha	pe. c. Create some classes in	n the package

## Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate the fundamental data types and constructs of Java Programming by writing executable/interpretable programs.
- Illustrate the object oriented principles with the help of java programs.
- Develop reusable and efficient applications using inheritance concepts of java.
- Learn the object oriented concepts and its implementation in Java.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

	Data Analytics using Python		
Course Code	22MCA31	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Course Learning objectives:</li><li>Explain the basic of Python prog</li></ul>	-		
• Design real time application usin	g Python collection Objects and classes	5	
• Familiarize the concept of D	ata Visualization with NumPy, Sea	lborn	
Define the Web Scraping and	l Numerical Analysis		
	Module-1		Ĝ
Python Basic Concepts and Programm	ng		
Interpreter, Parts of Python PrograVariables, Operators, Precedence andReading Input, Print Output, Type CorThe if Decision Control Flow StatemerControl Statement, Nested if StatemerSequences - Strings, Built-In FunctionThe return Statement and void FurArguments, *args and **kwargs, CommTeaching-Chalk and Talk/PPT/WLearningProcessPython Collection Objects, ClassesString Slicing and Joining, String MIndexing and Slicing in Lists, Built-In Ireading and writing files. Class DefinitiTeaching-Chalk and Talk/PPTLearningChalk and Talk/PPT	Associativity, Data Types, Indentativersions, The type() Function and I types, The ifelse Decision Control Flow nt, The while Loop, The for Loop, 's, Commonly Used Modules, Function and Line Arguments. b Content Module-2 Basic String Operations, Accessing Clethods, Formatting Strings, Lists-Co Functions Used on Lists, List Methods on – Constructors – Inheritance – Over	tion, Comments, Prop s Operator, Control F Statement, The ifel The continue and br n Definition and Calli ables, Default Param haracters in String by reating Lists, Basic s. Sets, Tuples and Di	gram Execution, Flow Statements, ifelse Decision eak Statements, ng the Function, neters, Keyword
Process			
Data Dra processing - 1 Data M.	Module-3		
Data Pre-processing and Data Wran Acquiring Data with Python: Load Python: Stripping out extraneous in Merging Data Sets – Reshaping an Expressions.	ing from CSV files, Accessing SQ nformation, Normalizing data ANI nd Pivoting – Data Transformatio	D Formatting data.	Combining and
Teaching- Learning Process	eb Content		
Y	Module-4		
Web Scraping And Numerical Analysis Data Acquisition by Scraping web appli through form submission – CSS Selectors	cations –Submitting a form - Fetching . NumPy Essentials: TheNumPy	g web pages – Down	loading web pages
Teaching- LearningChalk and Talk/PPT/WProcess			
	Module-5		
Data Visualization with NumPy Arrays, N Data Visualization: Matplotlib package - Getting and setting values – Patches. Adv	- Plotting Graphs - Controlling Graph	-	

#### Learning Process

Process

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O'Reilly Publishers, 2016 (http://greenteapress.com/wp/thinkpython/)
- Guido van Rossum and Fred L. Drake Jr, —An Introduction to Python Revised and updated for Python 3.2, Network Theory Ltd., 2011.
- Jake Vander plas, "Python Data Science Handbook: Essential tools for working with data", O'Reilly Publishers, I Edition.

## **Reference Books**

- Mark Lutz, "Programming Python", O'Reilly Media, 4th edition, 2010.
- Tim Hall and J-P Stacey, "Python 3 for Absolute Beginners", Apress, 1st edition, 2009.
- Magnus Lie Hetland, "Beginning Python: From Novice to Professional", Apress, Second Edition, 2005.
- 4. Shai Vaingast, "Beginning Python Visualization Crafting Visual Transformation Scripts", Apress, 2nd edition, 2014. 6. Wes Mc Kinney, "Python for Data Analysis", O'Reilly Media, 2012.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• https://youtu.be/4SJ7bEILPJk

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Understand and comprehend the basics of Python programming.	L2
CO2	Apply knowledge in real time applications	L3
CO3	Apply the Data Pre-processing & Data Wrapping	L3
CO4	Demonstrate the Web Scraping And Numerical Analysis	L3

01		002	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
/ <b>1</b>	P01	P02	rU3	r04	PU5	PU0	<u>ru/</u>	ruð	P09	FU10	FUII	ru12
)2	X	1	x		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1		X
)3					X		<u> </u>			X		
)4	1	X		1		ł	1					
		•			•	•			•	•		
											5	
									0			
								Y				
				· ·								
	$\sim$	P										
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ											
	Ċ	A										
	Ċ											
	Ċ											
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ	P										
	Ċ											

@#01112023

## Semester- III

Semester- III				
	1	Internet of Things		
Course Code		22MCA32	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
	ing objectives:			
		gn along with functional/compu	ite stack and data managem	ent.
	in IOT architecture for a giver			
		ansport layer methods for the give	ven business case.	
-	se the application of data anal		1.6.4.	*
Analy	se the architecture and develo	p programming using modern to	ools for the given use case	C
		Module-1		Challen and LaT
		gitization, IoT Impact, Conver	-	-
	•	rs Behind New Network Arch		
-		Functional Stack, IoT Data Ma	inagement and Compute S	tack
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web	Content		
Learning Process				
FIUCESS		M - 1 - 1 - 2		
		Module-2		
		ors, Actuators, and Smart Obj	jects, Sensor Networks, Co	onnecting Smart
Objects, Com	munications Criteria, IoT Ac	cess Technologies		
<b>T b !</b>				
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and Talk/PPT/W	eb Content		
Process				
1100033		Module-3		
IP as the Io'	r Network I aver The Bu	siness Case for IP, The nee	d for Ontimization On	timizing IP for
		cation Protocols for IoT, 7		-
			The Transport Layer, I	or Application
Transport M	lethous.			
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web	Content		
Learning		Someric		
Process				
1100035		Module-4		
Data and Anal	ution for LaT An Introduction		ahina Laamina Dia Data A	naletica Teals and
		to Data Analytics for IoT, Mac		
•••		etwork Analytics, Securing IoT		•
-	E C	T Security Practices and Syst	-	narysis Structures:
		n of Security in an Operational	Environment	
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web	content		
Learning Process				
riocess	/	Module-5		
IoT Physical Γ	Devices and Endpoints - Ardu	uno UNO: Introduction to Ard	uino, Arduino UNO, Instal	ling the Software
•	•	Physical Devices and Endpoint		•
		Layout, Operating Systems		
		Vireless Temperature Monitorin		
		SH, Accessing Temperature f		-
		An IoT Strategy for Smarter Cit		
	ecture, Smart City Use-Case		ico, omar City 101 Atellio	court, Smart City
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web C	Jointellit		
Process				
1100033				

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

- David Hanes, Gonzalo Salgueiro, Patrick Grossetete, Robert Barton, Jerome Henry, "IoT Fundamentals: Networking Technologies, Protocols, and Use Cases for the"Internet of Things", 1stEdition, Pearso Education (Cisco Press Indian Reprint). (ISBN: 9789386873743)
- Srinivasa K G, "Internet of Things", CENGAGE Leaning India, 2017

## **Reference Books**

- Vijay Madisetti and Arshdeep Bahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-on-Approach)", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, VPT, 2014. (ISBN: 978-8173719547)
- Raj Kamal, "Internet of Things: Architecture and Design Principles", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017. (ISBN: 978-9352605224)

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://youtu.be/WUYAjxnwjU4

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
C01	Analyse the IoT architecture and design along with functional/compute stack and	L3
	data management.	
CO2	Apply IOT architecture for a given problem.	L3
CO3	Analyse the application protocol, transport layer methods for the given business	L3
	case.	
C04	Analyse the application of data analytics for IOT for a given.	L23
CO5	Analyse the architecture and develop programming using modern tools for the given	L2
	use case	

01 01 02 X V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V		P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P01
	201												
	C <b>O</b> 2	X									X		
	CO3		X						X				
syland syland	204				-								
sylladis and sylladis	205	X		X					X		X		
stland stranger													
sylladite sylladite											(		
Syllador Mchanges												P	
Action												•	
SALCA SALC													
A													
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A								4					
							$\mathbf{C}$						
							C		3				
							C	2	3				
							C	2	3				
						2	C	2	)				
							C	2	3				
					5		C	2	3				
					5		C	2	3				
					5		C	2					
					5		C						
					5		C						
			P		5		C						
					5		C						
		Ċ			5		C						
		Ċ			5		C						
		Ċ			5		C						
		Ċ			5		C						

#### Semester- III

Semester- III		Block aboin Technology		
Course Code		Block chain Technology 22MCA331	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	22MCA331 2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours o		40	Total Marks	100
Credits	i i cuugogy	03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>Demo</li> <li>Illusti</li> <li>Evalu</li> <li>Exem</li> <li>Analy</li> </ul>	rate the role of block chain a plate the usage of Block chain aplify the usage of bitcoins and ze the application of specific to Block chain, How Bloc	hain concepts using modern tools oplications in different domains ir implementation/features for the g nd its impact on the economy. block chain architecture for a giv <u>Module-1</u> k chain works, Block chain vs b	ncluding cyber security. given problem. ven problem	ons, public and
· ·	-	ck chain, Myths about Bitcoin.		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	b Content		
		Module-2		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/	Web Content		
		Module-3		
payment ve	rification , Resolving Cor	ng, Mining, Proof of work. I Iflicts , Creation of Blocks	Introduction to Merkel	tree, Privacy ,
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	bContent		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-4		
	Bitcoin, key concepts of Bi in wallet, Converting Bitcoin	tcoin, Merits and De Merits Fork as to Fiat Currency.	and Segwits, Sending and F	Receiving bitcoins,
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	b Content		
1100033		Module-5		
	Ethereum, Advantages and orking principle, Law and Re	l Disadvantages, Ethereum vs Bit	tcoin, Introduction to Smart	contracts, usage,
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web	Content		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

- Beginning Block chain: A Beginner's Guide to Building Blockchain Solutions by ArshdeepBikramaditya Signal, Gautam Dhameja (Priyansu Sekhar Panda., A Press.) 2018
- Block chain Applications: A Hands-On Approach by Bahga, Vijay Madisetti ,2017
- Block chain by Melanie Swan, OReilly 2015

#### **Reference Books**

- Bitcoin and Cryptocurrency Technologies by Aravind Narayan. Joseph Bonneau, princton
- Bitcoin and Blockchain Basics: A non-technical introduction for beginners by Arthu.T Books.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• <u>https://youtu.be/mzPoUjQC4WU</u>

## **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Demonstrate the basics of Block chain concepts using modern tools/technologies.	L2
C02	Analyze the role of block chain applications in different domains including cyber	L3
	security.	
CO3	Evaluate the usage of Block chain implementation/features for the given problem.	L2
CO4	Exemplify the usage of bitcoins and its impact on the economy	L2
C05	Analyze the application of specific block chain architecture for a given problem	L2

		P01	POs PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	<b>PO</b> 1
	CO1												
		X					1				X	1	
				X					X				
		X								X			
Man	CO5			X									
Magain												5	
MA												2	
MA													
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A													
MA SHE													
MA													
MA									Y				
ACA													
						2							
					5								
				0	6								
					5								
					5								
					6								
					5								
					5								
					5								
		Ċ	<u>P</u>		5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ć											
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ	P		5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ	P		5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ			5								
		Ċ			5								

Semester-III

Semester- III	Cloud Commenting		
Course Code	Cloud Computing 22MCA332	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning objectives: • Explain the fundamentals of • Illustrate the cloud applicati • Contrast different cloud plat	on programming and aneka platfor	m	
	Module-1		Ċ
Introduction to Cloud Con	nputing: Eras of comp	outing, The visior	of Cloud
Computing, Defining a clou	d, A closer look, Cloue	d computing refere	ence model,
Historical developments: Di	istributed systems, Virt	tualization, Web 2	2.0; Service
oriented computing; Utility or	iented computing.		
Teaching- LearningChalk and Talk/PPT/WeProcess	b Content		
	Module-2	Y	
Architectures for parallel a computing, Elements of par Technologies for distributed co Teaching- Learning	callel computing, Eleme		
Process			
	Module-3		
Virtualization: Introduction,	Characteristics of virtual	lized environments,	Taxonomy
of virtualization techniques,	Virtualization and cloud	l computing, Pros	and cons of
virtualization, Technology	examples: Xen: Para	virtualization, Vm	Ware: Full
virtualization, Microsoft Hype	er - V.		
<b>Teaching-</b> Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	b Content		
Learning			
Process	Module-4		
Claud accounting analytic structure		wan aa waa dalu Awahi	ta atuma Ia a C
Cloud computing architecture:			
PaaS, SaaS, Types of Clou		yorid and Commu	inity clouds,
Economics of the cloud, Open			
Teaching- Chalk and Talk/PPT/We Learning Process	b Content		
	Module-5		
Cloud Platforms in Industry		• • • •	
Azure; Cloud Applications. So			
Business and Consumer applic		oductivity; Social n	etworking
Teaching- Learning	o Content		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

1. RjkumarBuyya, Christian Vecchiola, and ThamaraiSelci, Mastering Cloud Computing, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, India, 2013

#### **Reference Books**

- Cloud Computing for Dummies by Judith Hurwitz, R.Bloor, M. Kanfman, F.Halper (Wiley India Edition)
- 2. Cloud Computing: A Practical Approach by J.Vette, Toby J. Vette, Robert Elsenpeter (Tata McGraw Hill).

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

## **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course of	Course outcome (Course Skill Set)						
At the end	At the end of the course the student will be able to :						
Sl. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>					
C01	Demonstrate the fundamental and core concepts of cloud computing	L2					
CO2	Compare between parallel and distributed computing	L3					
CO3	Investigate the system virtualization and outline its role in enabling the cloud computing system model	L2					
CO4	Compare different deployment and service models of cloud to develop different variety of applications	L2					

	P01	POs PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P01
CO1	X											
CO2	X	X			X					X		1
CO3	X	X										
CO4	X	X	X									
										(		
							1					
						Ċ						
						Ċ						
						Ċ	5	5				
						Ċ	2	5				
					0	Ċ	2	5				
						Ċ	2					
						Ċ		5				
					$\hat{\mathbf{A}}$	Ċ						
						Ċ						
						Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
						Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
		P		5		Ċ						
		P		5		Ċ						
				5		Ċ						
	Ċ			5		Ċ						
	Ċ			5		Ċ						
	Ċ			5		Ċ						
	Ċ			5		Ċ						
	Ċ			5		Ċ						

# Semester-III

Course Code		Digital Marketing		
		22MCA333	CIE Marks	50
<u> </u>	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Demon</li><li>Demon</li><li>Illustra</li></ul>	nstrate the use of different ele	ed to e-marketing for the given ca ectronic media for designing marl n improving digital marketing eting for the given problem		
•	e technical solutions to over			C
		Module-1		
Internet; Cun marketing as framework, D <b>Teaching-</b>	rent trends, Info-graph a tool; Drivers of the r	Plution of Digital Marketing f nics, implications for busin new marketing environmen marketing plan, Digital mark Content	ess & society; Emerg t; Digital marketing st	gence of digital
Learning				
Process		Module-2		
Campaign Re				
Learning		Veb Content		
Process				
		Module-3		
Social Media platforms, p Facebook M Adverts, Fac Marketing, F and Targetin different the Campaigns I Mobile Marl Developmen	enetration & character larketing: - Business th ebook Marketing Tools raming Linkedin Strateg ng Twitter Marketing: - an other forms of dig nstagram and Snapchat keting: - Mobile Advert t, Mobile Advertising An	fluencer Marketing, Tools & ristics; Building a successfu hrough Facebook Marketin Linkedin Marketing: - Intro ty, Lead Generation through - Introduction to Twitter M ital marketing, framing co a - Digital Marketing Strateg tising, Forms of Mobile Ma alytics Introduction to social	Il social media mark g, Creating Advertisin duction and Importan Linkedin, Content Stra Iarketing, how twitten ntent strategy, Twitten ies through Instagram rketing, Features, Mo	eting strategy ng Campaigns, ce of Linkedin tegy, Analytics r Marketing is er Advertising and Snapchat
Social Media platforms, p Facebook M Adverts, Fac Marketing, F and Targetin different the Campaigns I Mobile Marl Developmen Teaching-	enetration & character larketing: - Business th ebook Marketing Tools raming Linkedin Strateg ng Twitter Marketing: - an other forms of dig nstagram and Snapchats keting: - Mobile Advert	fluencer Marketing, Tools & ristics; Building a successfu hrough Facebook Marketin Linkedin Marketing: - Intro ty, Lead Generation through - Introduction to Twitter M ital marketing, framing co a - Digital Marketing Strateg tising, Forms of Mobile Ma alytics Introduction to social	Il social media mark g, Creating Advertisin duction and Importan Linkedin, Content Stra Iarketing, how twitten ntent strategy, Twitten ies through Instagram rketing, Features, Mo	eting strategy ng Campaigns, ce of Linkedin tegy, Analytics r Marketing is er Advertising and Snapchat
Social Media platforms, p Facebook M Adverts, Fac Marketing, F and Targetin different tha Campaigns I Mobile Marl Developmen Teaching- Learning	enetration & character larketing: - Business th ebook Marketing Tools raming Linkedin Strateg ng Twitter Marketing: - an other forms of dig nstagram and Snapchat keting: - Mobile Advert t, Mobile Advertising An	fluencer Marketing, Tools & ristics; Building a successfu hrough Facebook Marketin Linkedin Marketing: - Intro ty, Lead Generation through - Introduction to Twitter M ital marketing, framing co a - Digital Marketing Strateg tising, Forms of Mobile Ma alytics Introduction to social	Il social media mark g, Creating Advertisin duction and Importan Linkedin, Content Stra Iarketing, how twitten ntent strategy, Twitten ies through Instagram rketing, Features, Mo	eting strategy ng Campaigns, ce of Linkedin tegy, Analytics r Marketing is er Advertising and Snapchat
Social Media platforms, p Facebook M Adverts, Fac Marketing, F and Targetin different tha Campaigns I Mobile Marl Developmen Teaching- Learning	enetration & character larketing: - Business th ebook Marketing Tools raming Linkedin Strateg ng Twitter Marketing: - an other forms of dig nstagram and Snapchat keting: - Mobile Advert t, Mobile Advertising An	fluencer Marketing, Tools & ristics; Building a successfu hrough Facebook Marketin Linkedin Marketing: - Intro ty, Lead Generation through - Introduction to Twitter M ital marketing, framing co a - Digital Marketing Strateg tising, Forms of Mobile Ma alytics Introduction to social	Il social media mark g, Creating Advertisin duction and Importan Linkedin, Content Stra Iarketing, how twitten ntent strategy, Twitten ies through Instagram rketing, Features, Mo	eting strategy ng Campaigns, ce of Linkedin tegy, Analytics r Marketing is er Advertising and Snapchat
platforms, p Facebook M Adverts, Fac Marketing, F and Targetin different tha Campaigns I Mobile Marl Developmen <b>Teaching- Learning</b> <b>Process</b> Introduction and need for and off-page AdWords; da	enetration & character farketing: - Business th ebook Marketing Tools raming Linkedin Strateg ng Twitter Marketing: - an other forms of dig nstagram and Snapchat: keting: - Mobile Advert t, Mobile Advertising Ans Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web to SEO, SEM, Web Analyt SEO, How to use interne optimization, SEO Tactic	fluencer Marketing, Tools & ristics; Building a successfu hrough Facebook Marketin Linkedin Marketing: - Intro ty, Lead Generation through - Introduction to Twitter M ital marketing, framing co a - Digital Marketing Strateg rising, Forms of Mobile Ma alytics Introduction to social Content	al social media mark g, Creating Advertisin duction and Importan Linkedin, Content Stra Iarketing, how twitten ntent strategy, Twitten ies through Instagram rketing, Features, Mo media metrics	eting strategy ng Campaigns, ce of Linkedin tegy, Analytics r Marketing is er Advertising and Snapchat bile Campaign g Introduction pattern, On -page

Process								
	Module-5							
Social Media	Channels: Introduction, Key terms and concepts, Traditional media vs Social media. Social							
	els: Social networking. Content creation, Bookmarking & aggregating and Location & social							
	ing social media campaigns. Social media marketing: Rules of engagement. Advantages and							
challenges.	Social Media Strategy: Introduction, Key terms and concepts. Using social media to solve							
business cha	llenges. Step-by-step guide to creating a social media strategy. Documents and processes.							
Dealing with	opportunities and threats. Step-by-step guide for recovering from an online brand attack.							
Social media	Social media risks and challenges							
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web Content							
Learning								
Process	t Datails (both CIE and CEE)							
	t Details (both CIE and SEE)							
	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The sing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the							
-	rks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the							
	I to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum							
	C (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.							
	Internal Evaluation:							
	it Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b>							
	gnments each of <b>20 Marks</b> or <b>one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks</b>							
	the COs and POs							
The sum of thr	ree tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks							
<b>CIE methods</b>	/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the							
outcome defin	ned for the course.							
Semester E	nd Examination:							
	question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.							
-	tion paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks. question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions)							
	h module.							
	question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.							
• The stude	ents will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module							
Suggested Lea	arning Resources:							
Books								
	mar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, and Thamarai Selvi Mastering Cloud. Computing McGraw Hill Education							
Reference Boo	KS							
• Dan C	. Marinescu, Cloud Computing Theory and Practice, Morgan Kaufmann, Elsevier 2013.							
	d Video Lectures (e-Resources):							
Skill Develop	•							
	vith the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their ared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.							
	area report shan be evaluated for Gill marks.							

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	l of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Analyze the use of different electronic media for designing marketing activities	L3
CO2	Analyze the role of search engine in improving digital marketing	L3
CO3	Analyze role of social media marketing for the given problem	L3
CO4	Overcome social media threats with the analysis of technical solutions	L2

# **Mapping of COS and POs**

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1										X		7
CO2	X		X									
CO3												
CO4		X							X			
		•		•								

## Semester- III

Semester-III	<u> </u>	Deject Oriented Modeling and I	Design	
Course Code	<u> </u>	22MCA334	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	· · · · ·	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Cource Learn	ing objectives:			
		Object-Oriented modeling and the	heir benefits	
	-	model, sequence model and state		lom
		process approach to design and bi	• 1	nem.
-		process approach to design and of opportunity of the process approach to design and of opportunity of the process approach to design and of the process approach to design approach to d	•	
	•			Ċ-
Choos	e an appropriate design pat	tern to facilitate development pro Module-1	cedure.	
Advanced obj	oct and class concents: As	sociation ends; N-ary association	ne: Aggrogation: Abstract	classos: Multiplo
	-	Constraints; Derived Data; Pa		-
		ams, State diagram behaviour.	ickages. State Mouening.	Events, States,
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	-		
Learning		eb Content		
Process				
1100000		Module-2		
UsoCaso Mod	olling and Dotailod Poqu	irements: Overview; Detailed	object oriented Pequiren	ante definitione
		o view; Identifying Input and		
		chart Diagram; Integrated Object		quenee unugrunn,
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/	Web Content		
Learning Process		· · ·		
110003		Module-3		
Process Ove	rview System Concent	ion and Domain Analysis: P	rocess Overview: Develo	nment stages
		Conception: Devising a sys		
-		main Analysis: Overview of	•	•
	-		allalysis, Dollialli Glass I	nouel. Domain
		del; Iterating the analysis.		
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	eb Content		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-4		
		Discipline within up iteration	•	• •
between Re	quirements and Imple	ementation; Design Classes	s and Design within (	lass Diagrams;
Interaction	Diagrams-Realizing Us	e Case and defining met	hods; Designing with	Communication
Diagrams; U	odating the Design Clas	ss Diagram; Package Diagra	ms Structuring the Maj	or Components;
	ion Issues for Three-Lay		с ,	-
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	<u> </u>		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-5		
-		t is a design pattern?, Desci		-
design patter	rns, Organizing the cata	llogue, How design patterns	solve design problems,	how to select a
design patte	rns, how to use a des	sign pattern; Creational pat	terns: prototype and s	ingleton (only);
structural pa	tterns adaptor and prox	xy (only).		
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web			
	, ,			
Learning				

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML,2nd Edition, Pearson Education,
- Satzinger, Jackson and Burd: Object-Oriented Analysis & Design with the Unified Process, Cengage Learning.
- Erich Gamma, Richard Helm, Ralph Johnson and john Vlissides: Design Patterns –Elements of Reusable Object-Oriented Software, Pearson Education.

# **Reference Books**

- Grady Booch et. al.: Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- Frank Buschmann, RegineMeunier, Hans Rohnert, Peter Sommerlad, Michel Stal: Pattern –Oriented Software Architecture. A system of patterns, Volume 1, John Wiley and Sons.2007.
- Booch, Jacobson, Rambaugh : Object-Oriented Analysis and Design with Applications, 3rdedition, pearson, Reprint 2013.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

# **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Explain the concepts of object-oriented and basic class modelling.	L2
CO2	Create class diagrams, sequence diagrams and interaction diagrams to solve problems.	L3
CO3	Choose and apply a befitting design pattern for the given problem.	L2

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1										X		
CO2	Х		Х									
CO3												Х

@#01112023

### Semester-III

Semester- m	NOSQL		
Course Code	22MCA335	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>Course Learning objectives:</li> <li>Demonstrate the concepts of unst</li> <li>Analyse and Manage the Data usi</li> <li>Develop the applications using N</li> <li>Realize the concept of Map Redu</li> <li>Analyze the framework of NOSC</li> </ul>	ng CRUD operations oSQL ce its applicability in the real work	d application development	Ċ
	Module-1		
Introduction to NoSQL ,Definition of	NoSQL, History of NoSQL and	l Different NoSQL produ	icts.
Exploring NoSQL Exploring Mongo	DB Java/Ruby/Python, Interfa	acing and Interacting wi	th NoSQL.
Teaching- LearningChalk and Talk/PPT/WeProcess	eb Content		
	Module-2		
NoSQL Basics: NoSQL Storage Archi	tecture. CRUD operations wi	th Mongo DB. Querving	. Modifving and
Managing. Data Storage in NoSQL: N			
DB/Cassandra)			
Teaching- Learning Process	Web Content		
Flocess	Module-3		
Advanced NoSQL, NoSQL in Cloud, I		Reduce, Big Data with H	ive.
		<u> </u>	
<b>Teaching-</b> Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	eb Content		
Learning			
Process			
	Module-4		
Working with NoSQL, Surveying Dat and NoSQL, using MySQL as a NoSQI		om RDBMS to NoSQL, W	eb Frameworks
Teaching- Learning ProcessChalk and Talk/PPT/We	eb Content		
1100033	Module-5		
Developing Web Application with MongoDB, Creating Blog Application	NOSQL and NOSQL Administr	ration Php and Mongol	DB, Python and
Teaching- LearningChalk and Talk/PPT/WellProcess	o Content		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

# **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

**CO3** 

**CO4** 

• Professional NOSQL Shashank Tiwari WROX Press

### **Reference Books**

• The Definitive Guide to Mongo DB, The NOSQL Database for cloud and Desktop Computing Eelco Plugge, Peter Membrey and Tim Hawkins A Press

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

#### **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

#### **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Х

Х

Sl. No.					Descri	iption					Bloon	ns Level
C01	Analyse	and Mana	age the Da	ta using	CRUD of	perations					L2	
CO2	Apply and Develop the applications using NoSQL									L3		
CO3	Realize the concept of Map Reduce its applicability in the real world application development								plication	L2		
C04	Apply th	e framev	vork of N	OSQL to	find the	solution	5				L2	
Mapping of COS and POs												
	P01 P02 P03 P04 P05 P06 P07 P08 P09 P010								P010	P011	P012	
CO1										X		
CO2												

X

Х

Х

	Advanced Java and J2EE		
Course Code	22MCA341	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

Course Learning objectives:

- Explain the need for advanced Java concepts like Enumerations and Collections
- Define the working of Strings in Java
- Demonstrate the use of JDBC to access database through Java Programs
- Adapt servlets to build server side programs

#### Module-1

Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations(metadata): Enumerations, Enumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() Methods, java enumerations are class types, enumerations Inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of Warning. Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, Obtaining Annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element Interface, Using Default values, Marker Annotations, Single Member annotations, Built-In annotations.

Teaching-Learning Process

Module-2

The collections and Framework: Collections Overview, Recent Changes to Collections, The Collection Interfaces, The Collection Classes, Accessing a collection Via an Iterator, Storing User Defined Classes in Collections, The Random Access Interface, Working With Maps, Comparators, The Collection Algorithms, Why Generic Collections?, The legacy Classes and Interfaces, Parting Thoughts on Collections.

Teaching-Learning Process

Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources

Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources

Module-3

String Handling :The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, String Literals, String Concatenation, String Concatenation with Other Data Types, String Conversion and toString() Character Extraction, charAt(), getChars(), getBytes() toCharArray(), String Comparison, equals() and equalsIgnoreCase( ), regionMatches() startsWith() and endsWith(), equals() Versus == , compareTo() Searching Strings, Modifying a String, substring(), concat(), replace(), trim(), Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer , StringBuffer Constructors, length() and capacity(), ensureCapacity(), setLength(), charAt() and setCharAt(), getChars(),append(), insert(), reverse(), delete() and deleteCharAt(), replace(), substring(), Additional StringBuffer Methods, StringBuilder.

Teaching-						
Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources					
Process						
	Module-4					
Background; T	The Life Cycle of a Servlet; Using Tomcat for Servlet Development; A simple Servlet; The Servlet API;					
The Javax.servlet Package; Reading Servlet Parameter; The Javax.servlet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests						
and Responses; Using Cookies; Session Tracking. Java Server Pages (JSP): JSP, JSP Tags, Tomcat, Request String,						
User Sessions,	Cookies, Session Objects					
Teaching-						
Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources					
Process						
Module-5						

The Concept of JDBC; JDBC Driver Types; JDBC Packages; A Brief Overview of the JDBC process; Database Connection; Associating the JDBC/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet; Transaction Processing; Metadata, Data types; Exceptions

Teaching-							
Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Case Study						
Process							
	Details (both CIE and SEE)						
	ge of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The						
minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the							
maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the							
	ed to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum						
	E (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.						
Continuous Internal Evaluation: • Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks							
<ul> <li>Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks</li> </ul>							
• Two assignments each of 20 Marks of one skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs							
	ree tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks						
	/question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome						
defined for th							
Semester End	Examination:						
• Th to !	e SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced 50.						
• Th	e question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.						
	ch full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub- estions) from each module.						
• Ea	ch full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.						
• Th	e students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module						
Suggested Lea Books	arning Resources:						

- Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference, 7th/9th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- Jim Keogh: J2EE-TheCompleteReference, McGraw Hill, 2007.

Reference book:

- Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7thEdition, Pearson Education, 2007.
- Stephanie Bodoff et al: The J2EE Tutorial, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- Uttam K Roy, Advanced JAVA programming, Oxford University press, 2015.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://youtu.be/pobgvYXsBIo https://youtu.be/J\_d1fJy90GY

Skill Development Activities Suggested

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.DescriptionBlooms LevelC01Interpret the need for advanced Java concepts like enumerations and collections in<br/>developing modular and efficient programsL2C02Develop Solutions to problems using Arrays, Structures, Stack, QueuesL3C03Illustrate database access and details for managing information using the JDBC APIL4

Mapping of	COS and F	POs										
	P01	PO2	PO3	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
C01	Х											Х
CO2					Х			Х				Х
CO3		Х				Х						Х
L		<u>I</u>	1	1	1	1	1	<u>I</u>	1	1		1

Introducti	on to Dot Net Framewor	k for Application Developme	nt					
Course Code		22MCA342	CIE Marks	50				
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50				
Total Hours of	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100				
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03				
<ul> <li>Course Learning objectives: <ul> <li>Inspect Visual Studio programming environment and toolset designed to build applications for Microsoft Windows</li> <li>Explain Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language.</li> <li>Interpret Interfaces and define custom interfaces for application.</li> <li>Build custom collections and generics in C#</li> <li>Explore events and query data using query expressions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>								
Explore events and query data using query expressions     Module-1								
Introducing Microsoft Visual C# and Microsoft Visual Studio 2015: Welcome to C#, Working with variables, operators and expressions, Writing methods and applying scope, Using decision statements, Using compound assignment and iteration statements, Managing errors and exceptions         Teaching-       Learning         Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources								
Module-2								
Understanding the C# object model: Creating and Managing classes and objects, Understanding values and references, Creating value types with enumerations and structures, Using arrays Teaching-								
Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT							
		Module-3						
	ng parameter arrays, Wor e collection and resource r	king with inheritance, Creatin nanagement.	g interfaces and defining a	abstract classes,				
Teaching- Learning Process	Learning Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources							
		Module-4						
Using collection		lementing properties to access	fields, Using indexers, Intr	oducing generics,				
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / W							
		Module-5						
	Collections, Decoupling ap Operator overloading	plication logic and handling eve	ents, Querying inmemory d	ata by using query				
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Ca	se Study						

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together. **Continuous Internal Evaluation:** 

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks. •
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

John Sharp, Microsoft Visual C# Step by Step, 8th Edition, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd. 2016

#### **Reference Books:**

- Christian Nagel, "C# 6 and .NET Core 1.0", 1st Edition, Wiley India Pvt Ltd, 2016. Andrew Stellman and Jennifer Greene, "Head First C#", 3rd Edition, O"Reilly Publications, 2013.
- Mark Michaelis, "Essential C# 6.0", 5th Edition, Pearson Education India, 2016.
- Andrew Troelsen, "Prof C# 5.0 and the .NET 4.5 Framework", 6th Edition, Apress and Dreamtech Press, 2012.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://youtu.be/SXmVym6L8dw
- 2. https://youtu.be/M5ugY7fWydE

Skill Development Activities Suggested

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the en	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Build applications on Visual Studio .NET platform by understanding the syntax and	21001110 20101
	emantics of C#.	
CO2	Demonstrate Object Oriented Programming concepts in C# programming language	L3
	Design custom interfaces for applications and leverage the available built-in interfaces in	
	building complex applications.	
<u>CO 4</u>		
	Illustrate the use of generics and collections in C#	

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010
201	Х									
CO2		Х				Х			Х	Х
203	Х							Х		
CO 4			Х				Х		Х	

Course Code       22MCA343       CIE Marks       50         Teaching Hours/Week (LP:SDA)       2:0:2       SFE Marks       50         Total Hours of Pedagogy       40       Total Marks       100         Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       •       Illustrate the basic knowledge representation, problem solving, and learning methods of Artificial Intelligence.       •       Solve problems in Artificial Intelligence using Python.         •       Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.       Module-1         Problems and Search: What is Artificial Intelligence, The AI Problems, Defining the Problem as a State Space       Search, Problem Characteristics Searching strategies – Generate and Test, Heuristic Search Techniques- Hill         Climbing- issues in hill Climbing       Python-Introduction to Python- Lists Dictionaries & Tuples in Python- Python implementation of Hill Climbing         Teaching-       Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-2         Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python + OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The A0* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction, MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning         Teaching-       Learning         Learning       Ch		Know	ledge Engineering					
Total Mours of Pedagogy       40       Total Marks       100         Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       03       03         Illustrate the basic knowledge representation, problem solving, and learning methods of Artificial Intelligence.       Solve problems in Artificial Intelligence using Python.         Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.       Module-1         Problems and Search: What is Artificial Intelligence, The AI Problems, Defining the Problem as a State Space         Search, Problem Characteristics Searching strategies - Generate and Test, Heuristic Search Techniques- Hill         Climbing- issues in hill Climbing       Python-Introduction to Python-Lists Dictionaries & Tuples in Python-Python implementation of Hill Climbing         Teaching-       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-2         Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The A0* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction. MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning         Teaching-       Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning E         Teaching-	Course Code		22MCA343	CIE Marks	50			
Total Morrs of Pedagogy         40         Total Marks         100           Credits         03         Exam Hours         03           Course Learning objectives:         0         03         Exam Hours         03           Course Learning objectives:         0         11         03         03           Course Learning objectives:         03         03         03         03           Course Learning objectives:         03         03         03         03           Course Learning objectives:         03         03         03         03           Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.         03         04	Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50			
Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       Illustrate the basic knowledge representation, problem solving, and learning methods of Artificial Intelligence.       Solve problems in Artificial Intelligence using Python.         •       Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.         •       Module-1         Problems and Search: What is Artificial Intelligence. The AI Problems, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics Searching strategies - Generate and Test, Heuristic Search Techniques- Hill Climbing- issues in hill Climbing. Python-Introduction to Python-Lists Dictionaries & Tuples in Python-Python implementation of Hill Climbing         Teaching-Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-2         Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The AO* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction. MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning         Teaching-Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Proceedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning Teaching         Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources       Process         Module-4 <td></td> <td>, , ,</td> <td>40</td> <td>Total Marks</td> <td>100</td>		, , ,	40	Total Marks	100			
Illustrate the basic knowledge representation, problem solving, and learning methods of Artificial Intelligence.     Solve problems in Artificial Intelligence using Python.     Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.     Module-1 Problems and Search: What is Artificial Intelligence, The AI Problems, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics Searching strategies - Generate and Test, Heuristic Search Techniques- Hill Climbing- issues in hill Climbing. Python-Introduction to Python-Lists Dictionaries & Tuples in Python- Python implementation of Hill Climbing Teaching- Learning Process Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-2 Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The AO* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction, MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-3 Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning © Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-4 Learning Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-4 Learning Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-5 Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning. Teaching- Learning Chalk and Talk/PPT / Web resources Module-5 Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist Al and Symbolic Al.		0 00	03	Exam Hours	03			
Learning Process       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Module-2         Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The AO* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction. MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning         Teaching- Learning Process       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Module-3       Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning.a         Teaching- Learning Process       Module-4         Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning:       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist Al and Symbolic Al.	Course Learni Illustr Intelli Solve Comp Problems and Search, Prob climbing- iss implementati	<ul> <li>Illustrate the basic knowledge representation, problem solving, and learning methods of Artificial Intelligence.</li> <li>Solve problems in Artificial Intelligence using Python.</li> <li>Compare the Fuzzy Logic and knowledge processing in expert systems.</li> <li>Module-1</li> </ul> Problems and Search: What is Artificial Intelligence, The AI Problems, Defining the Problem as a State Space Search, Problem Characteristics Searching strategies – Generate and Test, Heuristic Search Techniques- Hill climbing- issues in hill climbing. Python-Introduction to Python- Lists Dictionaries & Tuples in Python- Python implementation of Hill Climbing						
Module-2         Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem         Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The AO* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction. MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta         pruning         Teaching- Learning         Process         Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification.         Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning. <sup>10</sup> Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist Al and Symbolic Al.	Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / W	/eb resources					
Search Methods - Best First Search - Implementation in Python - OR Graphs, The A * Algorithm, Problem Reduction AND-OR Graphs, The AO* algorithm, Constraint Satisfaction. MINIMAX search procedure, Alpha-Beta pruning         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning. <sup>[2]</sup> Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.			Module-2					
Learning Process       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.	pruning							
Module-3         Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates, Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification.         Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-4         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.	Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT	/ Web resources					
Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification. Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward versus Backward Reasoning. Teaching- Learning Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources Process Module-4 Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning. Teaching- Learning Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources Process Module-5 Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.			Module-3					
Module-4         Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching-Learning         Learning         Process         Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.	Knowledge representation - Using Predicate logic - representing facts in logic, functions and predicates,         Conversion to clause form, Resolution in propositional logic, Resolution in predicate logic, Unification.         Representing Knowledge Using Rules: Procedural Versus Declarative knowledge, Logic Programming, Forward         versus Backward Reasoning.         Teaching-         Learning         Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources							
Learning: What is learning, Rote learning, Learning by Taking Advice, Learning in Problem-solving, Learning from example: induction, Explanation-based learning.         Teaching-Learning       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Process       Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.	1100000		Module-4					
Learning Process       Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Web resources         Module-5         Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.			ng, Learning by Taking Advice, L	earning in Problem-solv	ing, Learning from			
Connectionist Models: Hopfield Networks, Learning in Neural Networks, Applications of Neural Networks, Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.	Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / W						
Recurrent Networks. Connectionist AI and Symbolic AI.				1 4 11 5 6				
Expert System –Representing and using Domain Knowledge – Reasoning with knowledge– Expert System Shells –Support for explanation- examples –Knowledge acquisition-examples.	Recurrent Net Expert System	works. Connectionist AI and using	nd Symbolic AI. Domain Knowledge – Reasoning	with knowledge- Exper				

Teaching-	
Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Case Study
Process	

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together. Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources: Books

# **TEXT BOOKS:**

- Elaine Rich and Kevin Knight, "Artificial Intelligence", Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd., New Delhi, Third Edition, ISBN: 13:978-0-07-008770-5.
- Stuart Russell, Peter Norvig, "Artificial Intelligence- A modern approach", Pearson Education Asia, Second Edition, ISBN:81-297-0041-7.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- Akshar Bharati, Vineet Chaitanya, Rajeev Sangal, "Natural Language Processing: A Paninian Perspective", Prentice Hall India Ltd., New Delhi, 1996, ISBN 10: 8120309219.
- Amit Konar, Artificial Intelligence and Soft Computing, CRC Press.
- Dan W.Patterson, "Introduction to Artificial Intelligence and Expert Systems", Prentice Hall India Ltd., New Delhi, 2009, ISBN: 81-203-0777-1.
- Rajendra Akerkar, Introduction to Artificial Intelligence, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd., 2005, ISBN: 81-203-2864-7.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106140
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=z2y1sMrHKDw</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=u\_TE42-uWD0</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=SWddnSmtbLE</u>

Skill Development Activities Suggested

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course ou	tcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Recognize the fundamental concepts of Artificial Intelligence such as knowledge repres	entation,
problem	solving, fuzzy set and expert systems	
CO2 Impl	ement the search methods using Python	
C03	Use the Connectionist Models for solving problems.	
		2

Mapping of C	COS and P	05										
1.000000	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
C01	Х	Х								e e		
CO2										Х	Х	
CO3						Х	Х					
							C					

		Software Testing		
Course Code		22MCA344	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Illust     Explo Basics of Sof	in the essence of Software to rate the various types of tes ore how to generate new tes f <b>tware Testing, Basic Prin</b> e	ting		tness Vs Reliability;
Management Sensitivity, R	; Execution History; Test Ge	ftware and Hardware Testing; Te eneration Strategies; Static Testin tition, Visibility and Feedback, T	ng; Test Generation from	n Predicates.
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / We	eb resources	S	
		Module-2		
of testing, Ex problem, The wiper Teaching- Learning Process	ons, Test cases, Insights fro amples: Generalized pseudo SATM (Simple Automation Chalk and Talk/ PPT /	m a Venn diagram, Identifying te o code, The triangle problem, the Teller Machine) problem, The c Web resources <u>Module-3</u> <b>class testing, Decision table ba</b>	Next Date function, The urrency converter, Satu	e commission
Boundary va Equivalence	lue analysis, Robustness te classes, Equivalence test c	sting, Worst-case testing, specia ases for triangle problem, Nex bles, Test cases for triangle prob	l value testing, Exampl t Date function and co	
		Module-4		
DD Paths, Tes testing, Guide	t coverage metrics, Basis p lines and observations. Tr	of Testing, Integration Testing ath testing, guidelines and obser aditional view of testing levels m testing, Guidelines and observ	rvations, Definition Use 5, Alternative life cycle	
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / We			
		Module-5		

### Fault Based Testing, Planning and Monitoring the Process, Documenting Analysis and Test

Assumptions in fault-based testing, Mutation Analysis, Fault-based Adequacy Criteria; Variations on mutation Analysis; From Test case specification to Test Cases, Scaffolding, Generic vs. specific Scaffolding, Test Oracles, Self checks as oracles, Capture and Replay. Quality and Process, Test and Analysis strategies and plans, Risk Planning, Monitoring the Process, Improving the process, The quality team, Organizing documents, Test strategy document, Analysis and test plan, Test design specifications documents, Test and analysis reports.

Teaching- Learning	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / Case Study	
Process		

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together. Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

Suggested Learning Resources: **Text Books**:

- Adithya P.Mathur "Foundations of Software Testing Fundamental Algorithms and Techniques", Pearson Education India, 2011
- Mauro Pezze, Michael Young, Software testing and Analysis- Process, Principles and Techniques, Wiley India, 2012 Paul C Jorgensen, "Software Testing A Craftsman's Approach", Auerbach publications, 3rd edition, 2011.

#### **Reference Books:**

- KshirasagaraNaik, PriyadarshiTripathy: Software Testing and Quality Assurance, Wiley India 2012
- M.G. Limaye: Software Testing-Principles, Techniques and Tools McGraw Hill, 2009

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://youtu.be/OGImfx02TEU</u>
- https://youtu.be/T3q6QcCQZQg

Skill Development Activities Suggested The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Acquire knowledge of basic principles and knowledge of software testing and Debug L2	ging and test cases.
CO2	Understand the perceptions on testing like levels of testing, generalized pseudo code	and
with re	elated examples	L3
CO3	Analyze the difference between functional testing and structural testing.	L4

	OS and PC PO1	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
C01	Х	Х										l
CO2		Х	Х									
CO3			Х	Х								

		Virtual Reality		
Course Code		22MCA345	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
•Discus •Descr usi	in the design of VR technolo ss about applications of VR	ogy relates to human perception and conduct of scientific resear is of designing and implementin	ch, training and industrial	U U
• Evalu	ating good and bad virtual	Module-1		
Defining Virt Experience, V		R, Human Physiology and Perc face to the Virtual World-Input		
FIDCESS		Module-2		
		Visual Representation in VR, A	Aural Representation in	VR and Haptic
	•	Module-3		
Geometric M Transformati implications Teaching-	Iodels, Changing Position ons, Chaining the Transfor for VR.	e Physiology of Human Vision and Orientation, Axis-Angle mations, Human Eye, eye mover	Representations of Roments &	
Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT / We	eb Resources: https://www.yout	ube.com/watch?v=7HbBl	knJcHUM
1100035		Module-4		
Visual Percept Information V		Perception of Motion, Perception ng and Shading Models, Rasteriz		
1100000	I	Module-5		
Mismatched M Tracking Attac	l and Virtual Worlds- Veloc Iotion and Vection Trackin	ities and Accelerations, The Ves g- Tracking 2D & 3D Orientation		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/ PPT			

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together. Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 MarksoroneSkill Development Activity of 40 marks to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

1. Virtual Reality, Steven M. LaValle, Cambridge University Press, 2016.

2. Understanding Virtual Reality: Interface, Application and Design, William R Sherman and Alan B Craig, (The Morgan Kaufmann Series in Computer Graphics)". Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, San Francisco, CA, 2002.

3. Developing Virtual Reality Applications: Foundations of Effective Design, Alan B Craig, William R Sherman and Jeffrey D Will, Morgan Kaufmann, 2009

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Gerard Jounghyun Kim, "Designing Virtual Systems: The Structured Approach", 2005.
- 2. Doug A Bowman, Ernest Kuijff, Joseph J LaViola, Jr and Ivan Poupyrev, "3D User Interfaces, Theory and Practice", Addison Wesley, USA, 2005.

 Oliver Bimber and Ramesh Raskar, "Spatial Augmented Reality: Meging Real and Virtual Worlds", 2005.

4. Burdea, Grigore C and Philippe Coiffet, "Virtual Reality Technology", Wiley Interscience, India, 2003

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106106138
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XLP4YTpUpBI
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=w6badCKzmXU
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DU3IiqUWGcU

Skill Development Activities Suggested

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Build application on how VR systems work and list the applications of VR	L3

CO2	Design and implement the hardware that enables VR systems to be built	L4
CO3	Explain the concepts of motion and tracking in VR systems.	L4
CO 4	Explore the importance of interaction and audio in VR systems.	L3

Mapping of CC	OS and PO	S										
	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
C01	Х	Х										
CO2			Х	Х								
CO3					Х					X		

PI	ROJECT WORK PHASE – 1		
Course Code	22MCAL35	CIE Marks	100
Number of contact Hours/Week	2	SEE Marks	
Credits	02	Exam Hours	
Course objectives:			
Support independent learning			
• Guide to select and utilize ade maintaining ethics.	quate information fr	om varied resources	
Guide to organize the work in information (acknowledging the second	1 1 I	nner and present	~5

- Develop interactive, communication, organisation, time management, and presentation skills.
- Impart flexibility and adaptability.
- Inspire independent and team working.
- Expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgement, intuition.
- Adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines.
- Instil responsibilities to oneself and others.
- Train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas.

**Project Phase-1** Students in consultation with the guide/s shall carry out literature survey/ visit industries to finalize the topic of the Project. Subsequently, the students shall collect the material required for the selected project, prepare synopsis and narrate the methodology to carry out the project work.

Seminar: Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to

- Present the seminar on the selected project orally and/or through power point slides.
- Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- Submit two copies of the typed report with a list of references.

The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

# **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Demonstrate a sound technical knowledge of their selected project topic.
- Undertake problem identification, formulation, and solution.
- Design engineering solutions to complex problems utilising a systems approach.
- Communicate with engineers and the community at large in written an oral forms.
- Demonstrate the knowledge, skills and attitudes of a professional engineer.

### **Continuous Internal Evaluation**

CIE marks for the project report (50 marks), seminar (30 marks) and question and answer (20 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session by the student) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

_		Analytics Lab with Mini-l	v	
Course		22MCAL36	CIE Marks	50
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:4:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits		02	Exam Hours	03
Course	objectives:			
٠	Develop python program to perfor	•		
•	Demonstrate object oriented princ			
٠	Demonstrate data visualization us			
•	Demonstrate regression model for	•		C
٠	Design and develop an application	n for the given problem		
SI.NO		Experiments		
1	Write a Python program to perform	m linear search		
2	Write a Python program to insert	an element into a sorted list		
3	Write a python program using obj	ect oriented programming to demo	onstrate encapsulation,	
	overloading and inheritance			
4	Implement a python program to d	emonstrate		
т		ing the Data 3) Data frame manipu	llation using Numpy	
5	Implement a python program to d	emonstrate the following using Nu	ımPy	
-	a) Array manipulation, Searchin			
	b) broadcasting and Plotting Nu	umPy arrays		
	T 1 / / /			
6	Implement a python program to d Data visualization with various			
	Data visualization with various	Types of Orapits using Numpy		
7		tes a mxn integer array and Prints i	its attributes using	
	matplotlib			
8	Write a Python program to demon	strate the generation of linear regr	ression models.	
9	Write a Python program to demor	strate the generation of logistic re	gression models using	
10		strate Time series analysis with Pa		
10		-		
11	Write a Python program to demon	strate Data Visualization using Se	aborn	
		Part B		
1		project using python/pandas to c	lemonstrate the data	
	analysis			
2	A team of two students must de	velop the mini project. However	during the	
	examination, each student must	demonstrate the project individ	lually.	
3	The team must submit a brief p	roject report (20-25 pages) that	must include the	
	following	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		
		Analysis c. Software Requirem	ent Specification	
	d. Analysis and Design, e. Imple		-	
4		o pages to be submitted by the t	-	
	format given. It is recommended	-	-	
	literature survey before submit		ajor projects.	
5	Rubrics may be used to evaluate	e the Mini-Project		

# Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO1:Apply object-oriented programming concepts to develop dynamic interactive Python Applications.

CO2: Use the procedural statements: assignments, conditional statements, loops, method calls and arrays

CO3: Design, code, and test small Python programs with a basic understanding of top-down Design.

CO4: Learn how to create GUI and solve real-world problem using language idioms, data structures and standard library

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are

appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

# Suggested Learning Resources:

-		Laboratory with Mini P								
Course		22MCAL37	CIE Marks	50						
	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50						
Credits		2	Exam Hours	03						
	objectives:									
	emonstrate theIoT architecture de									
-	oply IOT techniques for a given pr									
• Ar	nalyse the application protocol, tra	ansport layer methods for the g	given business case.							
SI.NO		Experiments		Ċ						
1	Run some python programs		and print Hello message	e with name						
	Read two numbers and print	•	1 0							
	_									
	count of a given string Area of a given shape (rectangle, triangle and circle) reading shape an									
	appropriate values from standard input Print a name 'n' times, where name and n are read									
	from standard input, using for and while loops. Handle Divided by Zero Exception. Print									
	current time for 10 times with an interval of 10 seconds. Read a file line by line and print the									
	word count of each line									
2	Get input from two switches and switch on corresponding LEDs									
3	Flash an LED at a given on time and off time cycle, where the two times are taken from a file									
4	Switch on a relay at a given time connected to a load.	using cron, where the relay's c	contact terminals are							
5	Access an image through a Pi we	eb cam								
6	Control a light source using web	page.								
7	Implement an intruder system t	hat sends an alert to the given e	email							
8	Get the status of a bulb at a remote place (on the LAN) through web.									
	De	monstration Experiments (F	for CIE ) if any							
9	Get an alarm from a remote area	(through LAN) if smoke is det	ected							
10	A team of two students must dev must demonstrate the project in		r during the examination, e	ach student						
11	The team must submit a brief pr a. Introduction b. Requirement d. Analysis and Design, e. Imple	Analysis c Software Requireme	-	3						
12	.Brief synopsis not more than tw	_	team as per the format							
	given. It is recommended that st		-							
	survey before submitting the syn	nopsis for the Mini/Major proje	ects							

# Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Design and develop an application for the given problem for the societal/industrial problems
- Develop python program by applying suitable feature for the given problem and verify the output
- Build intruder system that sends an alert to the given email

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 40% of maximum marks in the semester-end examination(SEE). In total of CIE and SEE student has to secure 50% maximum marks of the course.

# Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record writeup. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of **scaled-down** marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.

SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University.

All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.

(Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.

- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and 10% Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero.

The duration of SEE is 03 hours

# NOTE:

Part A:The student should have hands on experience in using various sensors like temperature,

humidity, smoke, light, etc. and should be able to use control web camera, network, and relays

connected to the Pi.

Part B:Each students has to execute one program picked from Part-A during the semester end examination. In SEE Part-A and Part-B shall be given 50% weightage each.

	Societal Project		
Course Code	22MCAL38	CIE Marks	100
Number of contact Hours/Week	2	SEE Marks	_
Credits	2	Exam Hours	03
Course objectives:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	· ·	
Build creative solutions for developmen	t problems of current scenario	o in the Society.	
• Utilize the skills developed in the curric	ulum to solve real life problem	IS.	
Improve understanding and develop me	thodology for solving complex	k issues.	
Some of the domains to choose for societal pr	niects:		
Infrastructure			
Health Care			
Social security			
<ul> <li>Security for women</li> </ul>			
Transportation			
Business Continuity			
<ul> <li>Remote working and Education</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Digital Finance</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Food Security</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Rural employment</li> </ul>		X X	
<ul> <li>Water and land management</li> </ul>			
<ul><li>Pollution</li></ul>			
<ul> <li>Financial Independence</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Agricultural Finance</li> </ul>			
	ì		
<ul><li> Primary Health care</li><li> Nutrition</li></ul>			
Child Care			
• E-learning			
Distance parenting			
Mentorship Etc Course outcomes:	)		
At the end of the course the student will be able	a to:		
<ul> <li>Building solution for real life societal pr</li> </ul>			
<ul> <li>Building solution for rearing solution for rearing solution for rearing solution for rearing solution for their technical/curricu</li> </ul>			
• Improvement of their technical/curricu	Iulii Skilis		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
dentifying the real life problems and produ	ucing literature report : 20	marks	
Data sampling and Cleaning :10 Marks			
Establishing the right Objective: 10 Marks			
Developing the solution : 20 Marks			
Propagating the solution to the stake holder	rs 1)Lectures 2)Social Meet	ings 3)Social media 4]	)Street pla
5)Advertisement Either of the 3(evidence of th	ne work through Jio tag photo	) )	
Project Report: 20 marks. The basis for awa	rding the marks shall be the	e involvement of the st	udent in t
project and in the preparation of project rep	ort. To be awarded by the	internal guide in consu	ultation w
external guide if any. Certified by stake holder	s and authorized by concerne	ed government authori	ties.
Project Presentation: 10 marks.			
The Project Presentation marks of the Project			
for the purpose by the Head of the Depart		consist of three facu	lty from t
department with the senior most acting as the	Chairperson.		
Evalution: 10 marks.			
The student shall be evaluated based on the ab			

INTERNSHIP							
Course Code	22MCA39	CIE Marks	50				
Number of contact Hours/Week	3	SEE Marks	50				
Credits	06	Exam Hours	03				

#### **Course objectives:**

Internship/Professional practice provide students the opportunity of hands-on experience that include personal training, time and stress management, interactive skills, presentations, budgeting, marketing, liability and risk management, paperwork, equipment ordering, maintenance, responding to emergencies etc. The objective are further,

To put theory into practice.

To expand thinking and broaden the knowledge and skills acquired through course work in the field.

To relate to, interact with, and learn from current professionals in the field.

To gain a greater understanding of the duties and responsibilities of a professional.

To understand and adhere to professional standards in the field.

To gain insight to professional communication including meetings, memos, reading, writing, public speaking, research, client interaction, input of ideas, and confidentiality.

To identify personal strengths and weaknesses.

To develop the initiative and motivation to be a self-starter and work independently.

**Internship/Professional practice:** Students under the guidance of internal guide/s and external guide shall take part in all the activities regularly to acquire as much knowledge as possible without causing any inconvenience at the place of internship.

Seminar: Each student, is required to

- Present the seminar on the internship orally and/or through power point slides.
- Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- Submit the report duly certified by the external guide.
- The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Gain practical experience within industry in which the internship is done.
- Acquire knowledge of the industry in which the internship is done.
- Apply knowledge and skills learned to classroom work.
- Develop a greater understanding about career options while more clearly defining personal career goals.
- Experience the activities and functions of professionals.
- Develop and refine oral and written communication skills.
- Identify areas for future knowledge and skill development.
- Expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgment, intuition.
- Acquire the knowledge of administration, marketing, finance and economics.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation**

CIE marks for the Internship/Professional practice report (20 marks), seminar (20 marks) and question and answer session (10 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session by the student) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

#### **Semester End Examination**

SEE marks for the internship report (20 marks), seminar (20 marks) and question and answer session (10 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session) by the examiners appointed by the University.

Semester- IV

Semester- IV		Deep Learning		
Course Code		22MCA411	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours	/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of P	edagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learnin • • • • •	Demonstrate the basics of Implement various deep Realign high dimensiona Analyze optimization and	f deep learning for a given contex learning models for the given pro l data using reduction techniques d generalization techniques of dec ren deep learning application and	blem for the given problem ep learning for the given pro	
		Module-1		
Nets: What a sl gradient descent	hallow network comput	ear models (SVMs and Percept es- Training a network: loss f iversal function approximates b Content		
FIULESS		Module-2		
Teaching- Learning	rative Adversarial Netw	orks (GAN), Semi- supervised L Web Content	earning	
Process		Module-3		
and dimensio Inception, Res optimization	nality reduction in ne	near (PCA, LDA) and manif tworks - Introduction to Co vnet: weights initialization, I	nvnet - Architectures –	AlexNet, VGG,
		Module-4		
deep network Networks- Rec & Deep Reinfor	s- Stochastic Optimi current networks, LST	'ION Optimization in deep zation Generalization in n M - Recurrent Neural Netwo mputational & Artificial Neu b Content	eural networks- Spati rk Language Models- W	al Transformer
Process				
Y		Module-5		
		magenet- Detection-Audio N prmatics- Face Recognition-	_	
_	halk and Talk/PPT/Web	Content		

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the

# outcome defined for the course.

# Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. Cosma Rohilla Shalizi, Advanced Data Analysis from an Elementary Point of View, 2015.

### **Reference Books**

- Deng & Yu, Deep Learning: Methods and Applications, Now Publishers, 2013.
- Ian Good fellow, Yoshua Bengio, Aaron Courville, Deep Learning, MIT Press, 2016.
- 3. Michael Nielsen, Neural Networks and Deep Learning, Determination Press, 2015.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

# **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
C01	Illustrate the basics of deep learning for a given context	L2
C02	Apply various deep learning models for the given problem	L3
CO3	Realign high dimensional data using reduction techniques for the given problem	L2
CO4	Apply and Analyze optimization and generalization techniques for the given problem	L2
C05	Application of latest deep learning techniques and to enhance the results.	L3
05	Application of fatest deep learning techniques and to enhance the results.	L3

Pipping of CO           P(           CO1           CO2           CO3           CO4           CO5	01 PO2	1									
CO1           CO2           CO3           CO4		P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO3 CO4											
C <b>O</b> 4											
	X	X						X		X	
CO5											
	X		X						X		
				S				2		S	

# Semester- IV

Course Code		Big Data Ana		= -
		22MCA412	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/		2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pe Credits	euagogy	40 03	Total Marks Exam Hours	<u>100</u> 03
		03	Exam nours	03
tools App Illus Anal Cond Big Data and Ana Example Applica Sources, Samplir Outlier Detection Teaching- Learning Process	tify the business problem by various algorithms for trate the architecture of H lyze the usage of Map-Re duct experiment with var lytics tions, Basic Nomenclatung, Types of Data Elem and Treatment, Standa Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	n for a given context and frame the handling large volumes of data. HDFS and explain functioning of HE educe techniques for solving big data ious datasets for analysis / visualizat Module-1 ure, Analysis Process Model, Analy nents, Data Exploration, Explorat ardizing Data Labels, Categorizatio eb Content Module-2	DFS clusters. a problems. tion and arrive at valid co tical Model Requireme cory Statistical Analysi	onclusions. nts , Types of Data
Big Data Technol				
Predictive Analy Firewall Analytic Teaching-	tics, Mobile Business	ry, Open source technology for Intelligence and Big Data, Crow Web Content		
Learning Process				
		Module-3		
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning		mparison with Other Systems, bop, Apache Hadoop and the H eb Content		
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning	Brief History of Hado	bop, Apache Hadoop and the H		
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning Process	Brief History of Hado halk and Talk/PPT/We	oop, Apache Hadoop and the H		
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning Process The Hadoop Dis The Design of H Availability, Th The Java Interf Data, Directorie	Brief History of Hado halk and Talk/PPT/We stributed File system IDFS, HDFS Concepts e Command-Line Into ace, Reading Data fro es, Querying the Files	bop, Apache Hadoop and the H	ladoop Ecosystem Ha nodes, HDFS Federat tions, Hadoop Filesys ta Using the FileSyst v Anatomy of a File R	adoop Releases tion, HDFS High stems Interfaces cem API, Writing lead, Anatomy o
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning Process The Hadoop Dis The Design of H Availability, Th The Java Interf Data, Directorie a File Write, Co Archives. Teaching- Learning	Brief History of Hado halk and Talk/PPT/We stributed File system IDFS, HDFS Concepts e Command-Line Into ace, Reading Data fro es, Querying the Files	bop, Apache Hadoop and the H b Content Module-4 s, Blocks, Namenodes and Data erface, Basic Filesystem Operat om a Hadoop URL, Reading Da ystem, Deleting Data, Data Flov llel Copying with distcp Keepir	ladoop Ecosystem Ha nodes, HDFS Federat tions, Hadoop Filesys ta Using the FileSyst v Anatomy of a File R	tion, HDFS High- stems Interfaces em API, Writing
Computing, A Response. Teaching- Learning Process The Hadoop Dis The Design of H Availability, Th The Java Interf Data, Directorie a File Write, Co Archives. Teaching-	Brief History of Hado halk and Talk/PPT/We stributed File system HDFS, HDFS Concepts e Command-Line Inte ace, Reading Data fro es, Querying the Files herency Model, Para	bop, Apache Hadoop and the H b Content Module-4 s, Blocks, Namenodes and Data erface, Basic Filesystem Operat om a Hadoop URL, Reading Da ystem, Deleting Data, Data Flov llel Copying with distcp Keepir	ladoop Ecosystem Ha nodes, HDFS Federat tions, Hadoop Filesys ta Using the FileSyst v Anatomy of a File R	tion, HDFS High- stems Interfaces em API, Writing

Generic Options Parser, Tool and Tool Runner, Writing a Unit Test, Mapper, Reducer, Running Locally on Test Data, Running a Job in a Local Job Runner, Testing the Driver, Running on a Cluster, Packaging, Launching a Job, The MapReduce Web UI, Retrieving the Results, Debugging a Job, Hadoop Logs, Remote Debugging.

0	
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web Content
Learning	
Process	

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- 1. Bart Baesens, "Analytics in a Big Data World: The Essential Guide to Data Science and its Applications" Wiley.
- 2. Michael Minelli, Michehe Chambers, "Big Data, Big Analytics: Emerging Business Intelligence and Analytic Trends for Today's Businesses", 1st Edition, Michael Minelli, Michele Chambers, AmbigaDhiraj, Wiley CIO Series, 2013.
- 3. Tom White, "Hadoop: The Definitive Guide", 3rd Edition, O'reilly, 2012.

# Reference Books

- Boris Lublinsky, Kevin T. Smith, Alexey Yakubovich, "Professional Hadoop Solutions", Wiley, ISBN: 9788126551071, 2015.
- Chris Eaton, Dirk deroos et al., "Understanding Big data", McGraw Hill, 2012.
- Vignesh Prajapati, "Big Data Analytics with R and Haoop", Packet Publishing 2013.
- Tom Plunkett, Brian Macdonald et al, "Oracle Big Data Handbook", Oracle Press, 2014.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

#### **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Apply analytical tools to identify and solve the business problem for a given context.	L2
CO2	Analyse various algorithms for handling large volumes of data.	L3
CO3	Apply the architecture of HDFS and explain functioning of HDFS clusters.	L2
CO4	Analyse the usage of Map-Reduce techniques for solving big data problems.	L2
C05	Carryout experiments on various datasets for analysis / visualization.	L3

Mapping	g of COS ai	nd POs										
	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1												
CO2												
CO3		X	X						X		X	
<b>CO4</b>												
CO5		X		X						X		

		Wireless Ad He		
Course Code		22MCA413	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>III</li> <li>De</li> <li>De</li> <li>At</li> </ul>	emonstrate to choose appr nalyze the security measure	c wireless network twork and improve its quality of se opriate protocol for various applica res present at different levels n and management in ad-hoc wirely	ations and design the archite	ecture
		Module-1		
Protocols for A Protocols, Clas Reservation M Directional Ant <b>Teaching</b> -	Ad-hoc Wireless Networ ssification of MAC pro fechanisms, Contention	on, Issues in Ad-hoc Wireless ks: Introduction, Issues in Desig otocols, Contention- Based Pro Based Protocols with Scheduli	ning a MAC Protocol, Depotocols, Contention-Base	sign Goals of MAG d Protocols with
Learning Process				
FICESS		Module-2		
Protocols, Hyb Teaching- Learning		Routing Protocols; Table Drive terarchical Routing Protocols and /Web Content		
Process		Module-3		
Protocol, Op Routing Pro	eration of Multicast I	eb Content	ecture Reference Mode	el for Multicast
		Module-4		
Transport La Solutions; TC Security in Ac Attacks, Key M	ver Protocol; Design G P over Transport Lay 1-hoc Wireless Networ Management and Secu	otocols for Ad-hoc Networks Goals of a Transport Layer Pro er Solutions; Other Transport rks, Issues and Challenges in S re Touting Ad-hoc Wireless Ne	otocol; Classification of t Layer Protocols for A Security Provisioning, N	Transport Laye d-hoc Networks
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/W	eb Content		
		Module-5		
		nagement in Ad-hoc Wireles	ss Networks: Introduc sification of QoS Solut	

Learning Process

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Books

1. Ad-hoc Wireless Networks, C. Siva Ram Murthy& B. S. Manoj, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2011 Reference Books

- Ad-hoc Wireless Networks, Ozan K. Tonguz and John Wiley, 2007 , Gianguigi Ferrari
- Ad-hoc ireless Networking. Xiuzhen Cheng, Xiao Hung, Ding-Zhu Du, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2004
- Ad-hoc Mobile Wireless Networks- Protocols and Systems, C.K. Toh, Pearson Education, 2002

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

## **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
C01	Analyze the issues of ad-hoc wireless network	L2
C02	Evaluate the existing network and improve its quality of service	L3
CO3	Choose appropriate protocol for various applications and design the architecture	L2
CO4	Examine security measures present at different levels and identify the possible improvements for the latest version of the ad hoc network IEEE standard	L2
C05	Analyze energy consumption and management in ad-hoc wireless networks	L3
-		

01     02     03     X     X     X       04     04     04     04     04     04													
		P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	<b>P08</b>	P09	P010	P011	P012
	CO1												
	CO2												
	CO3	X		X	X							X	
Stracts	CO4												
Manue	CO5		X										X
Maan													
McAngelian Strange													
MAASAILAD													
A CA SALAD													
A Strand												C	
strade											/		
Magan													
A													
Sthe													
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A													
sylic and sylic													
Str													
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A													
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A													
					C	2							
					0	5							
					S	5							
					S	5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
	1					5							
	1					5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						5							
						S							
						S							
						S							
						S							
						S							
						S							

		Software Project		
Course Code		22MCA414	CIE Marks	50
	s/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
• Id • Ill • De	oply the practices and met entifytechniquesforrequire ustratetheevaluationtechni	hods for successful software project ements,policiesanddecisionmaking quesforestimatingcost,benefits,sch ware project management plan for manage people	foreffectiveresource manage eduleandrisk	
		Module-1		
Introduction, V Covered by Sof projects, Stake	tware Project Managem cholders, Setting Object	Aanagement important? What is ent, Plans, Methods and Methodo ives, Business Case, Project Su s Modern Project Management F	ologies, Some ways of cate access and Failure, What	gorizing softwa
		Module-2		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT	Trial balance, Profit and Loss ac		
Process		Module-3		
ACTIVITY PL	ANNING	Module-5		
Network Pla Shortening P of Risk, A fra planning and <b>Teaching-</b>	nning Models, Forwa Project Duration, Activi	en to Plan, Project Schedules, rd Pass– Backward Pass, Id ty on Arrow Networks Risk M with Risk, Risk Identification eb Content	entifying critical path, lanagement, Nature of R	Activity Float, isk, Categories
Learning Brocoss				
Process		Module-4		
MONITODING	GAND CONTROL	mouule-4		
		the Data Deview Draiget Ta	mination Davious View	lizing Progress
-		the Data, Review, Project Tery ysis, Prioritizing Monitoring,		0 0
	0		utting ritigett Datk 10	i ai get, Glially
	vare Configuration Ma	•		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/W	eb Content		
		Module-5		
MANAGING P	EOPLE AND WORKING	G IN TEAMS		
Introduction,	Understanding Beha	vior, Organizational Behavi	or:A Background, Seleo	cting the Rigl
Person for	the Job, Instruction	in the Best Methods, Me	otivation, The Oldham	–Hackman Jo
Cl	Madal Community	h and Safaty Worling In Taa		N

Characteristics Model, Stress–Health and Safety Working In Teams, Becoming a Team, Decision Making,

Leadership.	
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Web Content
Learning Process	
	t Details (both CIF and SFF)
The weightag minimum pas maximum ma credits allotte total of the CII <b>Continuous</b> • Three Ur • Two assi to attain The sum of th <b>CIE methods</b> <b>outcome defi</b> <b>Semester E</b> • The SEE • The ques • Each full from eac • Each full	<b>at Details (both CIE and SEE)</b> ge of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The sing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the arks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the d to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum E (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together. <b>s Internal Evaluation:</b> nit Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b> ignments each of <b>20 Marks</b> or <b>one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks</b> the COs and POs ree tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be <b>scaled down to 50 marks</b> <b>c /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the ined for the course.</b> <b>End Examination:</b> question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50. stion paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks. I question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) the module. I question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module. I ents will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module
Suggested Le Books	earning Resources:
	Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall, "Software Project Management", Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill
• "Acco	ounting for Management" Jawahar Lal, 5th Edition, Wheeler Publications, Delhi.
Refe	rence Books
2 ● J	ack Marchewka," Information Technology-Project Management", Wiley Student Version, 4th Edition 013. ames P Lewis, "Project Planning, Scheduling & Control", McGraw Hill, 5th Edition, 2011. Pankaj Jalote, "Software Project Management in Practise", Pearson Education, 2002.
	d Video Lectures (e-Resources):
The students	oment Activity with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their bared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Apply theoretical concepts for projects management	L2
CO2	Planning for resources allocation with case studies.	L3
CO3	Solving problems related to risk identification, cost based analysis, etc.	L2
C04	Managing and working in team	L2

Mannina	g of COS an	ad DOc										
Mapping	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1	X											Х
CO2										X		
CO3		X										
CO4	X										X	

Semester- IV		Software Defin	ed Networks	
Course Code		22MCA415	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	2:0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of		40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>D</li> <li>II</li> <li>D</li> <li>A</li> </ul>	llustrate the basics of Softwa Demonstrate different Softwa Analyse alternative definition	ls of Software Defined Networks are Defined Networks Operations are Defined Network Operations a hs of Software Defined Networks fined Network Operations in real	and Data flow nd Data Flow	
		Module-1		
between plane				
1100035		Module-2		
		O'V		
		Module-3		
-	low Specifications			
Open Flow (	Overview, Open Flow Ba	asics, Open Flow 1.0 addition	s, Open Flow 1.1 additic	ons, Open Flow
1.2 addition	s, Open Flow 1.3 addition	ons, Open Flow limitations.		
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We	eb Content		
Learning				
Process				
		Module-4		
	S, SDN via Hypervisor-Base verlap and Ranking.	ed Overlays, SDN via Opening u	p the device, Network func	tion virtualization,
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/We			
		Module-5		
		s demand, tunnelling technolo ata centres, SDN use case in I	•	ath technologies
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and Talk/PPT/Weł	o Content		

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- Software Defined Networking by Thomas D Nadeau and Ken Gray.
- Software Define Networks, A Comprehensive Approach, Paul Goransson, Chuck Black. MK Publications.

#### **Reference Books**

• Software Defined Networking for Dummies brought you by cisco, Brian Underdahl and Gary Kinghorn. Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

#### **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Apply the fundamentals of Software Defined Networks for the given problem	L3
C02	Illustrate the basics of Software Defined Networks Operations and Data flow.	L2
CO3	Apply different Software Defined Network Operations and Data Flow	L3
CO4	Analyse alternative definitions of Software Defined Networks	L3
C05	Apply different Software Defined Network Operations in real world problem	L3

Manninga	£ COS ar											
Mapping o	P01	PO2	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
<b>CO1</b>	101	X	105	104	103	100	10/	100	109	1010	1011	1012
CO2									L	X		X
CO3			X	ł								
CO4		X			X							X
CO5	X								X		Х	
					S						Ŝ	

	IT Project ma		
Course Code	22MCA421	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
<ul> <li>Explain about manage projects at</li> <li>Analyze the activity of planning a</li> <li>Apply agile technique to manage</li> </ul>	software projects and control soft rarious phases involved in project Module-1 LANNING ement – Activities - Methodolog ples – Management Control – P – Strategic program g.	pment life cycle (SDLC). ware deliverables. management and people man gies – Categorization of So	ftware Projects -
Process			
	Module-2		
estimation – Effort and Cost estimation tec COSMIC Full function points - COCOMC Teaching- Learning	) II - a Parametric Productivity Mo	odel.	
Process			
PROJECT MANAGEMENT AND CON	Module-3		
Framework for Management and co – Earned Value Analysis – Prioriti Configuration Management – Ma	izing Monitoring – Project t ging contracts – Contract Mar	racking – Change contr	•
Process			
	Module-4		
ACTIVITY PLANNING AND RISK MA Objectives of Activity planning – Project s – Formulating Network Model – Forwar identification – Assessment – Risk Plan Resource Allocation – Creation of critical paths – Cost schedules.	schedules – Activities – Sequencir rd Pass & Backward Pass techni ning –Risk Management – – Pl	iques - Critical path (CRM	1) method – Risl
Teaching- Learning	eb Content		
Process	Module-5		
STAFFING IN SOFTWARE PROJECTS Managing people – Organizational bel Hackman job characteristic model – Str teams – Decision making – Organizatio Communication plans – Leadership.	havior – Best methods of staf ress – Health and Safety – Ethic	cal and Professional conce	rns – Working ir

Learning Process

## **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs
- The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks

CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four sub-questions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Books

Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell and Rajib Mall: Software Project Management – Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2012.

#### **Reference Books**

- Robert K. Wysocki —Effective Software Project Managementl Wiley Publication, 2011.
- Walker Royce: —Software Project Management Addison-Wesley, 1998.Cyber Law simplified- VivekSood, Mc-GrawHill, 11th reprint, 2013
- Gopalaswamy Ramesh, —Managing Global Software Projects McGraw Hill Education (India), Fourteenth Reprint 2013.

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

## **Skill Development Activity**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

Course o	utcome (Course Skill Set)	
At the end	d of the course the student will be able to :	
Sl. No.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
C01	Recognize knowledge about the basic project management concepts, framework and the process models.	L2
CO2	Identify knowledge about software process models and software effort estimation techniques.	L2
CO3	Define the checkpoints, project reporting structure, project progress and tracking mechanisms using project management principles.	L2

												7
Mapping	of COS ai	nd POs										
	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1				x				х			x	
CO2	х	X										
CO3								x			Х	

	Sen	nantic Web & Social Networ		
Course Code		22MCA422	CIE Marks	50
	rs/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	50	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
Course Learn	<b>ing objectives:</b> Learn Web Intelligen	ce		
•	Describe how the Ser	nantic Web provides the key in ag	gregating information a	across
	heterogeneous sourc	es		
•	Learn Knowledge Rej	presentation for the Semantic We	b	C
•	Explain the analysis o	of the social Web and the design o	f a new class of applicat	tions
		Module-1		
Web Intelligen	ce Thinking and Intellig	gent Web Applications, The Inform	mation Age ,The World	Wide Web,
Limitations of	f Today's Web, The N	ext Generation Web, Machine I	ntelligence, Artificial I	ntelligence,
Ontology, Infe	erence engines, Softwa	re Agents, Berners-Lee www, S	emantic Road Map, Lo	ogic on the
semantic Web				
Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	ase study/web content:		
Learning	https://www.youtube	.com/watch?v=Uiql42PGW6Y		
Process			7	
		Module-2		
-	-	Semantic Web Ontology's and		
Ontologies La	nguages for the Seman	tic Web - Resource Description	Framework(RDF) / RI	DF Schema,
Ontology Web	Language(OWL), UML,	XML/XML Schema		
Untology web		milly mill benemu.		
Untology web				
Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT	C/case study/web content:		
	Chalk and talk/PPT			
Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk/PPT	?/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk		
Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu	/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <b>Module-3</b>	Fools. Ontology Method	s. Ontology
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O	/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <u>Module-3</u> Intology, Ontology Development 7		
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O	/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <b>Module-3</b>		
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O	/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <u>Module-3</u> Intology, Ontology Development 7		
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librar	/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <u>Module-3</u> Intology, Ontology Development 7		
<b>Teaching- Learning</b> <b>Process</b> Ontology Engin Sharing and M	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk <b>Module-3</b> Ontology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic,	Rule and Inference Engi	nes.
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content:	Rule and Inference Engi	nes.
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content:	Rule and Inference Engi	nes.
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Intology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC	f
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic	f es, Semanti
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learn	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati	f es, Semanting an OWL-
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engi: Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Intology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web anatics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati	f es, Semanti ng an OWL-
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web a natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content:	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati	f es, Semanti ng an OWL-
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching- Learning	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Intology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web anatics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati	f es, Semanti ng an OWL-
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, T ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web a natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati	f es, Semanti ng an OWL-
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform /eb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtube	C/case study/web content: ibe.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web is natics, Knowledge Base, XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ise study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met	f es, Semanti ng an OWL- hods
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process Social Networ	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtube. k Analysis and semanti	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, T ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web a natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5 ic web What is social Networks	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met analysis, Development	f es, Semanting an OWL- hods of the socia
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learn Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process Social Networn networks anal	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtube k Analysis and semanti lysis, Electronic Sources	C/case study/web content: ibe.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development 7 ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web a natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5 ic web What is social Networks s for Network Analysis – Electro	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met analysis, Development nic Discussion network	f es, Semanting an OWL- hods of the socia
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process Social Networn networks anal Online Comm	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtube k Analysis and semanti lysis, Electronic Sources	C/case study/web content: ube.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, T ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web a natics, Knowledge Base ,XML Base Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5 ic web What is social Networks	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met analysis, Development nic Discussion network	f es, Semanting an OWL- hods of the socia
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Engin Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learr Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process Social Networn networks anal Online Communifeatures.	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU o Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtube k Analysis and semantic ysis, Electronic Sources unities, Web Based Net	C/case study/web content: ibe.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, T ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5 ic web What is social Networks s for Network Analysis – Electro etworks. Building Semantic Web	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met analysis, Development nic Discussion network	f es, Semanting an OWL- hods of the socia
Teaching- Learning Process Ontology Enging Sharing and M Teaching- Learning Process Semantic Web Search, e-learn Ontology for W Teaching- Learning Process Social Networn networks anal Online Communificatures. Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT https://www.youtu neering, Constructing O erging, Ontology Librari Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://youtu.be/rhgU O Applications, Services ning, Semantic Bioinform Veb Services, Semantic S Chalk and talk/PPT/ca https://www.youtubes k Analysis and semanti lysis, Electronic Sources unities, Web Based Ne	C/case study/web content: ibe.com/watch?v=rAkSY5Ha9vk Module-3 Ontology, Ontology Development T ies and Ontology Mapping, Logic, T ase study/web content: JDGtT2EM?list=PLvgeTuKrhSLPb Module-4 and Technology Semantic Web Search Technology, Web Search Ag ase study/web content: .com/watch?v=aPlyXvEtUHM Module-5 ic web What is social Networks s for Network Analysis – Electro etworks. Building Semantic Web	Rule and Inference Engi YlF0gW3V2ivGqevTQlC applications and servic ed Web Services, Creati gents and Semantic Met analysis, Development nic Discussion network	f es, Semanting an OWL- hods of the socia

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

#### **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Thinking on the Web - Berners Lee, Godel and Turing, Wiley inter science, 2008.

2. Social Networks and the Semantic Web, Peter Mika, Springer, 2007.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Semantic Web Technologies, Trends and Research in Ontology Based Systems, J.Davies, R.Studer, P.Warren, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Semantic Web and Semantic Web Services -Liyang Lu Chapman and Hall/CRC Publishers,(Taylor & Francis Group).

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=yCXu10eDtcA</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Q7tyi1kp33w</u>
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QQCWHgclGB8
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=QQCWHgclGB8&t=1474s
- https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL3JRjVnXiTBYHhu15olX6ugN5B4oizwAb

#### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Γ	SI.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
	No.		
	C01	Summarize to create ontology and knowledge representation for the semantic web	L2
	CO2	Solve to build a blogs and social networks	L3
	CO3	Describe the Modeling and aggregating social network data.	L2
	CO4	Illustrate the Web- based social network and Ontology	L3

#### **Mapping of COS and POs**

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1	х											
CO2				Х								
CO3			Х									
<b>CO4</b>		х										

	Fur			r
Course Code		22MCA423	CIE Marks	50
		3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pe	edagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Explore b</li><li>Identify n</li></ul>	asics of game design najor genres and its cat	•		
				6
Games. Designin, Structure of a Documents, The Teaching- C	g and Developing Gam Video Game. Stages o Anatomy of a Game De	es: An Approach to the Task. Ke of the Design Process. Game signer	ey Components of Video	o Games. T
	ttps://youtu.be/9z7AI	EAyhAG8?list=PLyKrcyFLz9-dSN	NJma6yq5sExoR73fFLSI	IJ
		Module-2	Y	
Teaching- Learning				
		Module-3		
Making Money fr Game Concepts ( <b>Teaching-</b> C	om Your Game Direc Getting an IdeaFrom Ide halk and talk/PPT/cas	t Payment Models Indirect Pay ea to Game Concept e study/web content:	vment Models. World Ma	arket.
-	ttps://youtu.be/MJ9do	dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-'	TUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI	H
		Module-4		
Realism. Creative Modifications. C	e and Expressive Play, haracter Development	Self-Defining Play. Creative Pla The Goals of Character Desig	y. Other Forms of Expr	ession Ga
	halk and talk/PPT/cas	e study/web content		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)       3:0:0       SEE Marks       50         Total Hours of Pedagogy       40       Total Marks       100         Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning objectives:       100       03       Exam Hours       03         Games and Video Games and its categories       8       Build visual appearances for games       9         Games and Video Games. Conventional Games Versus Video Games. Games for Entertainment.Seriou:       Games and Video Game. Stages of the Design Process. Game Design Team Roles. Game Design Documents, The Anatomy of a Game Designer       100       100         Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and talk/PPT/case study/web content:       https://youtu.be/9z7AEAyhAG8?list=PLyKrcyFLz9-dSNJma6yq5sExoR73fFLSU         Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and talk/PPT/case study/web content:       https://youtu.be/fis26HvvDII         Treachi				
Learning		Module-5		
Learning Process Visual Appearan Storytelling Eng	ine. Linear Stories. No	,Audio Design. Storytelling		

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

#### **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **TEXT BOOKS**

1Fundamentals of Game Design Ernest Adams, Third Edition

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS**

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

https://youtu.be/iIOIT3dCy5w

#### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill.

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

SI. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Understand basics of game design	L1
CO2	Build approaches and key components of video games	L2
CO3	Apply Game concept in designing the games	L2
CO4	Build visual appearances for games	L1

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	<b>P08</b>	P09	P010	P011	P012
C <b>O1</b>	х											
C <b>O2</b>				х								
C <b>O</b> 3					х							
C <b>O</b> 4	Х											
											(	

		Agile Technologies		
Course Code		22MCA424	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours	/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of P	edagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
<ul><li>Illustra</li><li>Catego</li></ul>	n the Agile technolog te the Informative w	gies, methods ,XP lifecycle a orkspace, RootCause analys g and Releasing in Agile cloping in Agile	-	Ġ
		Module-1		
Why Agile?:	Understanding Succ	ess, Beyond Deadlines, The	e Importance of Org	ganizationa
Success, Enter	r Agility, How to B	e Agile?: Agile Methods, D	Oon't Make Your Ov	wn Method
		or. Understanding XP: The X		
Concepts				
Tooching	halls and talls /DDT /	a atudu /wah aantant		
	Chalk and talk/PPT/cas	se study/web content: EAyhAG8?list=PLyKrcyFLz9-dSN	JIma6ya5cEvoD72fELCI	IT
	nups.//youtu.be/92/A	LAYIIAGO: IISt=FLYKI CYFLZ9-USIV	JIIIa0yq3SEx0K/SIFLS	0
Process				
FTUCESS		Module-2		
·	Is XP Right for Us		y, Thinking: Pair Pro	ogramming
Adopting XP:		s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility		ogramming
Adopting XP:				ogramming
Adopting XP: Energized Wo	rk, Informative Wor	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis		ogramming
Adopting XP:	rk, Informative Wor	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis case study/web content:		ogramming
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching-	rk, Informative Wor	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis case study/web content: 26HvvDII		ogramming
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis case study/web content: 26HvvDII Module-3	, Retrospectives	
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards,	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis case study/web content: 26HvvDII	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done	lage, Stand Done", N
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-M	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, 'case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done	lage, Stanc Done", N
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching-	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, 'case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec	lage, Stand Done", N ctive Cod
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching-	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis case study/web content: 26HvvDII Module-3 r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec	lage, Stand Done", N ctive Cod
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9d	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 <u>Module-4</u>	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDilTQwnqJsGTGZRbI	lage, Stand Done", N ctive Cod
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9d	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, 'case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDilTQwnqJsGTGZRbI	lage, Stand Done", N ctive Cod
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning H Process	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9de sion, Release Plann ck, Stories, Estimatin	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, case study/web content: 26HvvDII Module-3 r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 Module-4 ning, The Planning Game, ng. Developing: Incremental	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec TUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI , Risk Managemen I requirements, Custo	age, Stanc Done", N ctive Cod H t, Iteratio omer Test
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process Planning: Vis Planning, Slace	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9de sion, Release Plann ck, Stories, Estimatio Development, Refactor	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, //case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 <u>Module-4</u> ning, The Planning Game, ng. Developing: Incremental oring, Simple Design ,Increm	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI , Risk Managemen l requirements, Custo mental Design and A	age, Stanc Done", N ctive Cod H t, Iteratio omer Test
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process Planning: Vis Planning, Slac Test-Driven D Spike Solutior	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9de sion, Release Plann ck, Stories, Estimatin Development, Refactor as, Performance Opti	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, //case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 <u>Module-4</u> ning, The Planning Game, ng. Developing: Incremental oring, Simple Design ,Increminization, Exploratory Testir	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI , Risk Managemen l requirements, Custo mental Design and A	age, Stand Done", N ctive Cod H t, Iteratio omer Testa
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process Planning: Vis Planning, Slac Test-Driven D Spike Solutior Teaching-	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9de sion, Release Plann ck, Stories, Estimatio Development, Refactor	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, //case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 <u>Module-4</u> ning, The Planning Game, ng. Developing: Incremental oring, Simple Design ,Increminization, Exploratory Testir	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI , Risk Managemen l requirements, Custo mental Design and A	age, Stand Done", N ctive Cod H t, Iteratio omer Testa
Adopting XP: Energized Wo Teaching- Learning Process Collaborating Up Meetings, Bugs, Versio Ownership, Do Teaching- Learning Process Planning: Vis Planning, Slac Test-Driven D Spike Solutior	rk, Informative Wor Chalk and talk/PPT/ https://youtu.be/fis g: Trust, Sit Together Coding Standards, on Control, Ten-Mocumentation Chalk and talk/PPT/cas https://youtu.be/MJ9de sion, Release Plann ck, Stories, Estimatin Development, Refactor as, Performance Opti	s?, Go!, Assess Your Agility kspace, RootCause Analysis, //case study/web content: 26HvvDII <u>Module-3</u> r, Real Customer Involvemen Iteration Demo, Reporting linute Build, Continuous se study/web content: dtyP4_Y?list=PLdRfLcb1DviyM-7 <u>Module-4</u> ning, The Planning Game, ng. Developing: Incremental oring, Simple Design ,Increminization, Exploratory Testir	, Retrospectives nt, Ubiquitous Langu g, <b>Releasing</b> :"Done Integration, Collec FUDiITQwnqJsGTGZRbI , Risk Managemen l requirements, Custo mental Design and A	age, Stanc Done", N ctive Cod H t, Iteratio omer Test

**Mastering Agility: Values and Principles:** Commonalities, About Values, Principles, and Practices, Further Reading, **Improve the Process:** Understand Your Project, Tune and Adapt, Break the Rules, **Rely on People :**Build Effective Relationships, Let the Right People Do the Right Things, Build the Process for the People

**Eliminate Waste :**Work in Small, Reversible Steps, Fail Fast, Maximize Work Not Done, Pursue Throughput, **Deliver Value:** Exploit Your Agility, Only Releasable Code Has Value, Deliver Business

Results, Deliver Frequently, **Seek Technical Excellence** :Software Doesn't Exist, Design Is for Understanding, Design Trade-offs, Quality with a Name, Great Design, Universal Design Principles, Principles in Practice, Pursue Mastery

Teaching-	Chalk and talk/PPT/case study/web content
Learning	
Process	

## **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of **20 Marks**
- Two assignments each of **20 Marks** or **one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks** to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be **scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.** 

## Semester End Examination:

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module.
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

# Suggested Learning Resources:

TEXT BOOKS

- "The Art of Agile Development" James shore, Chromatic, O'Reilly, 2007
- Agile Software Development, Principles, Patterns, and Practices , Robert C. Martin, Prentice Hall, 1st edition, 2002
- Agile and Iterative Development A Manger's Guide, Craig Larman, Pearson Education, First Edition, India, 2004

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=J326LIUrZM8</u>
- <u>https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20\_cs12/preview</u>
- <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/what-is-data-mining-trends-and-research-frontiers/</u>

### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

• The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical –activities which will enhance their skill.

## Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

Sl.	Description	<b>Blooms Level</b>
No.		
C01	Illustrate the working of Agile Methods, XP	L2
CO2	Explain the concept of Coding Standards, Iteration Demo, Reporting	L2
CO3	Demonstrate Incremental requirements, Customer Tests, Test-Driven Development, Refactoring (can be attained through assignment or CIE)	L3
CO4	Evaluate how to Build Effective Relationships (can be attained through assignment or CIE)	L3

#### Mapping of COS and POs

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1			Х							,		
CO2		X										
CO3					Х				X			
CO4										X		

## SOFTWARE METRICS & QUALITY ASSURANCE

Course Code	22MCA425	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:P:SDA)	3:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

#### **Course Learning objectives:**

- Learn about Software quality assurance and benchmarking measurements
- Describe software development best practices for minimizing vulnerabilities in programming code
- Conduct a security verification and assessment (static and dynamic) of a software application.
- To discover an availability of metrics and measures.

#### Module-1

What Is Software Quality: Quality: Popular Views, Quality Professional Views, Software Quality, Total								
Quality Management and Summary. Fundamentals Of Measurement Theory: Definition, Operational								
Definition, And Measurement, Level Of Measurement, Some Basic Measures, Reliability And Validity,								
Measurement Errors, Be Careful With Correlation, Criteria For Causality, Summary. Software Quality								
Metrics Overview: Product Quality Metrics, In Process Quality Metrics, Metrics for Software Maintenance,								
Examples For Metrics Programs, Collecting Software Engineering Data.								
Teaching- LearningChalk and Talk method /PPT/ Case study/Web contents								
Process								
1100000								
Module-2								
 Applying The	Seven Basic Quality Tools In Software Development: Ishikawa's Seven Basic Tools, Checklist,							
	n, Histogram, Run Charts, Scatter Diagram, Control Chart, Cause And Effect Diagram. The							
-	el: Reliability Models, The Rayleigh Model Basic Assumptions, Implementation, Reliability							
And Predictive								
inia i realetive	e vanary.							
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk method /PPT/ Case study/Web contents							
Learning								
 Process	Malla 2							
	Module-3							
Complexity Metrics And Models: Lines Of Code, Halstead's Software Science , Cyclomatic Complexity								
Syntactic Metrics, An Example Of Module Design Metrics In Practice .Metric And Lessons Learned For								
Object Oriented Projects: Object Oriented Concepts And Constructs, Design And Complexity Metrics,								
Productivity Metrics, Quality And Quality Management Metrics, Lessons Learned For object oriented								
Projects.								
Y	r							
Teaching-	Chalk and Talk method /PPT/ Case study/Web contents							
Learning								
Process								
	Module-4							

Availability Metrics: Definition And Measurement Of System Availability, Reliability Availability And Defect Rate, Collecting Customer Outage Data For Quality Improvement, In Process Metrics For Outage And Availability .Conducting Software Project Assessment :Audit Ad Assessment , Software Process Maturity Assessment And Software Project Assessment, Software Process Assessment A Proponed Software Project Assessment Method.

Teaching-
Learning
Drease

Chalk and Talk method /PPT/ Case study/Web contents

ing Process

Module-5

Dos And Don'ts Of Software Process Improvement :Measuring Process Maturity, Measuring Process Capability, Staged Versus Continuous Debating Religion, Measuring Levels Is Not Enough, Establishing The Alignment Principle, Take Time Getting Faster, Keep it Simple Or Face Decomplexification, Measuring The Value Of Process Improvement, Measuring Process Compliance, Celebrate The Journey Not Just The Destination. Using Function Point Metrics to Measure Software Process Improvement: Software Process Improvement Sequences, Process Improvement Economies, Measuring Process Improvement at Activity Levels.

Chalk and Talk method /PPT/ Case study/Web contents Teaching-Learning Process

## **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 50% of the maximum marks. Minimum passing marks in SEE is 40% of the maximum marks of SEE. A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 50% (50 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks
- Two assignments each of 20 Marks or one Skill Development Activity of 40 marks • to attain the COs and POs

The sum of three tests, two assignments/skill Development Activities, will be scaled down to 50 marks CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester End Examination:**

- The SEE question paper will be set for 100 marks and the marks scored will be proportionately reduced to 50.
- The question paper will have ten full questions carrying equal marks.
- Each full question is for 20 marks. There will be two full questions (with a maximum of four subquestions) from each module.
- Each full question will have a sub-question covering all the topics under a module. .
- The students will have to answer five full questions, selecting one full question from each module

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## TEXT BOOKS

1. Metrics and Models in Software Quality Engineering, Stephen H Khan Pearson 2nd edition 2013 **REFERENCE BOOKS** 

- 1. Software quality and Testing Market, S.A.Kelkar PHI Learing, Pvt, Ltd 2012
- 2. Managing the Software Inc, Watts S Humphrey Process Pearson Education 2008

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://www.bmc.com/blogs/software-quality-metrics/ •
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=KqDlDubS-OU https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Ij7dLM8cLuE •
- •

#### **Skill Development Activities Suggested**

The students with the help of the course teacher can take up relevant technical -activities which will • enhance their skill. The prepared report shall be evaluated for CIE marks.

## **Course outcome (Course Skill Set)**

At the end of the course the student will be able to :

SI. No.	Description	Blooms Level
C01	Identify and apply various software metrics, which determines the quality level of software	L1
CO2	Compare and Pick out the right reliability model for evaluating the software	L2
CO3	Discover new metrics and reliability models for evaluating the quality level of the software based on the requirement	L3
C04	Identify and evaluate the quality level of internal and external attributes of the software product	L1

#### Mapping of COS and POs

	P01	P02	P03	P04	P05	P06	P07	P08	P09	P010	P011	P012
CO1	x											
CO2			х									
CO3		х										
CO4					х							

TECHNICAL SEMINAR							
Course Code	22MCA43	CIE Marks	50				
Number of contact Hours/week (L:P:SDA)	0:2:0	SEE Marks	50				
Credits	02	Exam Hours	03				

#### **Course objectives:**

The objective of the seminar is to inculcate self-learning, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion and present and exchange ideas.

Each student, under the guidance of a Faculty, is required to

- Choose, preferably through peer reviewed journals, a recent topic of his/her interest relevant to the Course of Specialization.
- Carryout literature survey, organize the Course topics in a systematic order.
- Prepare the report with own sentences.
- Type the matter to acquaint with the use of Micro-soft equation and drawing tools or any such facilities.
- Present the seminar topic orally and/or through power point slides.
- Answer the queries and involve in debate/discussion.
- Submit two copies of the typed report with a list of references.

The participants shall take part in discussion to foster friendly and stimulating environment in which the students are motivated to reach high standards and become self-confident.

The CIE marks for the seminar shall be awarded (based on the relevance of the topic, presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session and quality of report) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculties from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation**

CIE marks for the Technical seminar report (20 marks), seminar (20 marks) and question and answer session (10 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session by the student) by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

#### **Semester End Examination**

SEE marks for the Seminar report (20 marks), seminar (20 marks) and question and answer session (10 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session) by the examiners appointed by the University.

PROJECT WORK PHASE -2							
Course Code	22MCA44	CIE Marks	100				
Practical /Field work/Week	5	SEE Marks	100				
Credits	16	Exam Hours	03				

#### **Course objectives:**

- To support independent learning.
- To guide to select and utilize adequate information from varied resources maintaining ethics.
- To guide to organize the work in the appropriate manner and present information (acknowledging the sources) clearly.
- To develop interactive, communication, organization, time management, and presentation skills.
- To impart flexibility and adaptability.
- To inspire independent and team working.
- To expand intellectual capacity, credibility, judgement, intuition.
- To adhere to punctuality, setting and meeting deadlines.
- To instill responsibilities to oneself and others.
- To train students to present the topic of project work in a seminar without any fear, face audience confidently, enhance communication skill, involve in group discussion to present and exchange ideas.

**Project Work Phase - II:** Each student of the project batch shall involve in carrying out the project work jointly in constant consultation with internal guide, co-guide, and external guide and prepare the project report as per the norms avoiding plagiarism.

- Follow the Software Development life cycle
- Data Collection ,Planning
- Design the Test cases
- Validation and verification of attained results
- Significance of parameters w.r.t scientific quantified data.
- Publish the project work in reputed Journal.

#### **Course outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Present the project and be able to defend it.
- Make links across different areas of knowledge and to generate, develop and evaluate ideas and information so as to apply these skills to the project task.
- Habituated to critical thinking and use problem solving skills
- Communicate effectively and to present ideas clearly and coherently in both the written and oral forms.
- Work in a team to achieve common goal.
- Learn on their own, reflect on their learning and take appropriate actions to improve it.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

**Project Report: 20 marks**. The basis for awarding the marks shall be the involvement of the student in the project and in the preparation of project report. To be awarded by the internal guide in consultation with external guide if any.

#### Project Presentation: 20 marks.

The Project Presentation marks of the Project Work Phase -II shall be awarded by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

#### **Project Execution: 50 Marks**

The Project Execution marks of the Project Work Phase -II shall be awarded by the committee constituted for the purpose by the Head of the Department. The committee shall consist of three faculty from the department with the senior most acting as the Chairperson.

#### Question and Answer: 10 marks.

The student shall be evaluated based on the ability in the Question and Answer session for 10 marks.

#### **Semester End Examination**

SEE marks for the project report (60 marks), seminar (30 marks) and question and answer session (10 marks) shall be awarded (based on the quality of report and presentation skill, participation in the question and answer session) by the examiners appointed by the University.