

## **CITY ENGINEERING COLLEGE**

Approved by AICTE New Delhi & Affiliated by VTU, Belagavi Doddakallasandra, Off Kanakapura Main Road, Next to Gokulam Apartment, Bangalore - 560 062.

## **Department of Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning**

## VTU Syllabus for Academic year (2023-2024)

ODD Semester			
Sl.No	Scheme	Semester	
01	2021	$5^{\text{th}}$	
02	2022	$3^{\rm rd}$	

Even Semester			
Sl.No	Scheme	Semester	
01	2021	$6^{\text{th}}$	
02	2022	$4^{\text{th}}$	

## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021 Outcome Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

V SE	MESTER											
			(	Teachir	ng Hours	/Week			Exami	nation		
SI. No	Course and Course Code	Course Title	Teaching bepartment (TD and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks	Total Marks	Credits
				L	Т	Р	S					
1	BSC 21CS51	Automata Theory and compiler Design		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
2	IPCC 21CS52	Computer Networks		3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	PCC 21CS53	Database Management Systems	Any CS Board Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
4	PCC 21AI54	Principles of Artificial Intelligence		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCC 21CSL55	Database Management Systems Laboratory with Mini Project		0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	AEC 21XX56	Research Methodology & Intellectual Property Rights	TD: Any Department PSB: As identified by university	2	0	0		02	50	50	100	2
7	HSMC 21CIV57	Environmental Studies	TD: Civil/ Environmental /Chemistry/ Biotech. PSB: Civil Engg	1	0	0		1	50	50	100	1
	450			If offered as Theory cou		d as Theory courses						
0	AEC 2105588/21	Ability Enhancement Course V	Concerned	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1
0	CSI 58X	Ability Enhancement Course-v	Board	If of	fered as	ered as lab. courses		02	50	50	100	1
				0	0	2		02				
								Total	400	400	800	18
		Ab	ility Enhancem	ent Course	e - IV							
21CS	Angular	JS and Node JS		2105583								
2105	582 C# and .	Net Framework		2105584								
L												

Note: BSC: Basic Science Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, AEC – Ability Enhancement Course INT – Internship, HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P- Practical/ Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

**Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC):** refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). Theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech.) 2021-22 may be referred.

AUTOMATA THEORY AND COMPILER DESIGN				
Course Code	21CS51	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	

#### **Course Learning Objectives**

- CLO 1. Introduce the fundamental concepts of Automata Theory, Formal Languages and compiler design
- CLO 2. Principles Demonstrate Application of Automata Theory and Formal Languages in the field of compiler design
- CLO 3. Develop understanding of computation through Push Down Automata and Turing Machines
- CLO 4. Introduce activities carried out in different phases of Phases compiler
- CLO 5. Identify the undecidability problems.

#### Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different approaches and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Introduction to Automata Theory:** Central Concepts of Automata theory, Deterministic Finite Automata(DFA), Non- Deterministic Finite Automata(NFA) ,Epsilon- NFA, NFA to DFA Conversion, Minimization of DFA

Introduction to Compiler Design: Language Processors, Phases of Compilers

## Textbook 1: Chapter1 – 1.5, Chapter2 – 2.2,2.3,2.5 Chapter4 –4.4 Textbook 2: Chapter1 – 1.1 and 1.2

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
Module-2					

**Regular Expressions and Languages:** Regular Expressions, Finite Automata and Regular Expressions, Proving Languages Not to Be Regular

**Lexical Analysis Phase of compiler Design:** Role of Lexical Analyzer, Input Buffering , Specification of Token, Recognition of Token.

Textbook 1: Chapter3 - 3.1, 3.2, Chapter4- 4.1

Textbook 2: Chapter3- 3.1 to 3.4	
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
5 5	Module-3
Context Free Grammars: Definitio	n and designing CFGs, Derivations Using a Grammar, Parse Trees,
Ambiguity and Elimination of Ambi	guity, Elimination of Left Recursion, Left Factoring.
Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile	ers: part-1: Role of Parser, Top-Down Parsing
Textbook 1: Chapter 5 – 5.1.1 to 5	5.1.6, 5.2 (5.2.1, 5.2.2), 5.4
Textbook 2: Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2, 4	4.3 (4.3.2 to 4.3.4) ,4.4
Teaching-Learning Process	Chaik and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Buck Design Automate Definition	Module-4
Push Down Automata: Definition (	of the Pushdown Automata, The Languages of a PDA.
<b>Syntax Analysis Phase of Compile</b> Powerful LR parsers	ers: Part-2: Bottom-up Parsing, Introduction to LR Parsing: SLR, More
Textbook1: Chapter 6 - 6.1, 6.2	
Textbook2: Chapter 4 - 4.5, 4.6, 4	4.7 (Up to 4.7.4)
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk & board, Problem based learning
	Module-5
Introduction to Turing Machin	e: Problems that Computers Cannot Solve, The Turing machine,
problems, Programming Technique	s for Turing Machine, Extensions to the Basic Turing Machine
Undecidability : A language That Is	s Not Recursively Enumerable, An Undecidable Problem That Is RE.
Other Phases of Compilers: Syn Orders for SDD's. Intermediate-Co	ntax Directed Translation- Syntax-Directed Definitions, Evaluation ode Generation- Variants of Syntax Trees, Three-Address Code.
Code Generation- Issues in the Des	sign of a Code Generator
Textbook1: Chanter 8 - 8 1 8 2 8	384 Chanter 9 - 9192
Textbook2: Chapter 5 – 5.1. 5.2. $C$	Chapter 6- 6.1.6.2 Chapter 8- 8.1
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC
Course Outcomes	
At the end of the course the stude	ent will be able to:
CO 1. Acquire fundamental unde Computation	rstanding of the core concepts in automata theory and Theory of
CO 2. Design and develop lexical	analyzers, parsers and code generators
CO 3. Design Grammars and Auto	omata (recognizers) for different language classes and become
knowledgeable about restr	ricted models of Computation (Regular, Context Free) and their relative
CO 4. Acquire fundamental under	rstanding of the structure of a Compiler and Apply concepts automata
theory and Theory of Com	putation to design Compilers
CO 5. Design computations mode	els for problems in Automata theory and adaptation of such model in
the field of compilers	
r	
Assessment Details (both CIF and	I SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 1. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

1. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. John E Hopcroft, Rajeev Motwani, Jeffrey D. Ullman," Introduction to Automata Theory, Languages and Computation", Third Edition, Pearson.
- 2. Alfred V.Aho, Monica S.Lam, Ravi Sethi, Jeffrey D. Ullman, " Compilers Principles, Techniques and Tools", Second Edition, Perason.

## **Reference:**

- 1. Elain Rich, "Automata, Computability and complexity", 1st Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2. K.L.P Mishra, N Chandrashekaran , 3rd Edition , 'Theory of Computer Science'', PHI, 2012.
- 3. Peter Linz, "An introduction to Formal Languages and Automata ", 3rd Edition, Narosa Publishers, 1998.
- 4. K Muneeswaran, "Compiler Design", Oxford University Press 2013.

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106049/#
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/104/106104123/
- 3. https://www.jflap.org/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Group Activities, quizzes, Puzzles and presentations

		COMPUTER NET	WORKS	
Course	Code:	21CS52	CIE Marks	50
Teachiı	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy 40T + 20		40T + 20P	Total Marks	100
Credits		04	Exam Hours	03
Course	Objectives:			
CLO 1	Fundamentals of data comm	unication networks.		
	Application of various physic	faces	vrotocols	
	Communication challenges a	nd remedies in the n	etworks	
Teachi	ng-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
These a	are sample Strategies, which te	eachers can use to ac	celerate the attainment (	of the various course
outcom	are sample strategies, which to			
1	les.	t to be only tradition	al lacture method but a	Itomativo offostivo
1.	Lecturer method (L) need no	d to be only tradition	iai lecture methou, but a	iter hative enective
2	teaching methods could be a		Jucomes.	
Ζ.	Use of Video/Animation to es	kplain functioning of	various concepts.	
3.	Encourage collaborative (Gro	oup Learning) Learni	ng in the class.	
4.	Ask at least three HOT (High thinking.	er order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, wh	ich promotes critical
5.	Adopt Problem Based Learni	ng (PBL), which fost	ers students' Analytical s	skills, develop design
	thinking skills such as the ab	ility to design, evalua	te, generalize, and analy	ze information rather
	than simply recall it.			
6.	5 Introduce Topics in manifold representations			
7	7 Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with			
their own creative ways to solve them				
Q	8 Discuss how every concent can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps			
improve the students' understanding				
	improve the students under	Module-1		
Introd	uction to notworks. Network	hardware Network	software Reference mo	dols
muou	uction to networks. Network	naruware, network	software, Reference mo	uci3,
Physic	al Layer: Guided transmission	media, Wireless tra	nsmission	
<u>Textbo</u>	ook 1: Ch.1.2 to 1.4, Ch.2.2 to	2.3		
Labora	itory component:		1	.1
1.	Implement Three nodes point	it – to – point netwo	rk with duplex links bet	ween them for different
	various iterations	ze, vary the bandwid	iui, and iniu the number	f of packets dropped for
	various iterations.			
Teachi	ng-Learning Process	Chalk and board. Pro	blem based learning. De	emonstration
Modulo-?				
The D	ata link lavor. Design issue	es of DLL Error de	, stection and correction	Flementary data linl
protoco	ols, Sliding window protocols.			, Elementary data mir
The mo	edium access control sublay	er: The channel alloc	ation problem, Multiple	access protocols.
Textbo	ook 1: Ch.3.1 to 3.4, Ch.4.1 an	d 4.2		
Labora	itory Component:			
1.	Implement simple ESS and determine the throughput w	l with transmitting ith respect to transm	nodes in wire-less L ission of packets	AN by simulation and
2. Write a program for error detecting code using CRC-CCITT (16- bits).				

marchine transfer D			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-3		
The Network Layer: Network Layer Design Issues, Routi	ng Algorithms, Congestion Control Algorithms, QoS.		
<b>Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.4</b>			
Laboratory Component:			
<ol> <li>Implement transmission of nodes and find the number</li> <li>Write a program to find the</li> </ol>	f ping messages/trace route over a network topology consisting of 6 of packets dropped due to congestion in the network. e shortest path between vertices using bellman-ford algorithm.		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
	Module-4		
<b>The Transport Layer:</b> The Transpinternet transport protocols.	oort Service, Elements of transport protocols, Congestion control, The		
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.4 and 6.5.	1 to 6.5.7		
Laboratory Component:			
1. Implement an Ethernet LA	AN using n nodes and set multiple traffic nodes and plot congestion		
2 Write a program for conges	e / destination. stion control using leaky bucket algorithm		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
5 5	Module-5		
<b>Application Layer:</b> Principles of Internet, DNS—The Internet's Direct	Network Applications, The Web and HTTP, Electronic Mail in the ctory Service.		
Textbook 2: Ch 2.1 to 2.4			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration		
Course Outcomes (Course Skill Se	et)		
At the end of the course the student	will be able to:		
CO 1. Learn the basic needs of co	mmunication system.		
CO 3 Identify and organize the co	on challenges and its solution.		
CO 4. Design communication net	works for user requirements.		
Assessment Details (both CIE and	l SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Intern	nal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for th	e CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the acad	emic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
course if the student secures not le	ess than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40	marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End	Examination) taken together		
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</b>			
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks	(duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of $5^{th}$ w	veek of the semester		
2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester			
3. Third test at the end of the	15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Two assignments each of <b>10 Marks</b>			
4. First assignment at the end	of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the e	nd of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Practical Sessions need to be assess to <b>20 marks</b> .	sed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute		

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Textbooks:**

- 1. Computer-Networks- Andrew S. Tanenbaum and David J. Wetherall, Pearson Education, 5th-Edition. (www.pearsonhighered.com/tanenbaum)
- 2. Computer Networking A Top-Down Approach -James F. Kurose and Keith W. RossPearson Education 7<sup>th</sup> Edition.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Behrouz A Forouzan, Data and Communications and Networking, Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill,Indian Edition
- 2. Larry L Peterson and Brusce S Davie, Computer Networks, fifth edition, ELSEVIER

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105183/L01.html</u>
- 2. http://www.digimat.in/nptel/courses/video/106105081/L25.html
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106105081
- 4. VTU e-Shikshana Program

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Simulation of Personal area network, Home area network, achieve QoS etc.

**Note**: For the Simulation experiments modify the topology and parameters set for the experiment and take multiple rounds of reading and analyze the results available in log files. Plot necessary graphs and conclude using NS2. Installation procedure of the required software must be demonstrated, carried out in groups, and documented in the report. Non simulation programs can be implemented using Java

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS				
Course Code		21CS53	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/W	eek (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Peda	igogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning O	bjectives	•	•	
CLO 1. Provi	de a strong foundati	ion in database con	cepts, technology, an	d practice.
CLO 2. Practi	ce SQL programmir	ng through a variety	of database problem	ns.
CLO 3. Demo	nstrate the use of c	oncurrency and trai	nsactions in database	9
CLO 4. Desig	n and build databas	e applications for r	eal world problems.	
Teaching-Learning	g Process (General	Instructions)		
<b>m</b> ) ) (			1	
These are sample S	trategies, which tea	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainme	nt of the various course
outcomes.			1	
1. Lectur	er method (L) need	not to be only a tra	ditional lecture meth	nod, but alternative
effectiv	ve teaching method	s could be adopted	to attain the outcom	es.
2. Use of	Video/Animation to	o explain functionin	g of various concept	S.
3. Encou	rage collaborative (	Group Learning) Le	arning in the class.	
4. Ask at	least three HOT (Hi	gher order Thinkin	g) questions in the c	lass, which promotes
critica	l thinking.		с	1
5. Adopt	Problem Based Lea	rning (PBL), which	fosters students' Ana	alytical skills, develop
design	thinking skills such	h as the ability to de	sign, evaluate, gener	alize, and analyze
inform	information rather than simply recall it.			
6. Introd	6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.			
7. Show t	7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and			
encour	encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.			
8. Discus	o. Discuss now every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that S possible, it helps improve the students' understanding			
helps i	mprove the student	ts' understanding.		
Module-1				
Introduction to Databases: Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the				
אסמט מערוו, הואנטרץ טו עמנמטמצי מערוונמנוטווג.				
Quarriew of Database Languages and Architectures. Data Models Schemes and Instances Three				
overview of Database Languages and Architectures: Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three				
architecture and da	ta independence da	atahase languages a	and interfaces. The D	atahase System
environment.	ta macpenaence, at	inguiges,		atabase bystem
Conceptual Data M	Iodelling using En	tities and Relation	ships: Entity types,	Entity sets, attributes,
roles, and structura	l constraints, Weak	entity types, ER dia	grams, Examples	
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.7				
Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
Module-2				
Relational Model:	Relational Model	Concepts, Relation	al Model Constrain	ts and relational database
schemas, Update op	schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.			ns.
		_		
Relational Algebra	a: Unary and Binary	v relational operation	ons, additional relati	onal operations (aggregate,
grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.				
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational				

mapping.

#### Textbook 1:, Ch 5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.5, 9.1;

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
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Module-3

**SQL:** SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.

**Advances Queries:** More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL, Schema change statements in SQL. Database

**Application Development:** Accessing databases from applications, An introduction to JDBC, JDBC classes and interfaces, SQLJ, Stored procedures, Case study: The internet Bookshop.

#### Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration					
Module-4						

**Normalization: Database Design Theory** – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples on normal forms.

**Normalization Algorithms:** Inference Rules, Equivalence, and Minimal Cover, Properties of Relational Decompositions, Algorithms for Relational Database Schema Design, Nulls, Dangling tuples, and alternate Relational Designs, Further discussion of Multivalued dependencies and 4NF, Other dependencies and Normal Forms

#### Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 15.1 to 15.6

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning		

Module-5

**Transaction Processing:** Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

**Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

#### Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC

## **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Identify, analyze and define database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using RDBMS
- CO 2. Use Structured Query Language (SQL) for database manipulation and also demonstrate the basic of query evaluation.
- CO 3. Design and build simple database systems and *relate* the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO 4. Develop application to interact with databases, relational algebra expression.
- CO 5. Develop applications using tuple and domain relation expression from queries.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### **Semester End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth and S. Sudarshan's Database System Concepts 6th EditionTata Mcgraw Hill Education Private Limited

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow304I</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</a>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HI4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad\_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration of real time Database projects - E-commerce Platform, Inventory Management, Railway System, College Data Management, Library Data Management, Solution for Saving Student Records, Hospital Data Management, Blood Donation Management.

PRINCIPLES OF ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE						
Course Code		21AI54	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hour	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of	Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives						
CLO 1 Cain a historical normastive of AL and its foundations						
	Bacomo familiar with basi	re of Al and its found	auons			
	Set to know approaches of	inference percentic	alu problem solving	and Reasoning		
Teaching-Lea	rning Process (General I	instructions)	n, oneer tani Knowledge	ana Reasoning		
Teaching Lea	lining i rocess (denerui i	instructions)				
These are sam	ple Strategies, which teach	ner can use to accele	rate the attainment of th	e various course		
outcomes.						
1. Lectur	rer method (L) does not m	ean only traditional	lecture method, but diffe	erent type of teaching		
metho	ods may be adopted to dev	elop the outcomes.				
2. Show	Video/animation films to	explain functioning of	of various concepts.			
3. Encou	rage collaborative (Group	Learning) Learning	in the class.			
4. Ask at	t least three HOTS (Higher	order Thinking) que	estions in the class, whicl	h promotes critical		
thinki	ng.			-		
5. Adopt	Problem Based Learning	(PBL), which fosters	students' Analytical skil	ls, develop thinking		
skills	such as the ability to evalu	ate, generalize, and	analyze information rath	er than simply recall it.		
6. Topic	s will be introduced in a m	ultiple representation	on.			
7. Show	the different ways to solve	e the same problem a	and encourage the stude	nts to come up with		
their	own creative ways to solve	e them.	0	1		
8. Discu	ss how every concept can	be applied to the rea	l world - and when that's	s possible, it helps		
impro	ve the students' understa	nding.				
		Module-1				
Introduction:	What is AI? Foundations a	and History of AI				
		2				
Intelligent A	gents: Agents and envir	onment, Concept o	f Rationality, The natu	re of environment, The		
structure of ag	gents.					
Text book 1:	Chanter 1. 1 1 1 2 1 3 (	'hanter 7. 7 1 7 7 '	7371			
Teaching-	Chalk and board Active I	.earning	2.3, 2.4			
Learning	chark and board, neave i	icai iiiig.				
Process						
Module-2						
Problem-solv	ing: Problem-solving ager	ts Example problem	ns Searching for Solution	ns Uninformed Search		
Strategies Bre	adth First search Denth F	irst Search. Iterative	deepening depth first se	earch:		
Strategies. Die	aaan i not searen, Deptil i		acoponing dopin mot st			
Text book 1:	Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4					
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active I	learning, Demonstra	tion			
Learning						
Process						
Module-3						
Informed Search Strategies: Heuristic functions, Greedy best first search, A*search. Heuristic Functions						
	-	-				
Logical Agent	s: Knowledge-based agen	ts, The Wumpus wo	rld, Logic, Propositional l	ogic, Reasoning patterns		
in Proposition	al Logic					
Toythook 1-	Chantor 1 11 10 Chan	tor 7 71 70 70	7475			
Teaching-	Chalk and hoard Drobler	ner /- /.1, /.2, /.3, n hased learning Do	/.+, /.J monstration			
Loarning	Ghaik anu buaru, ri obleh	ii baseu ieai iiiig, De				
Learning						

Module-4           First Order Logic:         Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order logic,           Inference in First Order Logic :Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining Backward Chaining, Resolution           Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5           Teaching- Learning         Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration           Process         Module-5           Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Bic Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumt World Revisited           Test Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6           Teaching- Learning         Chalk and board, Active Learning.           Process         Course Outcomes           At the end of the course the student will be able to:         CO 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.           CO 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.         CO 3. Develop knowledge base settences using propositional logic and first order logic.           CO 3. Develop knowledge the sentences using propositional logic and first order logic.         CO 4.           Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T           Inninimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum m	Process								
First Order Logic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order logic.         Inference in First Order Logic Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining Backward Chaining, Resolution         Teaching-         Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration         Module-5         Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba         Process         Module-5         Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba         Process         Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Process         Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demostrating and reasoning techniques for different applications.         CO         Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Process         Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demostrating and Inferenc		Module-4							
Inference in First Order Logic :Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining Backward Chaining, Resolution         Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5         Teaching- Learning Process       Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration         Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wump World Revisited         Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:         C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.         C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic CO 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing.         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (C	<b>First Order L</b> logic.	ogic: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order							
Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5         Teaching- Learning Process       Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration         Module-5         Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, BE Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumj World Revisited         Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Calk and board, Active Learning.         Learning Process       Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:       CO 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.       CO 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic CO 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing CO 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together <tr< td=""><td colspan="9"><b>Inference in First Order Logic :</b>Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Resolution</td></tr<>	<b>Inference in First Order Logic :</b> Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Resolution								
Teaching- Learning Process       Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration         Process       Module-5         Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Ba Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wurn World Revisited         Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Process       Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Learning       Chalk and board and the curse the student will be able to:         C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.       CO         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.       CO         C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic       CO         C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing       CO         C0 5. Ilbustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) an	Text book 1: Chapter 8- 8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9- 9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5								
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Module-5           Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty: Acting under Uncertainty, Br Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wump World Revisited           Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6           Teaching: Learning Process           Chalk and board, Active Learning. Learning Process           Course Outcomes           At the end of the course the student will be able to: C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications. C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques. C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning. Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)           The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together           Continuous Internal Evaluation:           Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)           1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester           2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester           3. T	Process								
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Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6         Teaching- Learning       Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Process       Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:       C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.       C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing         C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing       C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing         C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.       Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T       minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if is student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together         Continuous Internal Evaluation:       Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)         1. First test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester       3. Second test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester       3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	<b>Uncertain K</b> Probability No World Revisite	<b>nowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty:</b> Acting under Uncertainty, Basic otation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumpus ed							
Teaching- Learning       Chalk and board, Active Learning.         Process       Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:       C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.       C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic         C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing       C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)       The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T         minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together         Continuous Internal Evaluation:       Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)         1. First test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester       Second test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         2. Second test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester       Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester       Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	Text Book 1:	Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6							
Learning         Process         Course Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:         C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.         C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic         C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing         C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T         minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed         have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if         student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and         minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together         Continuous Internal Evaluation:         Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)         1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         2. Second test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         Two assignments each of 10 Mar	Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning.							
Process         Gourse Outcomes         At the end of the course the student will be able to:         C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.         C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.         C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic         C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing         C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.         Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)         The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T         minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed         have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if         student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and         minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S         (Semester End Examination) taken together         Continuous Internal Evaluation:         Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)         1. First test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         2. Second test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         3. Third test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester         4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup>	Learning								
<ul> <li>Course Outcomes</li> <li>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</li> <li>C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.</li> <li>C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.</li> <li>C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic</li> <li>C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing</li> <li>C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.</li> <li>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</li> <li>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemeed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation:</li> <li>Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)</li> <li>1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> </ul>	Process								
<ul> <li>At the end of the course the student will be able to:</li> <li>C0 1. Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.</li> <li>C0 2. Analyse Searching and Inferencing Techniques.</li> <li>C0 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic</li> <li>C0 4. Demonstrating agents, searching and inferencing</li> <li>C0 5. Illustrate the application of probability in uncertain reasoning.</li> <li>Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)</li> <li>The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. T</li> <li>minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and S (Semester End Examination) taken together</li> <li>Continuous Internal Evaluation:</li> <li>Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)</li> <li>1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>2. Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> </ul>	Course Outco	omes							
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4. First assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	<ol> <li>First 1</li> <li>Second</li> <li>Third</li> <li>Two assignment</li> </ol>	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester 1d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester I test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester ents each of <b>10 Marks</b>							
5. Second assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b> (duration 01 hours) OR Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given the students to submit the same as laboratory work( for example; Implementation of concept learning, implementation of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)	4. First a 5. Secon Group discuss ( <b>duration 01</b> the students to implementation	assignment at the end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester and assignment at the end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester sion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b> <b>hours) OR</b> Suitable Programming experiments based on the syllabus contents can be given to o submit the same as laboratory work( for example; Implementation of concept learning, on of decision tree learning algorithm for suitable data set, etc)							
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester	6. At the	e end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester							
The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and	The sum of the	ree tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and							

#### will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

## CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig , Artificial Intelligence, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Pearson, 2015 **Reference:** 
  - 1. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013
  - 2. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html
- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Role play for strategies – DFS & BFS, Reasoning and Uncertainty problems - reliability of sensor used to detect pedestrians using Bayes Rule , A teacher does not know exactly what a student understand etc.

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEMS LABORATORY WITH MINI PROJECT							
Course Cod	e	21CSL55	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours	s of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100			
Credits		01	Exam Hours	03			
Course Lear	ning Objectives:						
CLO 1. Fou	ndation knowledge in databa	ase concepts, techno	logy and practice to groo	m students into			
well	l-informed database applicat	ion developers.					
CLO 2. Stro	ng practice in SQL programn	ning through a variet	ty of database problems.				
CLO 3. Deve	elop database applications us	sing front-end tools	and back-end DBMS				
Sl. No.	PART-A	: SQL Programming	g (Max. Exam Marks. 5(	))			
				-			
	Design, develop, and impler	nent the specified qu	ueries for the following p	roblems using			
	Oracle, MySQL, MS SQL Serv	ver, or any other DBI	MS under LINUX/Windov	<i>w</i> s environment.			
	Create Schema and insert at	t least 5 records for	each table. Add appropri	ate database			
	constraints.						
1	Aim: Demonstrating creation	of tables, applying th	e view concepts on the ta	oles.			
	Program Consider the following POOK (Pook id Title Public)	ng schema for a Libra	ary Database:				
	BOOK AUTHORS (Book id	Silei_Naille, Fub_iea Author Nama)	al j				
	PUBLISHER(Name_Address	s Phone)					
	BOOK COPIES(Book id. Pro	ogramme id. No-of (	Copies)				
	BOOK_LENDING(Book_id, P	programme_id, Card	_No, Date_Out, Due_Date	)			
	LIBRARY_PROGRAMME(Pro	ogramme_id, Progra	mme_Name, Address)				
	Write SQL queries to						
	1. Retrieve details of all	books in the library –	id, title, name of publishe	r, authors, number of			
	copies in each Programme, et	tc.					
	2. Get the particulars of l	borrowers who have	borrowed more than 3 bo	oks, but			
	3 Delete a book in BOOK	(table Undate the co	ntents of other tables to re	aflect this			
	data manipulation operation	table. Opuale life co					
	4. Partition the BOOK ta	ble based on vear of r	oublication. Demonstrate i	ts working			
	with a simple query.						
	5. Create a view of all bo	oks and its number o	f copies that are currently	available in			
	the Library.						
	Reference:						
	https://www.youtube.com/v	<u>watch?v=AaSU-AOgul</u>	<u>s</u>				
2	https://www.youtube.com/v	watch?v=-EwEvJxS-Fv	N				
۷	Ann: Discuss the various con	cepts on constraints a	ind update operations.				
	Program: Consider the follow	ing scheme for Order	r Datahase				
	SALESMAN(Salesman id, N	ame. City. Commissi	on)				
	CUSTOMER(Customer id, C	ust Name, City, Grad	de, Salesman id)				
	ORDERS(Ord_No, Purchase	_Amt, Ord_Date, Cus	tomer_id, Salesman_id)				
Write SQL queries to							
	Count the customers with grades above Bangalore's average.						
2. Find the name and numbers of all salesman who had more than one customer							
	ners in their cities						
	(Use UNIUN operation.)	the colormor whether	a the quaterner with the - 1-3	about and ar of a dar-			
	4. Create a view that finds	the salesman who has the customer with the highest order of a day.					
	also he deleted	L operation by relifo	ving salesinali with ht 100	o. All his of dels hiust			
	מוסט של עלובובע.						
	Reference:						
	https://www.youtube.com	n/watch?v=AA-KL1jb	<u>MeY</u>				

	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7S_tz1z_5bA
3	Aim: Demonstrate the concepts of JOIN operations.
	Program: Consider the schema for Movie Database:
	ACTOR(Act_id, Act_Name, Act_Gender)
	DIRECTOR(Dir_id, Dir_Name, Dir_Phone)
	MOVIES(Mov_id, Mov_Title, Mov_Year, Mov_Lang, Dir_id)
	MOVIE_CAST(Act_id, Mov_id, Role)
	RATING(Mov_id, Rev_Stars)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List the titles of all movies directed by 'Hitchcock'.
	2. Find the movie names where one or more actors acted in two or more movies.
	3. List all actors who acted in a movie before 2000 and also in a movie after 2015(use JOIN
	operation).
	4. Find the title of movies and number of stars for each movie that has at least one rating and find
	the highest number of stars that movie received. Sort the result by
	movie title.
	5. Update rating of all movies directed by 'Steven Spielberg' to 5.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=hSiCUNVKIAo
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Eod3aQkFz84
4	Aim: Introduce concepts of PLSQL and usage on the table.
	Program: Consider the schema for College Database:
	STUDENT(USN, SName, Address, Phone, Gender)
	SEMSEC(SSID, Sem, Sec)
	CLASS(USN, SSID)
	COURSE(Subcode, Title, Sem, Credits)
	IAMARKS(USN, Subcode, SSID, Test1, Test2, Test3, FinalIA)
	Write SQL queries to
	1. List all the student details studying in fourth semester 'C' section.
	2. Compute the total number of male and female students in each semester and in each
	section.
	3. Create a view of Test1 marks of student USN '1BI15CS101' in all Courses.
	4. Calculate the FinalIA (average of best two test marks) and update the corresponding table
	for all students.
	5. Categorize students based on the following criterion:
	If FinalIA = 17 to 20 then CAT = 'Outstanding'
	If FinalIA = 12 to 16 then CAT = 'Average'
	If FinalIA< 12 then CAT = 'Weak'
	Give these details only for 8th semester A, B, and C section students.
	Reference:
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=horURQewW9c
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=P7-wKbKrAhk
5	Aim: Demonstrate the core concepts on table like nested and correlated nesting queries and also
	EXISTS and NOT EXISTS keywords.
	Program: Lonsider the schema for Lompany Database:
	EMIPLOYEE(SSN, NAME, Address, Sex, Salary, SuperSSN, DNOJ
	DEPAK I MEN I (DNO, DNAME, MGRSSN, MGRStartDate)
	DECIECT(DNo, DNome, DL occhien, DNo)
	PROJECT (PNO, PNAME, PLOCATION, DNO)
	WUKKS_UN(SSN, PNO, HOURS)
	Write SQL queries to
	Make a list of all project numbers for projects that involve an employee whose last name is 'Scott',
	either as a worker or as a manager of the department that controls the project.

	Show the resulting salaries if every employee working on the 'IoT' project is given a 10 percent					
	Find the sum of the salaries of all employees of the 'Accounts' department, as well as the					
	maximum salary, the minimum salary, and the average salary in this department					
	Retrieve the name of each employee who works on all the projects controlled by department number 5 (use NOT EXISTS operator).					
	For each department that has more than five employees, retrieve the department number and					
	the number of its employees who are making more than Rs.6,00,000.					
	Reference:					
	https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Dk8f3ejqKts					
Dedagogy	For the above experiments the following nedagogy can be considered. Droblem based					
reuagogy	learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk					
	PART B					
	Mini project: For any problem selected, make sure that the application should have five or more					
tables. Indicative areas include: Organization, health care, Ecommerce etc.						
Course Out	comes:					
At the end o	of the course the student will be able to:					
CO 1. Crea	CO 1. Create, Update and query on the database.					
CO 2. Dem	ionstrate the working of different concepts of DBMS					
CO 3. Imp	lement, analyze and evaluate the project developed for an application.					

Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.

Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.

Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).

Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.

Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8th week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14th week of the semester.

In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.

The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

The average of 02 tests is scaled down to 20 marks (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with an equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B, the project group (Maximum of 4 students per batch) should demonstrate the mini-project.
- Weightage of marks for PART A is 60% and for PART B is 40%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours
- Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

#### Textbooks:

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

#### Suggested Weblinks/ E Resource

https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/index.htm

	ANGULAR	JS AND NODE JS					
Course Code:	21CSI 581	CIF Marks	50				
Teaching Hours /Week	0.0.2.0	SFF Marks	50				
Total No. of Hours	12T + 12P	Total Marks	100				
Credits	01	Exam Hours	02				
Course Objectives: The student should be made to:							
CLO 1. To learn the basics of	Angular JS.						
CLO 2. To understand the An	gular IS Modules.						
CLO 3. To implement Forms.	inputs and Services						
CLO 4 To implement Directiv	res and Databases						
CLO 5 To understand basics	of Node IS						
Tooching-Loorning Process (	Conoral Instructio	ne)					
Teaching-Learning Frocess (	General filsti uctio	115)					
These are sample Strategies, w	hich teachers can us	se to accelerate the attainmer	nt of the various course				
outcomes.							
1. Lecturer method (L) n	eed not to be only a	traditional lecture method, b	ut alternative effective				
teaching methods cou	d be adopted to atta	ain the outcomes.					
2. Use of Video/Animatio	on to explain functio	oning of various concepts.					
3. Encourage collaborati	ve (Group Learning)	) Learning in the class.					
4. Ask at least three HOT	(Higher order Thin	king) questions in the class, v	vhich promotes critical				
thinking.							
5. Adopt Problem Based	Learning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' Analytica	al skills, develop design				
thinking skills such as	the ability to design	ı, evaluate, generalize, and an	alyze information rather				
than simply recall it.							
6. Introduce Topics in ma	anifold representati	ons.					
7. Show the different wa	ys to solve the same	problem with different logic	and encourage the				
students to come up w	ith their own creati	ve ways to solve them.					
8. Discuss how every cor	cept can be applied	to the real world - and when	that's possible, it helps				
improve the students'	understanding.						
	M	odule-1					
Introduction To Angular JS:	Introduction – Feat	ures – Angular JSModel-View	-Controller – Expression -				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	d Active Learning practical h	ased learning				
Modulo 2							
Mouule-2							
Angular JS Modules: Arrays - Handling with Forms – Nested	Working with ng-n	nodel – Working with Forms	– Form Validation – Error				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	d. Active Learning, practical b	ased learning				
Module-3	onun unu bour						
<b>Directives&amp; Building Databa</b>	ses:						
Part I- Filters – Using Filters	in Controllers and	l Services – Angular JS Serv	ices – Internal Angular JS				
Services – Custom Angular JS S	ervices	0 /	<i>,</i>				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board	d. Active Learning, practical h	ased learning				
Module-4	difail and board	a, 110110 2001 1119, providen a					
Directives & Building Databa	ses:						
<b>Part-II-</b> Directives – Alternati	ves to Custom Dire	ctives – Understanding the F	Basic options – Interacting				
with Server – HTTP Services – Building Database. Front End and BackEnd							
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Chalk and board. Active Learning. practical based learning							
Module-5		,	0				
Introduction to NODE .IS: I	ntroduction –Using	the Terminals – Editors –B	uilding a Webserver with				
Node – The HTTPModule – Vie	ws and Layouts.		<b>U</b>				

#### **Teaching-Learning Process**Chalk and board, Active Learning, practical based learning

#### Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Describe the features of Angular JS.
- CO 2. Recognize the form validations and controls.
- CO 3. Implement Directives and Controllers.
- CO 4. Evaluate and create database for simple application.
- CO 5. Plan and build webservers with node using Node .JS.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

## NOTE: List of experiments to be prepared by the faculty based on the syllabus mentioned above

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

## Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- The duration of SEE is 02 hours

Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Adam Freeman ProAngular JS, Apress, First Edition, 2014.
- 2. ShyamSeshadri, Brad Green "AngularJS: Up and Running: Enhanced Productivity with Structured Web Apps", Apress, O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- 3. AgusKurniawan–"AngularJS Programming by Example", First Edition, PE Press, 2014. **Reference Books** 
  - 1. Brad Dayley, "Learning Angular JS", Addison-Wesley Professional, First Edition, 2014.
  - 2. Steve Hoberman, "Data Modeling for MongoDB", Technics Publication, First Edition, 2014..

## Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Introduction to Angular JS : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HEbphzK-0xE</u>
- 2. Angular JS Modules : <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gWm0KmgnQkU</u>
- 3. Directives& Building Databases: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R\_okHflzgm0</u>
- 4. Introduction to NODE .JS: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8u1o-OmOeGQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7F1nLajs4Eo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t7x7c-x90FU</u>

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Demonstration of simple projects

C# AND .NET FRAMEWORK								
Course Code:	21CS582	CIE Marks	50					
Teaching Hours/Week	1:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50					
Total No. of Hours	12	Total Marks	100					
Credits	01	Exam Hours	01					
Course Objectives: CLO 1. Understand the basics	CLO 1 Understand the basics of C# and NFT							
CLO 2. Learn the variables an	d constants of C#							
CLO 3 Know the object-orien	ted aspects and application	IS						
CLO 4 Learn the basic structu	re of NET framework							
CLO5 Learn to create a simpl	le project of NET Core							
Tooching-Loorning Process (	Conoral Instructions)							
These are sample Strategies, w	hich teachers can use to ac	celerate the attainment of th	ie various course					
1. Lecturer method (L) n	eed not to be only a traditio	onal lecture method, but alte	ernative effective					
teaching methods coul	d be adopted to attain the o	outcomes.						
2. Use of Video/Animatio	on to explain functioning of	various concepts.						
3. Encourage collaborati	ve (Group Learning) Learni	ng in the class.						
<ol> <li>Ask at least three HOT thinking.</li> </ol>	(Higher order Thinking) q	uestions in the class, which <sub>l</sub>	promotes critical					
5. Adopt Problem Based thinking skills such as	Learning (PBL), which fost the ability to design, evalua	ers students' Analytical skill ate, generalize, and analyze i	s, develop design information rather					
than simply recall it.								
6. Introduce Topics in m	anifold representations.							
7 Show the different wa	vs to solve the same proble	m with different circuits/log	vic and encourage					
the students to come u	ip with their own creative v	ways to solve them.						
8. Discuss how every cor improve the students'	ncept can be applied to the n understanding.	real world - and when that's	possible, it helps					
Module-1								
Introduction to C#								
<b>Part-I:</b> Understanding C#, Branching, Looping, Methods, i	NET, overview of C#, Va mplicit and explicit casting	ariables, Data Types, Ope	rators, Expressions,					
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning							
	Module-2							
<b>Part-II:</b> Constants, Arrays, Array Class, Array List, String, String Builder, Structure, Enumerations, boxing and unboxing.								
Teaching-Learning Process     Active learning								
Module-3								
Object Oriented Concepts-I:								
Class, Objects, Constructors polymorphism.	Class, Objects, Constructors and its types, inheritance, properties, indexers, index overloading, polymorphism.							
Teaching-Learning Process	Active learning							
	 Module-4	ļ						
<b>Object Oriented Concepts-II:</b>								

Sealed class and methods, interface, abstract class, abstract and interface, operator overloading, delegates, events, errors and exception, Threading.

Teaching-Learning ProcessActive learning

Module-5

## Introduction to .NET FRAMEWORK:

Assemblies, Versoning, Attributes, reflection, viewing meta data, remoting, security in .NET, Environment Setup of .NET Core and create a small project.

Teaching-Learning Process Active learning

**Course Outcomes (Course Skill Set)** 

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Able to explain how C# fits into the .NET platform.
- CO 2. Describe the utilization of variables and constants of C#
- CO 3. Use the implementation of object-oriented aspects in applications.
- CO 4. Analyze and Set up Environment of .NET Core.
- CO 5. Evaluate and create a simple project application.

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

**Theory SEE** will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 01 hours**)

SEE paper will be set for 50 questions of each of 01 marks. The pattern of the question paper is MCQ. The time allotted for SEE is 01 hours

<ul> <li>Textbooks <ol> <li>Herbert Schildt, "The Complete Reference: C# 4.0", Tata McGraw Hill, 2012.</li> <li>Christian Nagel et al. "Professional C# 2012 with .NET 4.5", Wiley India, 2012.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Reference Books <ol> <li>Andrew Troelsen, "Pro C# 2010 and the .NET 4 Platform, Fifth edition, A Press, 2010.</li> <li>Ian Griffiths, Matthew Adams, Jesse Liberty, "Programming C# 4.0", Sixth Edition, O"Reilly, 2010.</li> </ol> </li> <li>Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): <ol> <li>Introduction to C# : <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ItoIFCT9P90</a></li> <li>Object Oriented Concepts : <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=LP3llcExPK0</a></li> <li>.NET FRAMEWORK : <a href="https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE">https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=h7huHkvPoEE</a></li> </ol></li></ul> <li>Tutorial Link: <ul> <li>https://www.tutorialsteacher.com/csharp</li> <li>https://www.javatpoint.com/net-framework</li> </ul> </li>	Suggested Learning Resources:
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neuvicy based bearining (suggested neuvices in slass)/ I factical based learning	Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving using group discussion.

			VISVESVARAYA	TECHNOLOGICAL UN	IIVERSITY,	BELAGA	VI						
			B.E. in Artific	ial Intelligence and	Machine L	earning							
			Scheme o	f Teaching and Exan	ninations	2022							
			Outcome Based Educati	on (OBE) and Choice	Based Cr	edit Syst	em (CB	CS)					
			(Effective	e from the academic	year 2023	6-24)							
III SEN	IESTER		1		Te	aching Hou	rs /Week			Fxam	nination		<u> </u>
SI. No	Course	Course Code	Course Title	Teaching Department (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tuto rial	Prac tical / Dra win g	SDA	Dur atio n in hou rs	CIE Mar ks	SEE Mar ks	Total Marks	C r e d i t
					L	Т	Р	S					S
1	PCC/BS C	BCS301	Mathematics for Computer Science	TD : Maths PSB : Maths	3	2	0		03	50	50	100	4
2	IPCC	BCS302	Digital Design & Computer Organization	TD : Al PSB : CS	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
3	IPCC	BCS303	Operating Systems	TD : AI PSB : CS	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4	PCC	BCS304	Data Structures and Applications	TD : AI PSB : CS	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5	PCCL	BCSL305	Data Structures Lab	TD : AI PSB : CS	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
6	ESC	BXX306x	ESC/ETC/PLC	TD : AI PSB : CS	2	0	2		03	50	50	100	3
7	UHV	BSCK307	Social Connect and Responsibility	Any Department	0	0	2		01	100		100	1
	150/			TD and PSB: Concerned	lf th	ne course is	a Theory	1	01				
8	AEC/	BXX358x	Ability Enhancement Course/Skill Enhancement	department	1 Ifac	0 Ourse is a	0 Jaboratory			50	50	100	1
	JLC				0	0	2		02				
		BNSK359	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS coordinator									1
9	MC	BPEK359	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	Physical Education Director	0	0	2			100		100	0
		BYOK359	Yoga	Yoga Teacher									
									Total	550	350	900	2 1

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course (Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, SEC: Skill Enhancement Course, L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical S= SDA: Skill Development Activity, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Evaluation.K :This letter in the course code indicates common to all the stream of engineering. ESC: Engineering Science Course, ETC: Emerging Technology Course, PLC: Programming Language Course

-							
Engineering Science Course (ESC/ETC/PLC) (Note- Student should opt for the course which should not be similar to the course opted in 1 <sup>st</sup> Year)							
BCS306A Object Oriented Programming with Java BDS306C Data Analytics with R							
BDS306B	Python Programming for Data Science	BAI306D					
	Ability Enhancement Course – III						
BCS358A	Data Analytics with Excel	Project Management with Git					
BAI358B Ethics and Public Policy for AI BAI358D PHP Programming							

**Professional Core Course (IPCC):** Refers to Professional Core Course Theory Integrated with practicals of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching– Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (B.E./B.Tech.) 2022-23 may please be refered.

**National Service Scheme /Physical Education/Yoga:** All students have to register for any one of the courses namely National Service Scheme (NSS), Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics), and Yoga(YOG) with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first week of III semesters. Activities shall be carried out between III semester to the VI semester (for 4 semesters). Successful completion of the registered course and requisite CIE score is mandatory for the award of the degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the calendar prepared for the NSS, PE, and Yoga activities. These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the course is mandatory for the award of degree.

Mathema	tics for Computer Science	Semester	3				
Course Code	BCS301	CIE Marks	50				
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P:	5) 3:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50				
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 Hours Tutoria	l Total Marks	100				
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3				
Examination type (SEE)	Theory						
Credits       04       Exam Hours       3         Examination type (SEE)       Theory          Course objectives: This course will enable the students to:       1.       To introduce the concept of random variables, probability distributions, specific discrete and continuous distributions with practical application in Computer Science Engineering and social life situations.       2.       To Provide the principles of statistical inferences and the basics of hypothesis testing with emphasis on some commonly encountered hypotheses.         3.       To Determine whether an input has a statistically significant effect on the system's response through ANOVA testing.         Teaching-Learning Process       Pedagogy (General Instructions):         Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.       1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.         2.       State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.         3.       Support and guide the students for self-study.         4.       You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.         5.       Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.         6.       Show short related video lectures in the following ways:         •       As a a revis							
Module-2	: Joint probability distribution & Mark	ov Chain	Module-2: Joint probability distribution & Markov Chain				

Joint probability d	istribution: Joint Probability distribution for two discrete random				
variables, expectation	, covariance and correlation.				
Markov Chain: Intro	Markov Chain: Introduction to Stochastic Process. Probability Vectors. Stochastic matrices.				
Regular stochastic r	natrices, Markov chains, Higher transition probabilities, Stationary				
distribution of Regula	r Markov chains and absorbing states. (12				
Hours)	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
(RBT Levels: L1, L2	2 and L3)				
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning				
	Module-3: Statistical Inference 1				
Introduction sampling	a distribution standard error testing of hypothesis levels of significance				
test of significances	test of significances, confidence limits, simple compling of attributes, test of significance,				
large samples compared	rison of large samples (12)				
Hours)	(12				
(RRT Levels, L1 L2	and L3)				
Pedagogy	Chalk and Board, Problem-based learning				
	Module-4: Statistical Inference 2				
Sampling variables	central limit theorem and confidences limit for unknown mean. Test of				
Significance for mean	s of two small samples students 't' distribution Chi-square distribution				
as a test of goodness (	of fit E-Distribution (12)				
(BRT Lovole, I 1 I 2	and I 3)				
Operation       Declargery	Chalk and Roard Droblom based loarning				
reuagogy					
	Module-5: Design of Experiments & ANOVA				
Principles of experi	mentation in design, Analysis of completely randomized design,				
randomized block de	sign. The ANOVA Technique, Basic Principle of ANOVA, One-way				
ANOVA, Two-way	ANOVA, Latin-square Design, and Analysis of Co-Variance.				
(12 Hours)					
(KB1 Levels: L1, L2	Chalk and Board Broblem based learning				
reuagogy					
Course outcome (Course	e Skill Set)				
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:					
1. Explain the basic concepts of probability, random variables, probability distribution					
2. Apply suitable probability distribution models for the given scenario.					
3. Apply the notion of a discrete-time Markov chain and n-step transition probabilities to					
4 Use statistical mat	solve the given problem				
4. Use statistical methodology and tools in the engineering problem-solving process.					
5. Compute the confidence intervals for the mean of the population.					
6. Apply the ANOVA test related to engineering problems.					
Assessment Details (both	$\Gamma CIE and SEE)$				
ine weightage of Continu	ious internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE)				
is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of					
18 50%. The minimum pa	mum passing most is $25\%$ of the maximum most (18 out of 50 most)				
50%. The minimum pa	mum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks).				
50) and for the SEE mining A student shall be deem	mum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits ourse if the student secures a minimum of $40\%$ (40 marks out of 100) in				
50) and for the SEE mining A student shall be deem allotted to each subject/ c the sum total of the CIE	mum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits ourse if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Evamination)				
50%. The minimum pa 50) and for the SEE minin A student shall be deem allotted to each subject/ c the sum total of the CIE taken together	mum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits ourse if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination)				
50) and for the SEE mining A student shall be deem allotted to each subject/ c the sum total of the CIE taken together.	mum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). ed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits ourse if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination)				

• For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment

Test component, there are 25 marks.

- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## **Semester-End Examination:**

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

**Textbooks:** 

- **1. Ronald E. Walpole, Raymond H Myers, Sharon L Myers & Keying Ye** "Probability & Statistics for Engineers & Scientists", Pearson Education, 9<sup>th</sup> edition, 2017.
- 2. Peter Bruce, Andrew Bruce & Peter Gedeck "Practical Statistics for Data Scientists" O'Reilly Media, Inc., 2<sup>nd</sup> edition **2020**.

**Reference Books: (Name of the author/Title of the Book/ Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)** 

- 1. **Erwin Kreyszig**, "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", John Wiley & Sons, 9<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2006.
- 2. **B. S. Grewal** "Higher Engineering Mathematics", Khanna publishers, 44<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2021.
- 3. **G Haribaskaran** "Probability, Queuing Theory & Reliability Engineering", Laxmi Publication, Latest Edition, 2006
- 4. **Irwin Miller & Marylees Miller,** John E. Freund's "Mathematical Statistics with Applications" Pearson. Dorling Kindersley Pvt. Ltd. India, 8<sup>th</sup> edition, 2014.
- 5. S C Gupta and V K Kapoor, "Fundamentals of Mathematical Statistics", S Chand and Company, Latest edition.
- 6. **Robert V. Hogg, Joseph W. McKean & Allen T. Craig**. "Introduction to Mathematical Statistics", Pearson Education 7<sup>th</sup> edition, 2013.
- 7. Jim Pitman. Probability, Springer-Verlag, 1993.
- 8. Sheldon M. Ross, "Introduction to Probability Models" 11<sup>th</sup> edition. Elsevier, 2014.
- 9. A. M. Yaglom and I. M. Yaglom, "Probability and Information". D. Reidel Publishing Company. Distributed by Hindustan Publishing Corporation (India) Delhi, 1983.
- 10. P. G. Hoel, S. C. Port and C. J. Stone, "Introduction to Probability Theory", Universal Book Stall, (Reprint), 2003.
- 11. S. Ross, "A First Course in Probability", Pearson Education India, 6<sup>th</sup> Ed., 2002.
- 12. W. Feller, "An Introduction to Probability Theory and its Applications", Vol. 1, Wiley, 3rd

Ed., 1968.

- 13. **N.P. Bali and Manish Goyal**, A Textbook of Engineering Mathematics, Laxmi Publications, Reprint, 2010.
- 14. Veerarajan T, Engineering Mathematics (for semester III), Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2010

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111 http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs) http://academicearth.org/ http://www.bookstreet.in. VTU EDUSAT PROGRAMME – 20 VTU e-Shikshana Program

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Programming Assignment
- Seminars

15.09.2023

Digital Degign and	Computer Organization	Somostor	2		
Digital Design and		Semester	5		
	BCS302	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50		
Credite	40 nours Theory + 20 Hours of Practicals	Total Marks	100		
Evamination nature (SEE)	U4 Exam Hours 3				
Examination nature (SEE)       04       Exam Hours       3         Examination nature (SEE)         Theory         Course objectives:         • To demonstrate the functionalities of binary logic system         • To explain the working of combinational and sequential logic system         • To realize the basic structure of computer system         • To illustrate the working of I/O operations and processing unit         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)         These are sample Strategies; that teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1. Chalk and Talk         2. Live Demo with experiments         3. Power point presentation					
Introduction to Digital Design:	Binary Logic Basic Theorems And Pror	perties Of Booleau	n Algebra		
Boolean Functions Digital Logic	Gates Introduction The Man Method For	ur-Variable Man	Don't-Care		
Conditions, NAND and NOD Impl	ementation. Other Hardware Description La	ur-variable wap, i	Model of a		
Conditions, NAND and NOR Implementation, Other Hardware Description Language – Verilog Model of a simple circuit.					
Text book 1: 1.9, 2.4, 2.5, 2.8, 3.1	, 3.2, 3.3, 3.5, 3.6, 3.9				
	MODULE-2		8 Hr		
Combinational Logic: Introductio	n, Combinational Circuits, Design Procedur	re, Binary Adder-	Subtractor,		
Decoders, Encoders, Multiplexers,	HDL Models of Combinational Circuits –	Adder. Multiplexe	r. Encoder.		
Sequential Logic: Introduction Sec	quential Circuits Storage Elements: Latches	Flin-Flons			
Sequential Logic. Introduction, Sec	quential encuris, Storage Elements. Eatenes,	, i np-i iops.			
Text book 1: 4.1, 4.2, 4.4, 4.5, 4.9, 4.10, 4.11, 4.12, 5.1, 5.2, 5.3, 5.4.					
	MODULE-3		8 Hr		
<b>Basic Structure of Computers:</b> Fu	Inctional Units, Basic Operational Concepts.	Bus structure, Perf	formance –		
Processor Clock Basic Performance Equation Clock Rate Performance Measurement Machine					
Instructions and Programs. Memory Location and Addresses Memory Operations Instruction and					
Instruction sequencing Addressing Modes					
Instruction sequencing, Addressing	wodes.				
Text book 2: 1.2, 1.3, 1.4, 1.6, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4, 2.5					
Innut/output Organization, A and	MUDULE-4	duvona Enchling or	δ ΠΓ ad Dischling		
Interrupts, Handling Multiple Devices, Direct Memory Access: Bus Arbitration, Speed, size and Cost of memory systems. Cache Memories – Mapping Functions.					
Text book 2: 4.1, 4.2.1, 4.2.2, 4.2.3	3, 4.4, 5.4, 5.5.1				

**MODULE-5** 

8 Hr

**Basic Processing Unit:** Some Fundamental Concepts: Register Transfers, Performing ALU operations, fetching a word from Memory, Storing a word in memory. Execution of a Complete Instruction. **Pipelining:** Basic concepts, Role of Cache memory, Pipeline Performance.

Text book 2: 7.1, 7.2, 8.1

#### PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC

CLM	Ermonimente			
51.N				
0	Simulation packages preferred: Multisim, Modelsim, PSpice or any other relevant			
1	Given a 4-variable logic expression, simplify it using appropriate technique and simulate the same			
	using basic gates.			
2	Design a 4 bit full adder and subtractor and simulate the same using basic gates			
3	Design Variles UDL to implement simple sizewite using structural Data flow and Dehavioural model			
5	Design verifing HDL to implement simple circuits using structural, Data now and Benavioural model.			
4	Design Verilog HDL to implement Binary Adder-Subtractor – Half and Full Adder, Half and Full			
	Subtractor.			
5	Design Verilog HDL to implement Decimal adder.			
6	Design Verilog program to implement Different types of multiplexer like 2:1, 4:1 and 8:1.			
7	Design Verilog program to implement types of De-Multipleyer			
	Design vernog program to implement types of De-wattipiexer.			
0				
8	Design Verilog program for implementing various types of Flip-Flops such as SR, JK and D.			
Cours	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):			
At the end of the course, the student will be able to:				
CO1: Apply the K–Map techniques to simplify various Boolean expressions.				
CO2: Design different types of combinational and sequential circuits along with Verilog programs.				
CO3: Describe the fundamentals of machine instructions, addressing modes and Processor performance.				
CO4. Explain the approaches involved in achieving communication between processor and I/O devices				
CO5: Analyze internal Organization of Memory and Impact of cache/Pipelining on Processor Performance				
C03.A	cost margae methal organization of Memory and impact of eacher ipenning on ridecision reformance.			

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other

assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

• Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC. **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC** 

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

## **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

## Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

1. M. Morris Mano & Michael D. Ciletti, Digital Design With an Introduction to Verilog Design, 5e, Pearson Education.

2. Carl Hamacher, ZvonkoVranesic, SafwatZaky, Computer Organization, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources): https://cse11-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Assign the group task to Design the various types of counters and display the output accordingly

Assessment Methods

- Lab Assessment (25 Marks)
- GATE Based Aptitude Test

OPERAT	Semester	3				
Course Code	BCS303	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 20 hours practicals	Total Marks	100			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	3			
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory					
Examination nature (SEE)       Theory         Course objectives:       • To Demonstrate the need for OS and different types of OS         • To discuss suitable techniques for management of different resources       • To demonstrate different APIs/Commands related to processor, memory, storage and file system management.         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)       • Teachers can use the following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1.       Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.         2.       Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.         3.       Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.         4.       Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.						
<ol> <li>Role play for process sc</li> <li>Demonstrate the installation</li> </ol>	heduling. on of any one Linux OS on VMware/Virtual	Box				
	MODULE 1		9 II			
Introduction to operating systems, System structures: What operating systems do; Computer Systemorganization; Computer System architecture; Operating System structure; Operating System operations; Process management; Memory management; Storage management; Protection and Security; Distributed system; Special-purpose systems; Computing environments.Operating System Services: User - Operating System interface; System calls; Types of system calls; System programs; Operating system design and implementation; Operating System structure; Virtual 						
MODULE-2 8 Hours						
Process Management: Process concept; Process scheduling; Operations on processes; Inter process communication						
Multi-threaded Programming: Overview; Multithreading models; Thread Libraries; Threading issues.						
<b>Process Scheduling</b> : Basic concepts; Scheduling Criteria; Scheduling Algorithms; Thread scheduling: Multiple-processor scheduling,						
Textbook 1: Chapter – 3 (3.1-3.4), 4 (4.1-4.4), 5 (5.1 -5.5)						
	MODULE-3		8 Hours			
**Process Synchronization:** Synchronization: The critical section problem; Peterson's solution; Synchronization hardware; Semaphores; Classical problems of synchronization;

**Deadlocks:** System model; Deadlock characterization; Methods for handling deadlocks; Deadlock prevention; Deadlock avoidance; Deadlock detection and recovery from deadlock.

Textbook 1: Chapter – 6 (6.1-6.6), 7 (7.1 -7.7)

#### **MODULE-4**

8 Hours

**Memory Management:** Memory management strategies: Background; Swapping; Contiguous memory allocation; Paging; Structure of page table; Segmentation.

**Virtual Memory Management:** Background; Demand paging; Copy-on-write; Page replacement; Allocation of frames; Thrashing.

Textbook 1: Chapter -8 (8.1-8.6), 9 (9.1-9.6)

MODULE-5

8 Hours

**File System, Implementation of File System:** File system: File concept; Access methods; Directory and Disk structure; File system mounting; File sharing; **Implementing File system:** File system structure; File system implementation; Directory implementation; Allocation methods; Free space management.

Secondary Storage Structure, Protection: Mass storage structures; Disk structure; Disk attachment; Disk scheduling; Disk management; Protection: Goals of protection, Principles of protection, Domain of protection, Access matrix.

Textbook 1: Chapter – 10 (10.1-10.5) ,11 (11.1-11.5),12 (12.1-12.5), 14 (14.1-14.4)

### **PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC**(*May cover all / major modules*)

SI.N	Experiments
1	Develop a c program to implement the Process system calls (fork (), exec(), wait(), create process, terminate process)
2	Simulate the following CPU scheduling algorithms to find turnaround time and waiting time a) FCFS b) SJF c) Round Robin d) Priority.
3	Develop a C program to simulate producer-consumer problem using semaphores.
4	Develop a C program which demonstrates interprocess communication between a reader process and a writer process. Use mkfifo, open, read, write and close APIs in your program.
5	Develop a C program to simulate Bankers Algorithm for DeadLock Avoidance.
6	Develop a C program to simulate the following contiguous memory allocation Techniques: a) Worst fit b) Best fit c) First fit.
7	Develop a C program to simulate page replacement algorithms: a) FIFO b) LRU
8	Simulate following File Organization Techniques a) Single level directory b) Two level directory
9	Develop a C program to simulate the Linked file allocation strategies.
10	Develop a C program to simulate SCAN disk scheduling algorithm.
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the	end of the course, the student will be able to:
CO 1.	Explain the structure and functionality of operating system
CO 2.	Apply appropriate CPU scheduling algorithms for the given problem.
CO 3.	Analyse the various techniques for process synchronization and deadlock handling.
CO 4.	Apply the various techniques for memory management

- CO 5. Explain file and secondary storage management strategies.
- CO 6. Describe the need for information protection mechanisms

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods

mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

• Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC. CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC. **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

### Textbooks

1. Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin, Greg Gagne, Operating System Principles 8th edition, Wiley-India, 2015

# **Reference Books**

- 1. Ann McHoes Ida M Fylnn, Understanding Operating System, Cengage Learning, 6th Edition
- 2. D.M Dhamdhere, Operating Systems: A Concept Based Approach 3rd Ed, McGraw-Hill, 2013.

3. P.C.P. Bhatt, An Introduction to Operating Systems: Concepts and Practice 4th Edition, PHI(EEE), 2014.

4. William Stallings Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, 6th Edition, Pearson.

### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

1. <u>https://youtu.be/mXw9ruZaxzQ</u>

- 2. https://youtu.be/vBURTt97EkA
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=783KABtuE4&list=PLIemF3uozcAKTgsCIj82voMK3TMR0YE\_f
- 4. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3-ITLMMeeXY&list=PL3pGy4HtqwD0n7bQfHjPnsWzkeRn6mkO

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Assessment Methods
  - Case Study on Unix Based Systems (10 Marks)
  - Lab Assessment (25 Marks)

	DATA STRUCTUR	ES AND APPLICATIONS	Semester	3
Course Code		BCS304	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours	/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of P	edagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	3
Examination typ	be (SEE)	Theory		
Course objective CLO 1. To exp CLO 2. To illu- Lists, Trees and CLO 3. To Dec CLO 4. To disc CLO 5. To int Search Trees	<ul> <li>Course objectives:</li> <li>CLO 1. To explain fundamentals of data structures and their applications.</li> <li>CLO 2. To illustrate representation of Different data structures such as Stack, Queues, Linked Lists, Trees and Graphs.</li> <li>CLO 3. To Design and Develop Solutions to problems using Linear Data Structures</li> <li>CLO 4. To discuss applications of Nonlinear Data Structures in problem solving.</li> <li>CLO 5. To introduce advanced Data structure concepts such as Hashing and Optimal Binary Search Trees</li> </ul>			
<b>Teaching-Lear</b> Teachers can us 1. Cha 2. ICT 3. Den	Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)         Teachers can use following strategies to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1.       Chalk and Talk with Black Board         2.       ICT based Teaching         3.       Demonstration based Teaching			
INTRODUC'	Module-1         8Hours           INTRODUCTION TO DATA STRUCTURES: Data Structures Classifications (Primitive			
& Non-Primit	& Non-Primitive), Data structure Operations			
Review of po	Review of pointers and dynamic Memory Allocation,			
ARRAYS and	a STRUCTURE	S: Arrays, Dynamic Allocated Arra	ys, Structures and	Unions,
Polynomials,	Sparse Matrices, 1	epresentation of Multidimensional	Arrays, Strings	
STACKS: Sta	icks, Stacks Using	g Dynamic Arrays, Evaluation and (	conversion of Expi	ressions
Peference Bo	1 apter -1.1.2 Cha	pter-2: 2.1 to 2.7 Chapter-5: 5.1,5.	.2,3.0	
	JK 1. 1.1 to 1.4	Module-2	8	Hours
	ieues Circular O	House Using Dynamic Arrays Mult	tiple Stacks and ou	
LINKED LIS Stacks and Qu Text Book: C	LINKED LISTS : Singly Linked, Lists and Chains, Representing Chains in C, Linked Stacks and Queues, Polynomials Text Book: Chapter-3: 3.3, 3.4, 3.7 Chapter-4: 4.1 to 4.4			
		Module-3	8	BHours
LINKED LIS TREES: Intro Text Book:	LINKED LISTS : Additional List Operations, Sparse Matrices, Doubly Linked List. TREES: Introduction, Binary Trees, Binary Tree Traversals, Threaded Binary Trees. Text Book: Chapter-4: 4.5,4.7,4.8 Chapter-5: 5.1 to 5.3, 5.5			
	Module-4 8Hours			
TREES(Cont sets, Counting GRAPHS: Th	<b>TREES(Cont):</b> Binary Search trees, Selection Trees, Forests, Representation of Disjoint sets, Counting Binary Trees,			
Text Book: Cl	hapter-5: 5.7 to 5	11 Chapter-6: 6.1. 6.2	viutions.	
	<u> </u>	Module-5	8Hou	rs
LL				

HASHING: Introduction, Static Hashing, Dynamic Hashing PRIORITY QUEUES: Single and double ended Priority Queues, Leftist Trees INTRODUCTION TO EFFICIENT BINARY SEARCH TREES: Optimal Binary Search Trees

Text Book: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.3 Chapter 9: 9.1, 9.2 Chapter 10: 10.1

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

CO 1. Explain different data structures and their applications.

CO 2. Apply Arrays, Stacks and Queue data structures to solve the given problems.

CO 3. Use the concept of linked list in problem solving.

CO 4. Develop solutions using trees and graphs to model the real-world problem.

CO 5. Explain the advanced Data Structures concepts such as Hashing Techniques and Optimal Binary Search Trees.

### **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

### Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

### Suggested Learning Resources:

**Textbook:** 

1. Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni and Susan Anderson-Freed, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Universities Press, 2014

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.
- 2. Gilberg & Forouzan, Data Structures: A Pseudo-code approach with C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Cengage Learning,2014.
- 3. Reema Thareja, Data Structures using C, 3<sup>rd</sup> Ed, Oxford press, 2012.
- 4. Jean-Paul Tremblay & Paul G. Sorenson, An Introduction to Data Structures with Applications, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2013
- 5. A M Tenenbaum, Data Structures using C, PHI, 1989
- 6. Robert Kruse, Data Structures and Program Design in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, PHI, 1996.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/06CS35.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105171/
- http://www.nptelvideos.in/2012/11/data-structures-and-algorithms.html
- https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3Xo6P\_V-qns&t=201s
- https://ds2-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/selection-sort/index.html
- https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102064/
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/stacks-queues/index.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/linked-list/basics/overview.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/index.html
- https://ds1-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/exp/tree-traversal/depth-first-traversal/dft-practice.html
- https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\_auth\_013501595428077568125 59/overview

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Role Play
- Flipped classroom
- Assessment Methods for 25 Marks (opt two Learning Activities)
  - o Case Study
  - Programming Assignment
  - o Gate Based Aptitude Test
  - MOOC Assignment for selected Module

	DATA STRUC SEN	TURES LABC IESTER – III	DRATORY	
Course Co	ode	BCSL305	CIE Marks	50
Number o	f Contact Hours/Week	0:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Nun	iber of Lab Contact Hours	28	Exam Hours	03
		Credits – 1	•	·
Course Le	arning Objectives:			
This labora	tory course enables students to get pr	actical experies	nce in design, develop,	implement, analyze
and evalua	tion/testing of			
• Dy	namic memory management			
• Lii	pear data structures and their application	ons such as sta	cks queues and lists	
• Lii	ical data subctures and then application	ions such as sta	eks, queues and lists	
• No	on-Linear data structures and their app	lications such a	as trees and graphs	
Descriptio	ns (if any):			
• Im	plement all the programs in "C" Prog	gramming Lang	guage and Linux OS.	
Programs	List:			
1.	Develop a Program in C for the follo	wing:		
	<ul> <li>a) Declare a calendar as an arra</li> <li>7 days of a week. Each Elem</li> <li>field is the name of the Day</li> <li>date of the Day (A integer</li> <li>particular day (A dynamicall</li> <li>b) Write functions create(), rea</li> <li>from the keyboard and to print</li> </ul>	(A dynamical (A dynamical), the third fie y allocated Stri d() and display int weeks active	y is a structure having ly allocated String), T eld is the description ng). y(); to create the caler ity details report on scr	three fields. The first he second field is the of the activity for a ndar, to read the data reen.
2.	Develop a Program in C for the following the comparison of the following the fol	lowing operation	ons on Strings.	
	a. Read a main String (STR), a	a Pattern String	(PAT) and a Replace	String (REP)
	b. Perform Pattern Matching	Operation: Fin	d and Replace all occ	currences of PAT in
	STR with REP if PAT exist	ts in STR. Repo	ort suitable messages i	n case PAT does not
	exist in STR	na fan aash af	the charge energy in a	Dank was Duilt in
	support the program with function	is for each of	the above operations	s. Don't use Built-in
3	Develop a menu driven Program in	C for the follow	ving operations on ST	ACK of Integers
5.	(Array Implementation of Stack wit	h maximum siz	(MAX)	is of mugers
	a. Push an Element on to Stack	k	,	
	b. Pop an Element from Stack			
	c. Demonstrate how Stack can	be used to che	ck Palindrome	
	d. Demonstrate Overflow and	Underflow situ	ations on Stack	
	e. Display the status of Stack			
	f. Exit			
	Support the program with appropria	te functions for	r each of the above ope	erations
	_		_	

4.	Develop a Program in C for converting an Infix Expression to Postfix Expression. Program		
	should support for both parenthesized and free parenthesized		
	expressions with the operators: +, -, *, /, % (Remainder), ^ (Power) and alphanumeric		
	operands.		
5.	Develop a Program in C for the following Stack Applications		
	a. Evaluation of Suffix expression with single digit operands and operators: +, -, *, /, %,		
	Λ		
	b. Solving Tower of Hanoi problem with n disks		

6.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Circular QUEUE of
	Characters (Array Implementation of Queue with maximum size MAX)
	a. Insert an Element on to Circular QUEUE
	b. Delete an Element from Circular QUEUE
	c. Demonstrate Overflow and Underflow situations on Circular QUEUE
	d. Display the status of Circular QUEUE
	e. Exit
	Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
7.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Singly Linked List
	(SLL) of Student Data with the fields: USN, Name, Programme, Sem,
	PhNo
	a. Create a SLL of N Students Data by using <i>front insertion</i> .
	b. Display the status of SLL and count the number of nodes in it
	c. Perform Insertion / Deletion at End of SLL
	d. Perform Insertion / Deletion at Front of SLL(Demonstration of stack)
	e. Exit
8.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Doubly Linked List
	(DLL) of Employee Data with the fields: SSN, Name, Dept, Designation,
	Sal, PhNo
	a. Create a DLL of N Employees Data by using <i>end insertion</i> .
	b. Display the status of DLL and count the number of nodes in it
	c. Perform Insertion and Deletion at End of DLL
	d. Perform Insertion and Deletion at Front of DLL
	e. Demonstrate how this DLL can be used as Double Ended Queue.
	f. Exit
9.	Develop a Program in C for the following operationson Singly Circular Linked List (SCLL)
	with header nodes
	a. Represent and Evaluate a Polynomial $P(x,y,z) = 6x^2y^2z - 4yz^5 + 3x^3yz + 2xy^5z - 2xyz^3$
	b. Find the sum of two polynomials $POLY1(x,y,z)$ and $POLY2(x,y,z)$ and store the
	result in POLYSUM(x,y,z)
	Support the program with appropriate functions for each of the above operations
10.	Develop a menu driven Program in C for the following operations on Binary Search Tree
	(BST) of Integers .
	a. Create a BST of N Integers: 6, 9, 5, 2, 8, 15, 24, 14, 7, 8, 5, 2
	b. Traverse the BST in Inorder, Preorder and Post Order
	c. Search the BST for a given element (KEY) and report the appropriate message
	d. Exit
11.	Develop a Program in C for the following operations on Graph(G) of Cities
	a. Create a Graph of N cities using Adjacency Matrix.
	b. Print all the nodes reachable from a given starting node in a digraph using DFS/BFS
	method

12. Given a File of N employee records with a set K of Keys (4-digit) which uniquely determine the records in file F. Assume that file F is maintained in memory by a Hash Table (HT) of m memory locations with L as the set of memory addresses (2-digit) of locations in HT. Let the keys in K and addresses in L are Integers. Develop a Program in C that uses Hash function H:
K →L as H(K)=K mod m (remainder method), and implement hashing technique to map a given key K to the address space L. Resolve the collision (if any) using linear probing.

Laboratory Outcomes: The student should be able to:

- Analyze various linear and non-linear data structures
- Demonstrate the working nature of different types of data structures and their applications
- Use appropriate searching and sorting algorithms for the give scenario.
- Apply the appropriate data structure for solving real world problems

**Conduct of Practical Examination:** 

- Experiment distribution
  - For laboratories having only one part: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from the lot with equal opportunity.
  - For laboratories having PART A and PART B: Students are allowed to pick one experiment from PART A and one experiment from PART B, with equal opportunity.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and marks allotted for procedure to be made zero of the changed part only.
- Marks Distribution (*Need to change in accordance with university regulations*)
  - c) For laboratories having only one part Procedure + Execution + Viva-Voce: 15+70+15 = 100 Marks
  - d) For laboratories having PART A and PART B
    - i. Part A Procedure + Execution + Viva = 6 + 28 + 6 = 40 Marks
    - ii. Part B Procedure + Execution + Viva = 9 + 42 + 9 = 60 Marks

<b>Object Oriented Programm</b>	ing with JAVA	Semester	3
Course Code	BCS306A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours of Theory + 20 Hours of Practical	Total Marks	10 0
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		
Note - Students who have us BPLCK105C/205C" in first y	ndergone " Basics of Java Programm year are not eligible to opt this cours	ing- se	
Course objectives:			
• To learn primitive construct	cts JAVA programming language.		
• To understand Object Ories	nted Programming Features of JAVA.		
• To gain knowledge on: pac	kages, multithreaded programing and exceptio	ns.	
<ol> <li>Outcomes and make Teaching -Lean</li> <li>Use Online Java Compiler II</li> <li>Demonstration of program</li> <li>Chalk and board, power po</li> <li>Online material (Tutorials)</li> </ol>	Thing more effective DE: https://www.jdoodle.com/online-java-com ing examples. int presentations and video lectures. <u>Module-1</u>	npiler/ or any other	<u>.</u>
Principles), Using Blocks of Co Separators, The Java Keywords). <b>Data Types, Variables, and Arra</b> Booleans), Variables, Type Conver Introducing Type Inference with L <b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic Operators Operator, The ? Operator, Operator <b>Control Statements:</b> Java's Select (while, do-while, for, The For-Each Nested Loops), Jump Statements (I	de, Lexical Issues (Whitespace, Identifiers, ys: The Primitive Types (Integers, Floating-Po- sion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion i ocal Variables. , Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Opera r Precedence, Using Parentheses. ction Statements (if, The Traditional switch) o Version of the for Loop, Local Variable Type I Jsing break, Using continue, return).	Literals, Commen oint Types, Characte in Expressions, Arra ators, The Assignm , Iteration Stateme inference in a for Lo	ers ays, ent ents
Chapter 2, 3, 4, 5			
	Module-2		1
Introducing Classes: Class Fund Introducing Methods, Constructors Methods and Classes: Overload Objects, Recursion, Access Contro Inner Classes. Chapter 6, 7	amentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Objec s, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection. ing Methods, Objects as Parameters, Argume ol, Understanding static, Introducing final, In	t Reference Variab ent Passing, Return troducing Nested a	ing and
· F / ·	Module-3		
Inheritance: Inheritance Basics, U Executed, Method Overriding, Dy Inheritance, Local Variable Type Ir Interfaces: Interfaces, Default Interfaces. Methods. Chapter 8, 9	Jsing super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, V mamic Method Dispatch, Using Abstract Cla Iference and Inheritance, The Object Class. erface Methods, Use static Methods in an Inter	Vhen Constructors , sses, Using final w rface, Private Interf	Are vith

Module-4		
Packages: Packages, Packages and Member Access, Importing Packages.Exceptions: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions.		
Chapter 9, 10 Modulo 5		
Multithreaded Programming: The Java Thread Model, The Main Thread, Creating a Thread, Creating Multiple Threads, Using isAlive() and join(), Thread Priorities, Synchronization, Interthread Communication, Suspending, Resuming, and Stopping Threads, Obtaining a Thread's State.Enumerations, Type Wrappers and Autoboxing: Enumerations (Enumeration Fundamentals, The values() and valueOf() Methods), Type Wrappers (Character, Boolean, The Numeric Type Wrappers), Autoboxing (Autoboxing and Methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing Occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing Boolean and Character Values).Chapter 11, 12		
Course outcome (Course Skill Set)		
<ul> <li>At the end of the course, the student will be able to:</li> <li>Demonstrate proficiency in writing simple programs involving branching and looping structures.</li> <li>Design a class involving data members and methods for the given scenario.</li> <li>Apply the concepts of inheritance and interfaces in solving real world problems.</li> <li>Use the concept of packages and exception handling in solving complex problem</li> <li>Apply concepts of multithreading, autoboxing and enumerations in program development</li> </ul>		
Programming Experiments (Suggested and are not limited to)		
<ol> <li>Develop a JAVA program to add TWO matrices of suitable order N (The value of N should be read from command line arguments).</li> <li>Develop a stack class to hold a maximum of 10 integers with suitable methods. Develop a JAVA main method to illustrate Stack operations.</li> <li>A class called Employee, which models an employee with an ID, name and salary, is designed as shown in the following class diagram. The method raiseSalary (percent) increases the salary by the given percentage. Develop the Employee class and suitable main method for demonstration.</li> <li>A class called MuPoint which models a 2D point with x and x coordinates is designed as follows:</li> </ol>		
• Two instance variables x (int) and y (int).		
• A default (or "no-arg") constructor that construct a point at the default location of (0, 0).		
• A overloaded constructor that constructs a point with the given x and y coordinates.		
• A method setXY() to set both x and y.		
• A method getXY() which returns the x and y in a 2-element int array.		
• A toString() method that returns a string description of the instance in the format "(x, y)".		
• A method called distance(int x, int y) that returns the distance from this point to another point at the given (x, y) coordinates		
• An overloaded distance(MyPoint another) that returns the distance from this point to the given MyPoint instance (called another)		
• Another overloaded distance() method that returns the distance from this point to the origin (0,0) Develop the code for the class MyPoint. Also develop a JAVA program (called TestMyPoint) to test all the methods defined in the class.		

5. Develop a JAVA program to create a class named shape. Create three sub classes namely: circle, triangle and square, each class has two member functions named draw () and erase (). Demonstrate

polymorphism concepts by developing suitable methods, defining member data and main program.

- 6. Develop a JAVA program to create an abstract class Shape with abstract methods calculateArea() and calculatePerimeter(). Create subclasses Circle and Triangle that extend the Shape class and implement the respective methods to calculate the area and perimeter of each shape.
- 7. Develop a JAVA program to create an interface Resizable with methods resizeWidth(int width) and resizeHeight(int height) that allow an object to be resized. Create a class Rectangle that implements the Resizable interface and implements the resize methods
- 8. Develop a JAVA program to create an outer class with a function display. Create another class inside the outer class named inner with a function called display and call the two functions in the main class.
- 9. Develop a JAVA program to raise a custom exception (user defined exception) for DivisionByZero using try, catch, throw and finally.
- 10. Develop a JAVA program to create a package named mypack and import & implement it in a suitable class.
- 11. Write a program to illustrate creation of threads using runnable class. (start method start each of the newly created thread. Inside the run method there is sleep() for suspend the thread for 500 milliseconds).
- 12. Develop a program to create a class MyThread in this class a constructor, call the base class constructor, using super and start the thread. The run method of the class starts after this. It can be observed that both main thread and created child thread are executed concurrently.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test **(duration 02/03 hours)** after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to **10 marks**.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC. **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Suggested Learning Resources:

Textbook

1. Java: The Complete Reference, Twelfth Edition, by Herbert Schildt, November 2021, McGraw-Hill, ISBN: 9781260463422

#### **Reference Books**

- 1. Programming with Java, 6th Edition, by E Balagurusamy, Mar-2019, McGraw Hill Education, ISBN: 9789353162337.
- 2. Thinking in Java, Fourth Edition, by Bruce Eckel, Prentice Hall, 2006 (https://sd.blackball.lv/library/thinking\_in\_java\_4th\_edition.pdf)

### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- Java Tutorial: https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/java/
- Introduction To Programming In Java (by Evan Jones, Adam Marcus and Eugene Wu): https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/6-092-introduction-to-programming-in-java-january-iap-2010/
- Java Tutorial: <u>https://www.w3schools.com/java/</u>
- Java Tutorial: https://www.javatpoint.com/java-tutorial

### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Installation of Java (Refer: https://www.java.com/en/download/help/index\_installing.html)
- 2. Demonstration of online IDEs like geeksforgeeks, jdoodle or any other Tools
- 3. Demonstration of class diagrams for the class abstraction, type visibility, composition and inheritance

#### Assessment Method

• Programming Assignment / Course Project

Python	Programming for Data Science	Semester	3	
Course Code	BDS306B	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours Theory + 20 Hours Practical	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
Examination type (SEE)	Theory			
Note - Students who have u BPLCK105B/205B" in first	ndergone " Introduction to Python year are not eligible to opt this co	l Programming urse	-	
<b>Course Learning objectives:</b> CLO 1:To understand Python co	nstructs and use them to build the prog	ams.		
CLO 2: To analyse different con	ditional statements and their application	s in programs.		
CLO 3: To learn and use basic da	ata structures in python language.			
CLO 4: To learn and demonstrat CLO 5: To understand and use	te array manipulations by reading data f different data in a data analytics context.	rom files		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gen These are sample Strategies, which outcomes.1. Chalk and board, power po 2. Online material (Tutorials 3. Demonstration of program	<ul> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Chalk and board, power point presentations</li> <li>2. Online material (Tutorials) and video lectures.</li> <li>3. Demonstration of programing examples</li> </ul>			
	Module-1	6	hr	
Introduction to python: Eleme	nts of python language, python block	structure, variabl	es and	
assignment statement data tyr	assignment statement data types in python operations simple input/output print statements			
formatting print statement	es în python, operations, simple înpat	ouiput print state	menes,	
Text Book 1: Chapter 3 ( 3.2. 3	8.3. 3.4. 3.6. 3.7. 3.9 and 3.10)			
	Module-2	51	ır	
Decision structure: forming or	anditions if statement the if-else and	nested if-else l	ooning	
statements: introduction to lo	pring python built in functions for lo	oning loop state	ments	
iump statement	pring, python built in functions for lo	oping, loop state	ments,	
Jump statement.				
Text Book 1: Chapter 4 (4.2 to	<b>54.6</b> <i>J</i> , Chapter 5 (5.1 to 5.4)			
Lister lists anomation on list	Module-3	and aliging and	<u>o nr</u>	
Lists: lists, operation on list,	Tuples: introduction, creating,indexing	and slicing, oper	rations	
on tuples. sets: creating, ope	ration in sets, introduction dictionarie	es, creating, oper	ations,	
nested dictionary, looping ove	er dictionary.			
Text Book 1: Chapter 7 ( 7.2 to 9.12)	Text Book 1: Chapter 7 (7.2 to 7.3), Chapter 8 (8.1 to 8.4) and Chapter 9 (9.1 to 9.3, 9.7 to 9.12)			
	Module-4		6 hr	
The NumPy Library: Ndarr	ay: the heart of the library, Basic operation	ations, indexing,	slicing	
and iterating, conditions and	boolean arrays, array manipulation, ge	eneral concepts, r	eading	
and writing array data on fil	es. The pandas Library: an introduce	ction to Data str	ucture,	
other functionalities on indexes, operations between data structures, function application and				
mapping.	-			
110				

Text Book 2: Chapter 3 and Chapter 4.

	Module-5 6 hr	
	The pandas : Reading and Writing data: i/o API tools, CSV and textual files, Reading data	in
	CSV or text files, reading and writing HTML files, reading data from XML files, Microsoft exc	cel
	files, JSON data, Pickle python object serialization. Pandas in Depth : data manipulatio	n:
	data preparation, concatenating data transformation discretization binning, permutatio	on,
	string manipulation, data aggregation group iteration.	
	Text Book 2: Chapter 5 and Chapter 6	
C	ourse outcome (Course Skill Set)	
A	t the end of the course, the student will be able to :	
С	01: Describe the constructs of python programming	
C	02: Use looping and conditional constructs to build programs.	
С	03: Apply the concept of data structure to solve the real world problem.	
С	04: Use the NumPy constructs for matrix manipulations	
C	05: Apply the Panda constructs for data analytics.	

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

### Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books:

- 1. S. Sridhar, J. Indumathi, V.M. Hariharan "Python Programming" Pearson publishers, 1st edition 2023.
- 2. Fabio Nelli, "Python Data Analytics", Apress, Publishing, 1st Edition, 2015.

Reference Book:

1. Paul Deitel and Harvey deitel,"Intro to Python for Computer Science and Data science", 1st edition Pearson Publisher 2020.

Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

 Nptel: Introduction to Python for Data Science<u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tA42nHmmEKw&list=PLh2mXjKcTPSACrQxPM2\_10jus\_5HX88ht7</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Assessment Methods
  - Programming Assignment (10 Marks)

# **Practical Component**

Sl.NO	Experiments	
1	Develop a python program to read <b>n</b> digit integer number, and separate the integer	
	number and display each digit. [Hint: input:5678 output: 5 6 7 8, use: floor and	
	mod operators)	
2	Develop a python program to accept 4 numbers and display them in sorted order using a	
	minimum number of <b>if else</b> statements.	
3	Develop python scripts to Calculate the mean, median, mode, variance and standard	
	deviation of $\mathbf{n}$ integer numbers.	
4	Develop a program for checking if a given <b>n</b> digit number is palindrome or not.	
	[hint: input 1221 output: palindrome, use //and % operator with loop statement]	
5	Develop a python script to display a multiplication table for given integer <b>n</b> .	
6	Develop a python script to rotate right about a given position in that list and display them.	
	[hint: input [1,4,5,-10] position: 2, output: [-10,5,4,1]]	
7	DevelopWrite a python script to interchange the digits of a given integer number.	
	[hint: input: 23456, interchange: 3 and 5 output: 25436]	

8	Develop a python program to capitalize a given list of strings.
	[hint: [hello, good, how, simple] output: [Hello, Good, How, Simple]
9	Using a dictionary, Develop a python program to determine and print the number of duplicate words in a sentence.
10	Develop python program to read Numpy array and print row (sum,mean std) and column (sum,mean,std)
11	Develop a python program to read and print in the console CSV file.
12	Develop a python program to read a HTML file with basic tags, and construct a dictionary and
	display the same in the console.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC. **CIE for the practical component of the IPCC** 

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC. **SEE for IPCC**

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

Data Ar	alytics with R	Semester	3
Course Code	BDS306C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	2;0;2;0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	28 Hours Theory + 20 Hours Practical	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory	<b>L</b>	_1
<b>Course Learning objectives:</b> CLO 1: To Gain the knowledge of CLO 2: To Explain the concepts o CLO 3: To Explain the concept of CLO 4: To Work with R charts an	R Programming Concepts f Data Visualization Statistics in R. d Graphs		
<ol> <li>Teaching-Learning Process (Gene 1. Chalk and board, power poi</li> <li>2. Online material (Tutorials)</li> <li>3. Demonstration of programi</li> </ol>	eral Instructions) and presentations and video lectures. ng examples.		
	Module-1	5	hours
Basic Data Types in R, vectors Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.7 Chapter 2 Basics of R Continued Matrices and Arrays, Lists, Data Chapter 2: 2.3,2.4,2.5,2.6,2.7.2.	2: 2.1,2.2 Module-2 a Frames, Factors, Strings, Dates and 7 8.1,2.8.2	5 h Times	iours
	Module-3	6	Hours
<b>Data Preparation</b> Datasets, Importing and Ex Transformation Chapter 3: 3.1,3.2,3.3,3.4	porting files, Accessing Database	es, Data Cleani	ng and
	Module-4		6 Hours
<b>Graphics using R</b> Exploratory Data Analysis, Ma Histograms, Box Plots, Bar Plo Chapter 4: 4.1 to 4.9	in Graphical Packages, Pie Charts, S ots, Other Graphical packages	catter Plots, Line	Plots,
	Module-5	6	Hours
<b>Statistical Analysis using</b> Basic Statistical Measures, Nor Regression Analysis-Linear Reg Chapter 5: 5.1, 5.3, 5.4, 5.5, 5.6	<b>R</b> mal distribution, Binomial distribution gression Analysis of Variance .1, 5.7	ı, Correlation Ana	lysis,

#### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

CO1: Describe the structures of R Programming.

CO2: Illustrate the basics of Data Preparation with real world examples.

CO3: Apply the Graphical Packages of R for visualization.

CO4: Apply various Statistical Analysis methods for data analytics.

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

### Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

### Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours).** 

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

### Suggested Learning Resources:

### Text Books:

R Programming: An Approach to Data Analytics, G. Sudhamathy and C. Jothi Venkateswaran, MJP Publishers, 2019

Reference Books:

1..An Introduction to R, Notes on R: A Programming Environment for Data Analysis and Graphics. W. N. Venables, D.M. Smith and the R Development Core Team. Version 3.0.1 (2013-05-16)

2. Cotton, R. (2013). Learning R: A Step by Step Function Guide to Data Analysis. 1<sup>st</sup> ed. O'Reilly Media Inc

### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. URL: https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-intro.pdf
- 2. <u>http://www.tutorialspoint.com/r/r tutorial.pdf</u>
- 3. https://users.phhp.ufl.edu/rlp176/Courses/PHC6089/R notes/intro.html
- 4. https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/explore/vignettes/explore\_mtcars.html
- 5. https://www.w3schools.com/r/r\_stat\_data\_set.asp
- 6. https://rpubs.com/BillB/217355

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming Assignment (10 Marks)

### **Practical Component**

SI.NO	Experiments
1	Demonstrate the steps for installation of R and R Studio. Perform the following:
	a) Assign different type of values to variables and display the type of variable. Assign different types
	such as Double, Integer, Logical, Complex and Character and understand the difference between
	each data type.
	b) Demonstrate Arithmetic and Logical Operations with simple examples.
	c) Demonstrate generation of sequences and creation of vectors.
	d) Demonstrate Creation of Matrices
	e) Demonstrate the Creation of Matrices from vectors using Binding Function.
	T) Demonstrate element extraction from vectors, matrices and arrays
2	Assess the Financial Statement of an Organization being supplied with 2 vectors of data: Monthly Revenue
	and Monthly Expenses for the Financial Year. You can create your own sample data vector for this
	experiment) Calculate the following financial metrics:
	a. Profit for each month.
	D. Profit after tax for each month (Tax Rate IS 30%). Drofit mangin for each month equals to profit after tax divided by revenue.
	c. Profit findigin for each month equals to profit after tax unities by revenue.
	a. Bod Months – where the profit after tax was greater than the mean for the year.
	f The best month – where the profit after tax was next for the year.
	σ The worst month – where the profit after tax was min for the year
	Note:
	a. All Results need to be presented as vectors
	b. Results for Dollar values need to be calculated with \$0.01 precision, but need to be presented in
	Units of \$1000 (i.e 1k) with no decimal points
	c. Results for the profit margin ratio need to be presented in units of % with no decimal point.
	d. It is okay for tax to be negative for any given month (deferred tax asset)
	e. Generate CSV file for the data.
3	Develop a program to create two 3 X 3 matrices A and B and perform the following operations a) Transpose
	of the matrix b) addition c) subtraction d) multiplication
4	Develop a program to find the factorial of given number using recursive function calls.

5	Develop an R Program using functions to find all the prime numbers up to a specified number by the method of Sieve of Eratosthenes.			
6	The built-in data set mammals contain data on body weight versus brain weight. Develop R commands to: a) Find the Pearson and Spearman correlation coefficients. Are they similar? b) Plot the data using the plot command. c) Plot the logarithm (log) of each variable and see if that makes a difference.			
7	Develop R program to create a Data	Frame with following details and do	the following operations.	
	itemCode	itemCategory	itemPrice	
	1001	Electronics	700	
	1002	Desktop Supplies	300	
	1003	Office Supplies	350	
	1004	USB	400	
		CD Drive	800	
	<ul> <li>350.</li> <li>b) Subset the Data frame and displative "Desktop Supplies"</li> <li>c) Create another Data Frame caller and ItemReorderLvl and merger</li> </ul>	ay only the items where the categor d "item-details" with three differen the two frames	y is either "Office Supplies" or t fields itemCode, ItemQtyonHand	
8	Let us use the built-in dataset air q September 1973. Develop R progr following statements. a) Assigning names, using the a b) Change colors of the Histogr c) Remove Axis and Add labels d) Change Axis limits of a Histo e) Add Density curve to the his	uality which has Daily air quality r am to generate histogram by usi air quality data set. ram to Histogram ogram	neasurements in New York, May to ng appropriate arguments for the	
9	<ul> <li>Design a data frame in R for storing a defines all the required information into R and do the following analysis.</li> <li>a) Find the total number rows</li> <li>b) Find the maximum salary</li> <li>c) Retrieve the details of the end</li> <li>d) Retrieve all the employees weight of the employees in the details into another file "out</li> </ul>	about 20 employee details. Create a about the employee such as id, nam & columns nployee with maximum salary vorking in the IT Department. ne IT Department whose salary is gr put.csv"	CSV file named "input.csv" that e, salary, start_date, dept. Import reater than 20000 and write these	
10	Using the built in dataset mtcars whi patterns of 32 different automobiles comprises fuel consumption and 10 (1973-74 models). Format A data fra [2] cyl Number of cylinders [3] disp ratio,[6] wt Weight (lb/1000) [7] qsc manual), [10] gear Number of forwa Develop R program, to solve the follo a) What is the total number of b) Find the car with the largest c) Plot histogram / density for normally distributed or not. d) What is the average different	ch is a popular dataset consisting o . The data was extracted from the 1' aspects of automobile design and po ume with 32 observations on 11 var Displacement (cu.in.), [4] hp Gross H ec 1/4 mile time, [8] vs V/S, [9] am ' rd gears, [11] carb Number of carbu owing: observations and variables in the da hp and the least hp using suitable f each variable and determine wheth If not, what is their skewness?	f the design and fuel consumption 974 Motor Trend US magazine, and erformance for 32 automobiles iables : [1] mpg Miles/(US) gallon, norsepower [5] drat Rear axle Transmission (0 = automatic, 1 = uretors ataset? Functions her continuous variables are en automobiles with 3 and 4	
	number of cylinders(cyl)? A e) Which pair of variables has	lso determine the difference in their the highest Pearson correlation?	r standard deviations.	

11 Demonstrate the progression of salary with years of experience using a suitable data set (You can create your own dataset). Plot the graph visualizing the best fit line on the plot of the given data points. Plot a curve of Actual Values vs. Predicted values to show their correlation and performance of the model. Interpret the meaning of the slope and y-intercept of the line with respect to the given data. Implement using Im function. Save the graphs and coefficients in files. Attach the predicted values of salaries as a new column to the original data set and save the data as a new CSV file.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

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#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 220B4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks)**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC. **SEE for IPCC** 

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored by the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

	BSCK307 – Socia	l Connect & Responsibility	Semester	3 <sup>rd</sup>	
	2022 Scheme				
Course C	Code	BSCK307	CIE Marks	100	
Teaching	g Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:3:1	SEE Marks		
Total Ho	urs of Pedagogy	40 hour Practical Session +15 hour Planning	Total Marks	100	
Examina	tion nature	For CIE Assessment - Activities Report Eva	aluation by Coll	lege NSS	
(No SEE	– Only CIE)	Officer / HOD / Sports Dept /	Any Dept.		
Credits		01 - Credit			
Course	objectives: The course	will enable the students to:			
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6.	Provide a formal platform for create a responsible connection Understand the community in Identify the needs and problem Develop among themselves a sin finding practical solutions to Develop competence required in mobilizing community parti	students to communicate and connect to the surrounding in with the society. general in which they work. as of the community and involve them in problem –solv sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their know o individual and community problems. for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain a cipation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic	g. ving. wledge skills		
Genera These ard 1. 2. 3. 4. 5. Conten	<ul> <li>General Instructions - Pedagogy :</li> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the activities will develop students' theoretical and applied social and cultural skills.</li> <li>State the need for activities and its present relevance in the society and Provide real-life examples.</li> <li>Support and guide the students for self-planned activities.</li> <li>You will also be responsible for assigning homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress in real activities in the field.</li> <li>Encourage the students for group work to improve their creative and analytical skills.</li> </ul>				
The cou human	rse is mainly activity-based th beings, nature, society, and the	at will offer a set of activities for the student that enable world at large.	es them to connect	with fellow	
The cou activitie	urse will engage students for in es conducted by faculty mentor	teractive sessions, open mic, reading group, storytelling s.	g sessions, and sem	ester-long	
In the fo	ollowing a set of activities plar	ned for the course have been listed:			
	Social (	Connect & Responsibility - Conter	nts		
Part I: Plantatio Plantatio They wil its appear	tion and adoption of a tr n of a tree that will be adopted l also make an excerpt either a rance in folklore and literatur	ee: for four years by a group of BE / B.Tech students. (O as a documentary or a photo blog describing the plant's re - – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.	NE STUDENT O s origin, its usage i	NE TREE) n daily life,	
Part II Heritag Heritage city and	: ge walk and crafts corner tour, knowing the history and its craftsman, photo blog and	<b>r:</b> culture of the city, connecting to people around throu documentary on evolution and practice of various cra	igh their history, k ft forms - – Objec	nowing the ctives, Visit,	
case stud	y, report, outcomes.				

# Part III :

### **Organic farming and waste management:**

Usefulness of organic farming, wet waste management in neighboring villages, and implementation in the campus -

Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

### Part IV:

#### Water conservation:

Knowing the present practices in the surrounding villages and implementation in the campus, documentary or photoblog presenting the current practices – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

### Part V :

#### Food walk:

City's culinary practices, food lore, and indigenous materials of the region used in cooking – Objectives, Visit, case study, report, outcomes.

#### **Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- CO1: Communicate and connect to the surrounding.
- CO2: Create a responsible connection with the society.
- CO3: Involve in the community in general in which they work.
- CO4: Notice the needs and problems of the community and involve them in problem -solving.
- CO5: Develop among themselves a sense of social & civic responsibility & utilize their knowledge in finding practical solutions to individual and community problems.
- CO6: Develop competence required for group-living and sharing of responsibilities & gain skills in mobilizing community participation to acquire leadership qualities and democratic attitudes.

# **Activities:**

Jamming session, open mic, and poetry: Platform to connect to others. Share the stories with others. Share the experience of Social Connect. Exhibit the talent like playing instruments, singing, one-act play, art-painting, and fine art.

### **PEDAGOGY:**

The pedagogy will include interactive lectures, inspiring guest talks, field visits, social immersion, and a course project. Applying and synthesizing information from these sources to define the social problem to address and take up the solution as the course project, with your group. Social immersionwith NGOs/social sections will be a key part of the course. Will all lead to the course project that will address the needs of the social sector?

### **COURSE TOPICS:**

The course will introduce social context and various players in the social space, and present approaches to discovering and understanding social needs. Social immersion and inspiring conversional will culminate in developing an actual, idea for problem-based intervention, based on an in-depth understanding of a key social problem.

### **Duration :**

A total of 40 - 50 hrs engagement per semester is required for the 3rd semester of the B.E. /B.Tech. program. The students will be divided into groups. Each group will be handled by faculty mentor. Faculty mentor will design the activities (particularly Jamming sessions open mic ,and poetry) Faculty mentors has to design the evaluation system as per VTU guidelines of scheme & syllabus.

# **Guideline for Assessment Process: Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

After completion of the course, the student shall prepare, with daily diary as reference, a comprehensive report in consultation with the mentor/s to indicate what he has observed and learned in the social connect period. The report should be signed by the mentor. The report shall

be evaluated on the basis of the following criteria and/or other relevant criteria pertaining to the activity completed. Marks allotted for the diary are out of 50. Planning and scheduling the social connect Information/Data collected during the social connect Analysis of the information/data and report writing Considering all above points allotting the marks as mentioned below

Excellent	: 80 to 100
Good	: 60 to 79
Satisfactory	: 40 to 59
Unsatisfactory an	d fail : <39

**Special Note :** 

**NO SEE – Semester End Exam – Completely Practical and activities based evaluation** 

# **Pedagogy – Guidelines :**

It may differ depending on local resources available for the study as well as environment and climatic differences, location and time of execution.

SI No	Торіс	Group size	Location	Activity execution	Reporting	Evaluation Of the Topic
1.	Plantation and adoption of a tree:	May be individual or team	Farmers land/ parks / Villages / roadside/ community area / College campus etc	Site selection /proper consultation/Contin uous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
2.	Heritage walk and crafts corner:	May be individual or team	Temples / monumental places / Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Governme nt Schemes officers/ campus etc	Site selection /proper consultation/Contin uous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
3.	Organic farming and waste management:	May be individual or team	Farmers land / parks / Villages visits / roadside/ community area / College campus etc	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
4.	Water conservation: & conservation techniques	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Governme nt Schemes officers / campus etc	site selection / proper consultation/Contin uous monitoring/ Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty
5.	Food walk: Practices in society	May be individual or team	Villages/ City Areas / Grama panchayat/ public associations/Governme nt Schemes officers/ campus etc	Group selection / proper consultation / Continuous monitoring / Information board	Report should be submitted by individual to the concerned evaluation authority	Evaluation as per the rubrics Of scheme and syllabus by Faculty

# Plan of Action (Execution of Activities )

SI.NO	Pra	ctice Session Des	cription		
1	Lecture session in field to start activities				
2	Students Presentation on Ideas				
3	Commencement of activity and its p	rogress			
4	Execution of Activity	0			
5	Execution of Activity				
6	Execution of Activity				
7	Execution of Activity				
8	Case study based Assessment, Individ	lual performan	ce		
9	Sector/ Team wise study and its conso	olidation			
10	Video based seminar for 10 minutes b	by each student	At the end of semester with Report.		
<ul> <li>At the end of senester student performance has to be evaluated by the factity for the assigned activity progress and its completion.</li> <li>At last consolidated report of all activities from 1<sup>st</sup> to 5<sup>th</sup>, compiled report should be submitted as per the instructions and scheme.</li> </ul>					
W	eightage	CIE – 100%	• Implementation strategies of the project (		
Field Visit, Plan, Discussion10 MarksNSS work).Commencement of activities and its progress20 MarksThe last report should be signed by NSS Officer, the HOD and principal.Case study based Assessment20 MarksIndividual performance with report-Sector wise study & its consolidation 5*5 = 2525 MarksVideo based seminar for 10 minutes by each student At the end of semester with Report.25 MarksActivities 1 to 5, 5*5 = 25-Total marks for the course in each semester100 MarksFor each activity, 20 marks CIE will be evaluated for IA marks at the end of semester. Report and					
For each activity, 20 marks CIE will be evaluated for IA marks at the end of semester, Report and assessment copy should be made available in the department.					

Students should present the progress of the activities as per the schedule in the prescribed practical session in the field. There should be positive progress in the vertical order for the benefit of society in general through activities.

	Data Analytics with ExcelSemester3				
Course Code BCS358A CIE Marks				50	
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50	
Credits 01 Exam Hours 1					
Examin	ation type (SEE)	Practical			
Course	e objectives: To Apply analysis techniqu	tes to datasets in Excel			
•	Learn how to use Pivot Tab	les and Pivot Charts to streamline your v	vorkflow in Excel	l	
•	Understand and Identify the	principles of data analysis			
•	Become adept at using Exce	el functions and techniques for analysis			
•	Build presentation ready da	shboards in Excel			
SI.NO		Experiments			
1	Getting Started with Exce	: Creation of spread sheets. Insertion of	rows and column	s, Drag	
	& Fill, use of Aggregate fun	ctions.		, .,	
2	Working with Data : Impo	rting data, Data Entry & Manipulation, S	orting & Filtering	g.	
3	Working with Data: Data V	Validation, Pivot Tables & Pivot Charts.			
4	Data Analysis Process: Co Graphs.	onditional Formatting, What-If Analysi	s, Data Tables, (	Charts &	
5	Cleaning Data with Text F	unctions: use of UPPER and LOWER, TRI	M function, Conca	atenate.	
6	Cleaning Data Containing DATEDIF, TIMEVALUE function	<b>Date and Time Values:</b> use of DATEVA is.	LUE function, DATE	EADD and	
7	<b>Conditional Formatting</b> : f data analysis.	Formatting, parsing, and highlighting da	ta in spreadsheet.	ts during	
8	Working with Multiple St	neets: work with multiple sheets within	a workbook is cr	ucial for	
	organizing and managing	data perform complex calculations of	nd create compr	ehensive	
	organizing and managing	uata, perform complex calculations a	nu create compr	enensive	
	reports.				
9	Create worksheet with fe	ollowing fields: Empno, Ename, Ba	sic Pay(BP), T	ravelling	
	Allowance(TA), Dearness Allowance(DA), House Rent Allowance(HRA), Income Tax(IT),				
	Provident Fund(PF). Net Pay(NP). Use appropriate formulas to calculate the above scenario				
	Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report the data				
10	Create worksheet on Inven	tory Management: Sheet should conta	in Product code	Droduct	
10	nome Product type MDD	Cost after $\mathcal{O}_{\alpha}$ of discount. Data of $\sigma$	m Floudet code,	proprieto	
	name, Flouret type, MRP,	, Cost and 70 of discount, Date of p	urchase. Use apj	propriate	
	formulas to calculate the above scenario. Analyse the data using appropriate chart and report				
	the data.				

11	Create worksheet on Sales analysis of Merchandise Store: data consisting of Order ID,
	Customer ID, Gender, age, date of order, month, online platform, Category of product, size,
	quantity, amount, shipping city and other details. Use of formula to segregate different
	categories and perform a comparative study using pivot tables and different sort of charts.
12	Generation of report & presentation using Autofilter & macro.

# **Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- Use advanced functions and productivity tools to assist in developing worksheets.
- Manipulate data lists using Outline and PivotTables.
- Use Consolidation to summarise and report results from multiple worksheets.
- Apply Macros and Autofilter to solve the given real world scenario.

### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

# Suggested Learning Resources:

- Berk & Carey Data Analysis with Microsoft® Excel: Updated for Offi ce 2007®, Third Edition, © 2010 Brooks/Cole, Cengage Learning, ISBN-13: 978-0-495-39178-4
- Wayne L. Winston Microsoft Excel 2019: Data Analysis And Business Modeling, PHI, ISBN: 9789389347180
- Aryan Gupta Data Analysis in Excel: The Best Guide. (https://www.simplilearn.com/tutorials/excel-tutorial/data-analysis-excel)

Ethics and I	Public Policy for AI	Semester			
Course Code	BAI358B	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	1:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	14	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	2		
Examination type (SEE)	Theo	ry			
Examination type (SEE)       Theory         Course objectives:       • To understand Ethical Framework for a Good AI Society, establishing Rules for trustworthy AI         • To Designing ethics for good society       • To familiar with Tools, methods and practices for designing AI for social good         • To familiar with Innovation and future AI       • To understand the Case Study: Ai in health care, knowing Regulation and Governance of AI ethics         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)       These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1. Chalk and Talk       2. Real time Examples         3. Natural Approaches       Module-1					
Textbook1: Chapter 3, chapter 4					
	Module-2				
Translating principles into prac The Ethics of Algorithms: Key p How to Design AI for Social Goo Textbook1: Chapter 6, Chapter 8,	ctices of digital ethics: five risks of be roblems and Solution d: Seven Essential Factors Chapter 9	ing Unethical			
	Module-3				
How to design AI for social good: seven essential factors From What to How: An Initial Review of publicly available AI Ethics tools, Methods and Research to Translate principles into Practices					
Modulo-A					
Innovating with Confidence: Embedding AI Covernance and fairness in financial Services Pick					
management framework What the near future of AI could be.					
Textbook1: Chapter 20. chapter 22					
	Module-5				
Human-AI Relationship, AI and V AI in HealthCare: balancing Progr	Vorkforce, Autonomous Machines and ress and Ethics,	Moral Decisions,			

# **Regulation and Governance of AI Ethics**

Textbook2 : Chapter 5, Chapter 8, Chapter 9

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to :

- 1. Describe Ethical Framework for a Good AI Society, establishing Rules for trustworthy AI
- 2. Explain ethics for good society
- 3. Illustrate various Tools, methods and practices for designing AI for social good
- 4. Describe the Innovation and future AI
- 5. Illustrate Regulation and Governance of AI ethics in Healthcare domain.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 220B2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- $1. \quad The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.$
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books

- "Ethics, governance and Policies in Artificial Intelligence", Author-Editor : Luciano Floridi, Springer, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition 2021, vol 144, Oxford Internet Institute, University of ixford, UK, ISSN 0921-8599, e-ISSN 2542-8349 Philosophical Studies series, ISBN 978-3-030-81906-4 e-ISBN 978-3-030-81907-1, ://doi.orghttps/10.1007/978-3-030-81907-1, 2021.
- 2. "Ethics and AI: Navigating the Moral Landscape of Digital Age", Author: Aaron Aboagye,

Course Gode         BC339C         CIE Marks         50           Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)         0: 0: 2: 0         SEE Marks         50           Credits         01         Exam Marks         100           Examination type (SEE)         Practical         0         SEE Marks         50           Course objectives:         -         -         To familiar with basic command of Git         -		Project Managem	ent with Git	Semester	3
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)       0: 0: 2: 0       SEE Marks       50         Credits       01       Exam Marks       100         Examination type (SEE)       Practical       100         Course objectives:       -       -       -         - To familiar with basic command of Git       -       -       -       -         - To anneliar with basic command of Git       -       -       -       -       -         - To anneliar with virion controlling commands       -       <	Course Code BCS358C CIE Marks				50
Credits       01       Exam Marks       100         Examination type (SEE)       Practical       Practical         Course objectives:       . To familiar with basic command of Git       .         To create and manage branches       . To familiar with virion controlling commands	Teachir	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0: 0 : 2: 0	SEE Marks	50
Examination type (SEE)       Practical         Course objectives:	Credits		01	Exam Marks	100
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8     Advanced Git Operations		repository.			
8 Advanced Git Operations					
	8	<b>Advanced Git Operations</b>			
	Write the command to cherry-pick a range of commits from "source-branch" to the current				
----------	---				
	branch.				
9	Analysing and Changing Git History				
	Given a commit ID, how would you use Git to view the details of that specific commit,				
	including the author, date, and commit message?				
10	Analysing and Changing Git History				
	Write the command to list all commits made by the author "JohnDoe" between "2023-01-01"				
	and "2023-12-31."				
11					
11	Analysing and Changing Git History				
	Write the command to display the last five commits in the repository's history.				
12	Analysing and Changing Cit History				
12	Analysing and Changing Oit History				
	Write the command to undo the changes introduced by the commit with the ID "abc123".				
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):				
At the e	end of the course the student will be able to:				
•	Use the basics commands related to git repository				
٠	Create and manage the branches				
•	Apply commands related to Collaboration and Remote Repositories				

• Analyse and change the git history

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

## Suggested Learning Resources:

- Version Control with Git, 3rd Edition, by Prem Kumar Ponuthorai, Jon Loeliger Released October 2022, Publisher(s): O'Reilly Media, Inc.
- Pro Git book, written by Scott Chacon and Ben Straub and published by Apress, <a href="https://gitscm.com/book/en/v2">https://gitscm.com/book/en/v2</a>
- <u>https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\_auth\_0130944433473699842782\_shared\_/overview</u>
- https://infyspringboard.onwingspan.com/web/en/app/toc/lex\_auth\_01330134712177459211926\_share d/overview

PHP Programming Semester 3									
Course	Code	BAI358D	CIE Marks	50					
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50					
Credits	5	01	Exam Hours	02					
Examir	nation type (SEE)	Pract	tical						
Course	e objectives:								
• T	o introduce the PHP syntax, eleme	nts, and control structures							
• T	o make use of PHP Functions and I	File handling							
• т									
		Evnoriments							
AIM: In	l ntroduction to HTML/PHP environ	ment. PHP Data Types. Variables. Liter	als, and operators						
1	a. Develop a PHP program to c	alculate areas of Triangle and Rectangl	le.						
2	b. Develop a PHP program to c	alculate Compound Interest.							
2	Develop program(s) to demonst	s to concatenate multiple strings							
	(i) Strings represented with l	iterals (single quote or double quote)							
	(ii) Strings as variables	iterais (single quote of double quote)							
	(iii) Multiple strings represent	ed with literals (single quote or double	e quote) and variables						
	(iv) Strings and string variable	es containing single quotes as part strir	ng contents						
	(v) Strings containing HTML s	segments having elements with attribu	tes						
3	a. Develop a PHP Program(s) t	o check given number is:							
	(i) Odd or even								
	(ii) Divisible by a given n	umber (N)							
	(iii) Square of a another r	umber							
	b. Develop a PHP Program to	compute the roots of a quadratic equ	ation by accepting the co	oefficients.					
	Print the appropriate messa	ges.							
4	a. Develop a PHP program to f	ind the square root of a number by using the squ	ng the newton's algorithm						
-	b. Develop a PHP program to g	enerate Floyd's triangle.							
5	a. Develop a PHP application t	hat reads a list of numbers and calculat	tes mean and standard dev	viation.					
	b. Develop a PHP application t	that reads scores between 0 and 100 (	(possibly including both 0	and 100)					
	and creates a histogram arr	ay whose elements contain the numbe	r of scores between 0 and	9, 10 and					
	19, etc. The last "box" in the	e histogram should include scores bet	ween 90 and 100. Use a f	unction to					
	generate the histogram.								
6	a. Develop PHP program to de	monstrate the date() with different par	rameter options.						
	b. Develop a PHP program to g	enerate the Fibonacci series using a re	cursive function.						
7	Develop a PHP program to accep	ot the file and perform the following							
	(i) Print the first N lines of a	a file							
	(ii) Update/Add the content of a file								
8	Develop a PHP program to read	the content of the file and print the fi	requency of occurrence of	the word					
	accepted by the user in the file								
0	Develop a PHP program to filter	the elements of an array with law nam	96						
2		the crements of an array with key lidili							
	Sample Input Data:								
	1st array: ('c1' => 'Red',	'c2' => 'Green', 'c3' => 'White', c4 => 'B	Black')						
	2nd array: ('c2', 'c4')								

	Output:
	Array
	(
	$[c1] \Rightarrow \text{Red}$
	$[c3] \Rightarrow$ White
	)
10	Develop a PHP program that illustrates the concept of classes and objects by reading and printing
	employee data, including Emp_Name, Emp_ID, Emp_Dept, Emp_Salary, and Emp_DOJ.
11	a. Develop a PHP program to count the occurrences of Aadhaar numbers present in a text.
	b. Develop a PHP program to find the occurrences of a given pattern and replace them with a text.
12	Develop a PHP program to read the contents of a HTML form and display the contents on a browser.
NOTE	
NOTE:	Necessary HTML elements (and CSS) can be used for designing the experiments.
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	nd of the course, the student will be able to:
٠	Apply basic concepts of PHP to develop web program
•	Develop programs in PHP involving control structures
•	Develop programs to handle structured data (object) and data items (array)
٠	Develop programs to access and manipulate contents of files
•	Use super-global arrays and regular expressions to solve real world problems.

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- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
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The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
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- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

- BOOK: Programming in HTML and PHP (Coding for Scientists and Engineers, BY DEVID R BROOKS, Springer International Publishing AG 2017
- PHP TUTORIALS: [https://www.w3schools.com/php/}
- PHP TUTORIALS: [ https://www.tutorialspoint.com/php/index.htm]
- HTML TUTORIALS: [https://www.w3schools.com/html/]

## VISVESVARAYA TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY, BELAGAVI B.E. in Artificial Intelligence and Machine Learning Scheme of Teaching and Examinations 2021 Outcome-Based Education (OBE) and Choice Based Credit System (CBCS) (Effective from the academic year 2021 - 22)

Si.         Course and Course Code         Course Title         Precession         Teaching Hourse Week $\frac{1}{2}$	VI SEMESTER												
Si. No         Course and Course Code         Course Title         product of produ					Teaching	Hours	/Week			Exami	nation		
Image: bit in the section of the secting the secting the section of the section of the section	SI. Course and No Course Code		Course Title	Teaching epartment (TD) and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	Theory Lecture	Tutorial	Practical/ Drawing	Self -Study	Duration in hours	CIE Marks	SEE Marks otal Marks	Total Marks	Credits
1         HSMC 21CS61         Software Engineering and Project Management         Any CS Board Department         2         2         0         03         50         50         100         1           2         IPCC 21AD62         Data Science and its Applications 21AI63         PCC 21AI63         Machine Learning         Department         3         0         2         0         03         50         50         100         1           4         PCC 21XX64x         Machine Learning         Concerned Department         3         0         0         0         03         50         50         100         1           5         OEC 21XX65x         Open Elective Course-I         Concerned Department         3         0         0         0         03         50         50         100         1           5         OEC 21XX65x         Open Elective Course-I         Concerned Department         3         0         0         03         50         50         100         1           6         PCC 21AIL66         Machine Learning Laboratory         Any CS Board Department         0         0         2         03         50         50         100         1           7         MP 21AIL66         M					L	т	Р	S				-	
2IPCC 21AD62Data Science and its Applications ApplicationsAny CS Board Department3020350501001003PCC 21AI63Machine Learning PFC 21XX64xMachine Learning Professional Elective Course-IDepartment3000350501001004PEC 21XX64xProfessional Elective Course-IConcerned Department30000350501001005OEC 21XX65xOpen Elective Course-IConcerned Department30000350501001006PCC 21AIL66Machine Learning Laboratory 21AIL66Any CS Board Department0020350501001007MP 21AIMP67Mini ProjectAny CS Board Department0020350501001008INT 21INT68Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal InternshipCompleted during the intervenity period of W and V semesters100	1	HSMC 21CS61	Software Engineering and Project Management		2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3
3       PCC 21Al63       Machine Learning       Department       3       0       0       03       50       50       100         4       PEC 21XX64x       Professional Elective Course-I	2	IPCC 21AD62	Data Science and its Applications	Any CS Board	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4
4       PEC 21XX64x       Professional Elective Course-I       3       0       0       03       50       50       100       100         5       OEC 21XX65x       Open Elective Course-I       Concerned Department       3       0       0       0       03       50       50       100       100       100         6       PCC 21AIL66       Machine Learning Laboratory 21AIL66       Any CS Board Department       0       0       2       03       50       50       100 <td>3</td> <td>PCC 21AI63</td> <td>Machine Learning</td> <td>Department</td> <td>3</td> <td>0</td> <td>0</td> <td></td> <td>03</td> <td>50</td> <td>50</td> <td>100</td> <td>3</td>	3	PCC 21AI63	Machine Learning	Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
5       OEC 21XX65x       Open Elective Course-I       Concerned Department       3       0       0       03       50       50       100       100         6       PCC 21AIL66       Machine Learning Laboratory 21AIL66       Any CS Board Department       0       0       2       03       50       50       100       100         7       MP 21AIMP67       Mini Project       Mini Project       Two contact hurs / weet he faculty and students.       100        100	4	PEC 21XX64x	Professional Elective Course-I		3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
6       PCC 21AIL66       Machine Learning Laboratory       Any CS Board Department       0       0       2       03       50       50       100       1         7       MP 21AIMP67       Mini Project       Import the interaction between the interaction be	5	OEC 21XX65x	Open Elective Course-I	Concerned Department	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3
MP 21AIMP67       Mini Project       Two contact hours /week for interaction between the faculty and students.        100       <	6	PCC 21AIL66	Machine Learning Laboratory	Any CS Board Department	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1
NT     Innovation/Entrepreneurship     Completed during the intervening period of IV      100      100       21INT68     /Societal Internship     and V semesters.     Total     500     300     800     2	7	MP 21AIMP67	Mini Project		Two con interacti faculty a	tact ho on bet nd stu	ours /we ween th dents.	ek for e		100		100	2
Total 500 300 800 2	8	INT 21INT68	Innovation/Entrepreneurship /Societal Internship	Completed durin and V semesters	ng the inte 5.	rvenin	g period	ofIV		100		100	3
									Total	500	300	800	22

Professional Elective - I						
21AI641	Business Intelligence	21AI643	Natural Language Processing			
21CS642	Advanced JAVA Programming	21AI644	Computer Graphics and Fundamentals of Image Processing			

Open Electives – I offered by the Department to other Department students							
21CS651	Introduction to Data Structures	21CS653	Introduction to Cyber Security				
21CS652	Introduction to Database Management Systems	21CS654	Programming in JAVA				

Note: HSMC: Humanity and Social Science & Management Courses, IPCC: Integrated Professional Core Course, PCC: Professional Core Course, PEC: Professional Elective Courses, OEC–Open Elective Course, MP – Mini Project, INT – Internship.

L –Lecture, T – Tutorial, P - Practical / Drawing, S – Self Study Component, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Examination.

**Integrated Professional Core Course (IPCC):** Refers to Professional Theory Core Course Integrated with Practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching – Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by CIE only and there shall be no SEE. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (BE/B.Tech) 2021-22 may be referred.

#### **Professional Elective Courses (PEC):**

A professional elective (PEC) course is intended to enhance the depth and breadth of educational experience in the Engineering and Technology curriculum. Multidisciplinary courses that are added supplement the latest trend and advanced technology in the selected stream of engineering. Each group will provide an option to select one course out of five courses. The minimum students' strength for offering professional electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

#### **Open Elective Courses:**

Students belonging to a particular stream of Engineering and Technology are not entitled for the open electives offered by their parent Department. However, they can opt an elective offered by other Departments, provided they satisfy the prerequisite condition if any. Registration to open electives shall be documented under the guidance of the Program Coordinator/ Advisor/Mentor.

Selection of an open elective shall not be allowed if,

(i) The candidate has studied the same course during the previous semesters of the program.

(ii) The syllabus content of open electives is similar to that of the Departmental core courses or professional electives.

(iii) A similar course, under any category, is prescribed in the higher semesters of the program.

In case, any college is desirous of offering a course (not included in the Open Elective List of the University) from streams such as Law, Business (MBA), Medicine, Arts, Commerce, etc., can seek permission, at least one month before the commencement of the semester, from the University by

submitting a copy of the syllabus along with the details of expertise available to teach the same in the college.

The minimum students' strength for offering open electives is 10. However, this conditional shall not be applicable to cases where the admission to the programme is less than 10.

**Mini-project work:** Mini Project is a laboratory-oriented course which will provide a platform to students to enhance their practical knowledge and skills by the development of small systems/applications.

Based on the ability/abilities of the student/s and recommendations of the mentor, a single discipline or a multidisciplinary Mini- project can be assigned to an individual student or to a group having not more than 4 students.

#### CIE procedure for Mini-project:

(i) Single discipline: The CIE marks shall be awarded by a committee consisting of the Head of the concerned Department and two faculty members of the Department, one of them being the Guide. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project work shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio of 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates.

(ii) Interdisciplinary: Continuous Internal Evaluation shall be group-wise at the college level with the participation of all the guides of the project. The CIE marks awarded for the Mini-project, shall be based on the evaluation of project report, project presentation skill, and question and answer session in the ratio 50:25:25. The marks awarded for the project report shall be the same for all the batch mates. No SEE component for Mini-Project.

#### VII semester Classwork and Research Internship /Industry Internship (21INT82)

#### **Swapping Facility**

Institutions can swap VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations to accommodate research internship/ industry internship after the VI semester.

(2) Credits earned for the courses of VII and VIII Semester Scheme of Teaching and Examinations shall be counted against the corresponding semesters whether VII or VIII semester is completed during the beginning of IV year or later part of IV year of the program.

#### Elucidation:

At the beginning of IV year of the programme i.e., after VI semester, VII semester classwork and VIII semester Research Internship /Industrial Internship shall be permitted to be operated simultaneously by the University so that students have ample opportunity for internship. In other words, a good percentage of the class shall attend VII semester classwork and similar percentage of others shall attend to Research Internship or Industrial Internship.

Research/Industrial Internship shall be carried out at an Industry, NGO, MSME, Innovation centre, Incubation centre, Start-up, Centers of Excellence (CoE), Study Centre established in the parent institute and /or at reputed research organizations / institutes. The internship can also be rural internship.

The mandatory Research internship /Industry internship is for 24 weeks. The internship shall be considered as a head of passing and shall be considered for the award of degree. Those, who do not take up/complete the internship shall be declared fail and shall have to complete during the subsequent University examination after satisfying the internship requirements.

#### INT21INT82 Research Internship/ Industry Internship/Rural Internship

**Research internship:** A research internship is intended to offer the flavour of current research going on in the research field. It helps students get familiarized with the field and imparts the skill required for carrying out research.

**Industry internship:** Is an extended period of work experience undertaken by students to supplement their degree for professional development. It also helps them learn to overcome unexpected obstacles and successfully navigate organizations, perspectives, and cultures. Dealing with contingencies helps students recognize, appreciate, and adapt to organizational realities by tempering their knowledge with practical constraints.

Rural internship: A long-term goal, as proposed under the AICTE rural internship programme, shall be counted as rural internship activity.

The student can take up Interdisciplinary Research Internship or Industry Internship.

The faculty coordinator or mentor has to monitor the students' internship progress and interact with them to guide for the successful completion of the internship.

The students are permitted to carry out the internship anywhere in India or abroad. University shall not bear any expenses incurred in respect of internship.

SOFTWARE ENGINEERING & PROJECT MANAGEMENT						
Course Code	21CS61	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives						
CLO 1. Outline software engin	eering principles a	and activities involved in	n building large software			
programs. Identify eth	ical and professior	al issues and explain w	hy they are of concern to			
Software Engineers.	с ·	1	· c· · · · ·			
CLO 2. Describe the process o	f requirement gati	iering, requirement clas	sification, requirement			
Specification and requi	rements validatio	n. Leonconte differentiato	system models, use UMI			
diagrams and apply do	s of object offented	i concepts, umerentiate	system models, use OML			
CIO4 Explain the role of Dev	Ons in Agile Imple	mentation				
CL0 5 Discuss various types	of software testing	practices and software	evolution processes			
CLO 6. Recognize the importa	nce Proiect Manag	ement with its methods	and methodologies.			
CLO 7. Identify software quali	ty parameters and	guantify software usin	g measurements and			
metrics. List software	quality standards a	and outline the practices	s involved			
<b>Teaching-Learning Process (Gene</b>	ral Instructions)	*				
These are sample Strategies, which t	eachers can use to	accelerate the attainme	ent of the various course			
outcomes.						
1. Lecturer method (L) ne	ed not to be only a	traditional lecture met	hod, but alternative			
effective teaching meth	ods could be adom	ted to attain the outcom	es			
2 Use of Video / Animation	ous could be adop	ning of various concent				
2. Encourage collaborativ	o (Croup Loorning	) Learning in the class				
5. Encourage conaborativ	e (Group Learning		1 1.1 .			
4. Ask at least three HOT	Higher order Thir	iking) questions in the c	lass, which promotes			
critical thinking.						
5. Adopt Problem Based L	earning (PBL), wh	ich fosters students' An	alytical skills, develop			
design thinking skills su	uch as the ability to	o design, evaluate, genei	alize, and analyze			
information rather than	n simply recall it.					
6. Introduce Topics in ma	nifold representat	ions.				
7. Show the different way	s to solve the same	e problem with different	circuits/logic and			
encourage the students	to come up with t	heir own creative ways	to solve them.			
8. Discuss how every cond	cept can be applied	l to the real world - and	when that's possible, it			
helps improve the stud	ents' understandir	ıg.	-			
	Modu	e-1				
Introduction: The evolving role of	f software Softw	are. The changing nat	ure of software. Software			
engineering. A Process Framework.	Process Patterns.	Process Assessment. P	ersonal and Team Process			
Models, Process Technology, Produc	t and Process.					
Textbook 1: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.3						
Process Models: Prescriptive mo	dels, Waterfall n	nodel, Incremental pro	cess models, Evolutionary			
process models, Specialized process	models.					

Textbook 1: Chapter 2: 2.1, 2.2, 2.4 to 2.7

**Requirements Engineering**: Requirements Engineering Task, Initiating the Requirements Engineering process, Eliciting Requirements, Developing use cases, Building the analysis model, Negotiating Requirements, Validating Requirements, Software Requirement Document **(Sec 4.2)** 

## Textbook 1: Chapter 3: 3.1 to 3.6, Textbook 5: Chapter 4: 4.2

	1
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning
	Module-2
Introduction, Modelling Conce development? OO Themes; Evider as Design technique: Modelling, Concept, Link and associations Navigation of class models, Introd	<b>pts and Class Modelling:</b> What is Object orientation? What is OO ace for usefulness of OO development; OO modelling history. Modelling abstraction, The Three models. Class Modelling: Object and Class concepts, Generalization and Inheritance, A sample class model, uction to RUP(Textbook: 5 Sec 2.4) and UML diagrams
Textbook 2: Chapter 1,2,3	
<b>Building the Analysis Models</b> : Concepts, Object Oriented Analy Modeling, Creating a Behavioral M	Requirement Analysis, Analysis Model Approaches, Data modeling sis, Scenario-Based Modeling, Flow-Oriented Modeling, class Based Iodel.
Textbook 1: Chapter 8: 8.1 to 8.	8
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-3
Software Testing: A Strategic A	Annroach to Software Testing Strategic Issues Test Strategies for
Conventional Software, Test Strat The Art of Debugging.	egies for Object -Oriented Software, Validation Testing, System Testing,
Textbook 1: Chapter 13: 13.1 to	13.7
Agile Methodology & DevOps: B	efore Agile – Waterfall, Agile Development,
Lifecycle for Business Agility, De Challenges with DevOps Impleme Textbook 4: Chapter 2: 2.1 to 2.	evOps and Continuous Testing, How to Choose Right DevOps Tools?, ntation. 9
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-4
Introduction to Project Manage	ment:
Introduction, Project and Importa by Software Project Management Software Projects, Stakeholders Management and Management Co Management Practices.	ance of Project Management, Contract Management, Activities Covered nt, Plans, Methods and Methodologies, Some ways of categorizing , Setting Objectives, Business Case, Project Success and Failure, ntrol, Project Management life cycle, Traditional versus Modern Project
Textbook 3: Chapter 1: 1.1 to 1.	17
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
	Module-5
Activity Planning: Objectives of Activity Planning, V Network Planning Models, Forv Shortening Project Duration, Activ	When to Plan, Project Schedules, Sequencing and Scheduling Activities, vard Pass– Backward Pass, Identifying critical path, Activity Float, vity on Arrow Networks.
Textbook 3: Chapter 6: 6.1 to 6.	16
<b>Software Quality:</b> Introduction, The place of softwar quality models, ISO 9126, quali enhance software quality, quality	re quality in project planning, Importance of software quality, software ity management systems, process capability models, techniques to plans.

Textbook 3: Chapter 13: (13.1 to 13.6 , 13.9, 13.11, 13.14),

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Active Learning, DemonstrationCourse Outcomes

#### Course Outcomes

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Understand the activities involved in software engineering and analyze the role of various process models
- CO 2. Explain the basics of object-oriented concepts and build a suitable class model using modelling techniques
- CO 3. Describe various software testing methods and to understand the importance of agile methodology and DevOps
- CO 4. Illustrate the role of project planning and quality management in software development
- CO 5. Understand the importance of activity planning and different planning models

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of  $5^{th}$  week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{\rm th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Roger S. Pressman: Software Engineering-A Practitioners approach, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.
- 2. Michael Blaha, James Rumbaugh: Object Oriented Modelling and Design with UML, 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2005.
- 3. Bob Hughes, Mike Cotterell, Rajib Mall: Software Project Management, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill

Education, 2018. 4. Deepak Gaikwad, Viral Thakkar, DevOps Tools From Practitioner's Viewpoint, Wiley. Ian Sommerville: Software Engineering, 9th Edition, Pearson Education, 2012. 5. **Reference:** Pankaj Jalote: An Integrated Approach to Software Engineering, Wiley India. 1. Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources): https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc20 cs68/preview 1. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=WxkP5KR\_Emk&list=PLrjkTql3jnm9b5nr-2. ggx7Pt1G4UAHeFlJ http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/CSE.php 3. 4. http://elearning.vtu.ac.in/econtent/courses/video/CSE/15CS42.html 5. <u>https://nptel.ac.in/courses/128/106/128106012/</u> (DevOps) Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Case study, Field visit

DATA SCIENCE AND ITS APPLICATIONS						
Course Code	21AD62	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 T + 20 P	Total Marks	100			
Credits	04	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives:		1 • 61, . 1 • • •				
CLU I.Demonstrate the proficience	cy with statistical and	alysis of data to derive insig	ght from results and			
interpret the data findings	visually					
CLO 2. Utilize the						
CLO 3. Skills in data management	by obtaining, cleanii	ig and transforming the da	ta.			
CLO 4. Make use of machine learning	ing models to solve t	ne business-related challer	iges			
CLO 5. Experiment with decision	trees, neural networ	k layers and data partition.				
CLU 6. Demonstrate how social cl	ustering shape indiv	iduals and groups in conte	mporary society.			
Teaching-Learning Process (General	Instructions)					
These are sample Strategies, which tea	cher can use to accel	erate the attainment of the	various course			
outcomes.						
1. Lecturer method (L) does not i	nean only traditiona	l lecture method. but differ	ent type of			
teaching methods may be ador	oted to develop the o	utcomes.				
2. Show Video/animation films to	o explain functioning	of various concepts.				
3. Encourage collaborative (Grou	p Learning) Learnin	g in the class.				
4. Ask at least three HOTS (Highe	r order Thinking) au	lestions in the class, which	promotes critical			
thinking.	0,1	, -	<b>r</b>			
5. Adopt Problem Based Learning	g (PBL), which foster	s students' Analytical skills	s. develop thinking			
skills such as the ability to eval	uate, generalize, and	l analyze information rathe	r than simply recall			
it.						
6. Topics will be introduced in a	nultiple representat	ion.				
7. Show the different ways to solv	ve the same problem	and encourage the studen	ts to come up with			
their own creative ways to soly	ve them.					
8. Discuss how every concept car	be applied to the re	al world - and when that's	possible, it helps			
improve the students' underst	anding.		F , F -			
Module-1: Introduction						
What is Data Science? Visualizing	Data, matnlotlih	Bar Charts Line Charts S	catterplots Linear			
Algebra, Vectors, Matrices, Statistics,	Describing a Single	e Set of Data. Correlation.	Simpson's Paradox.			
Some Other Correlational Caveats.	Correlation and	Causation. <b>Probability.</b>	Dependence and			
Independence, Conditional Probability	, Bayes's Theorem,	Random Variables, Contir	uous Distributions,			
The Normal Distribution, The Central L	imit Theorem.					
Chapters 1, 3, 4, 5 and 6						
Laboratory Component:						
1. Installation of Python/R langu	age, Visual Studio co	de editors can be demonstr	ated along with			
Kaggle data set usage. 2. Write programs in Python/F	and Execute then	n in either Visual Studio	Code or PvCharm			
Community Edition or any oth	er suitable environm	ient.				
<ol> <li>A study was conducted to und on their performance in the f</li> </ol>	erstand the effect of inal exams. Write a	f number of hours the stud code to plot line chart wi	ents spent studying th number of hours			
spent studying on x-axis and label the axes and give the plot	score in final exam	on y-axis. Use a red '*' as	the point character,			

	Number of hrs spent studying (x)	10	9	2	15	10	16	11	16	
	Score in the final exam (0 – 100) (y)	95	80	10	50	45	98	38	93	
4. F	or the giv heck the fi	ven datase requency o	et mtcars. listributio	csv (www n of the va	v.kaggle.co ariable 'mp	m/ruiron og' (Miles	nanini/mto per gallon	cars), plot )	a histogran	n to
Teaching Learning Process	;-	1. Demo 2. PPT P 3. Live c	nstration resentatio oding and	of differen on for Theo execution	t charts prems and for visual	different ization w	distributic vith simple	ons examples		
Module-2	2: Hypoth	esis and I	nference							
Statistical Hypothesis Testing, Example: Flipping a Coin, p-Values, Confidence Intervals, p-Hacking, Example: Running an A/B Test, Bayesian Inference, <b>Gradient Descent</b> , The Idea Behind Gradient Descent Estimating the Gradient, Using the Gradient, Choosing the Right Step Size, Using Gradient Descent to Fit Models, Minibatch and Stochastic Gradient Descent, <b>Getting Data</b> , stdin and stdout, Reading Files, Scraping the Web, Using APIs, Example: Using the Twitter APIs, <b>Working with Data</b> , Exploring Your Data, Using NamedTuples, Dataclasses, Cleaning and Munging, Manipulating Data, Rescaling, An Aside: tqdm, Dimensionality Reduction. <b>Chapters 7, 8, 9 and 10</b>										
<ul> <li>Laboratory Component: <ol> <li>Consider the books dataset BL-Flickr-Images-Book.csv from Kaggle (https://www.kaggle.com/adeyoyintemidayo/publication-of-books) which contains information about books. Write a program to demonstrate the following.</li> <li>Import the data into a DataFrame</li> <li>Find and drop the columns which are irrelevant for the book information.</li> <li>Change the Index of the DataFrame</li> <li>Tidy up fields in the data such as date of publication with the help of simple regular expression.</li> <li>Combine str methods with NumPy to clean columns</li> </ol> </li> </ul>										
Teaching-1.Demonstration of Hypothesis test.Learning2.PPT Presentation to explore and manipulate data										
Process	<b>Process</b> 3. Live coding of concepts with simple examples									
	4. Case Study: Extraction of data from Books dataset									
Module-3	B: Machin	e Learnin	g							
Modeling, Tradeoff, The Curse Implemen	What Is Feature E of Dimen Itation, Te	Machine xtraction sionality, esting Our	Learning and Select <b>Naive Bay</b> Model, U	?, Overfitt ion, <b>k-Nea</b> y <b>es,</b> A Rea Jsing Our	ting and <b>arest Neig</b> lly Dumb S Model, <b>S</b> i	Underfitti <b>;hbors,</b> T Spam Filte i <b>mple Lir</b>	ing, Correc he Model, er, A More <b>1ear Regr</b>	ctness, The Example: 7 Sophistica <b>ession,</b> Th	e Bias-Varia The Iris Data ted Spam Fi ne Model, U	ance aset, lter, sing

Gradient Descent, Maximum Likelihood Estimation, **Multiple Regression**, The Model, Further Assumptions of the Least Squares Model, Fitting the Model, Interpreting the Model, Goodness of Fit, Digression: The Bootstrap, Standard Errors of Regression Coefficients, Regularization, **Logistic Regression**, The Problem, The Logistic Function, Applying the Model, Goodness of Fit, Support Vector Machines.

## Chapters 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 16

## Laboratory Component:

- Train a regularized logistic regression classifier on the iris dataset (https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/machine-learning-databases/iris/ or the inbuilt iris dataset) using sklearn. Train the model with the following hyperparameter C = 1e4 and report the best classification accuracy.
- 2. Train an SVM classifier on the iris dataset using sklearn. Try different kernels and the associated hyperparameters. Train model with the following set of hyperparameters RBF-kernel, gamma=0.5, one-vs-rest classifier, no-feature-normalization. Also try C=0.01,1,10C=0.01,1,10. For the above set of hyperparameters, find the best classification accuracy along with total number of support vectors on the test data

Teaching-	1.	Demonstration of Models
Learning	2.	PPT Presentation for techniques
Process	3.	Live coding of all concepts with simple examples

## Module-4: Decision Trees

What Is a Decision Tree?, Entropy, The Entropy of a Partition, Creating a Decision Tree, Putting It All Together, Random Forests, **Neural Networks**, Perceptrons, Feed-Forward Neural Networks, Backpropagation, Example: Fizz Buzz, **Deep Learning**, The Tensor, The Layer Abstraction, The Linear Layer, Neural Networks as a Sequence of Layers, Loss and Optimization, Example: XOR Revisited, Other Activation Functions, Example: Fizz Buzz Revisited, Softmaxes and Cross-Entropy, Dropout, Example: MNIST, Saving and Loading Models, **Clustering**, The Idea, The Model, Example: Meetups, Choosing k, Example: Clustering Colors, Bottom-Up Hierarchical Clustering **Chapters 17, 18, 19 and 20** 

## Laboratory Component:

1. Consider the following dataset. Write a program to demonstrate the working of the decision tree based ID3 algorithm.

Price	Maintenance	Capacity	Airbag	Profitable
Low	Low	2	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Low	Low	4	No	Yes
Low	Med	4	No	No
Low	High	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	No	No
Med	Med	4	Yes	Yes
Med	High	2	Yes	No
Med	High	5	No	Yes
High	Med	4	Yes	Yes
high	Med	2	Yes	Yes
High	High	2	Yes	No
high	High	5	yes	Yes

2. Consider the dataset spiral.txt (https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly). The first two columns in the dataset corresponds to the co-ordinates of each data point. The third column corresponds to the actual cluster label. Compute the rand index for the following methods:

• K – m	eans Clustering
<ul> <li>Single</li> </ul>	e – link Hierarchical Clustering
<ul> <li>Comp</li> </ul>	lete link hierarchical clustering.
Also v	risualize the dataset and which algorithm will be able to recover the true clusters.
Teaching-	1. Demonstration using Python/ R Language
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for decision tree, Neural Network, Deep learning and clustering
Process	3. Live coding for the concepts with simple examples
	4. Project Work: Algorithm implementation
Module-5: Na	tural Language Processing
Word Clouds, Vectors, Recu Betweenness Manual Cura Collaborative Chapters 21,	n-Gram Language Models, Grammars, An Aside: Gibbs Sampling, Topic Modeling, Word urrent Neural Networks, Example: Using a Character-Level RNN, <b>Network Analysis</b> , Centrality, Eigenvector Centrality, Directed Graphs and PageRank, <b>Recommender Systems</b> , tion, Recommending What's Popular, User-Based Collaborative Filtering, Item-Based Filtering, Matrix Factorization. <b>22 and 23</b>
Laborator C	
Laboratory C	omponent:
Mini I	Project – Simple web scrapping in social media
Teaching-	1. Demonstration of models
Learning	2. PPT Presentation for network analysis and Recommender systems
Process	3. Live coding with simple examples
Course outco	me (Course Skill Set)
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Identi	fy and demonstrate data using visualization tools.
CO 2. Make	use of Statistical hypothesis tests to choose the properties of data, curate and manipulate
data.	
CO 3. Utiliz	e the skills of machine learning algorithms and techniques and develop models.
CO 4. Demo	nstrate the construction of decision tree and data partition using clustering.
CO 5. Exper	iment with social network analysis and make use of natural language processing skills to
devel	op data driven applications.
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weightage The minimum deemed to ha course if the s (SEE), and a r Evaluation) ar	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. a passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ve satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination ninimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal ad SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together
Continuous I	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )
1. First t	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
Two assignme	ents each of <b>10 Marks</b>
1 Einst	assignment at the end of 4th week of the semester
	d assignment at the end of 0th week of the semester
5. 3000	מ משמש מיש מיש מיש מיש מיש מיש מיש מיש מ

Practical Sessions need to be assessed by appropriate rubrics and viva-voce method. This will contribute to **20 marks**.

- Rubrics for each Experiment taken average for all Lab components 15 Marks.
- Viva-Voce- 5 Marks (more emphasized on demonstration topics)

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and practical sessions will be out of 100 marks and will be scaled down to 50 marks

(to have a less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Text Books

1. Joel Grus, "Data Science from Scratch", 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-9352138326

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Emily Robinson and Jacqueline Nolis, "Build a Career in Data Science", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, Manning Publications, 2020. ISBN: 978-1617296246.
- AurélienGéron, "Hands-On Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn, Keras, and TensorFlow: Concepts, Tools, and Techniques to Build Intelligent Systems", 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2019. ISBN-13: 978-1492032649.
- 3. François Chollet, "Deep Learning with Python", 1st Edition, Manning Publications, 2017. ISBN-13: 978-1617294433
- Jeremy Howard and Sylvain Gugger, "Deep Learning for Coders with fastai and PyTorch", 1<sup>st</sup> Edition, O'Reilly Publications/Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd., 2020. ISBN-13: 978-1492045526
- Sebastian Raschka and Vahid Mirjalili, "Python Machine Learning: Machine Learning and Deep Learning with Python, scikit-learn, and TensorFlow 2", 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition, Packt Publishing Limited, 2019.ISBN-13: 978-1789955750

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. Using Python : https://www.python.org
- 2. R Programming : https://www.r-project.org/
- 3. Python for Natural Language Processing : https://www.nltk.org/book/
- 4. Data set: <u>https://bit.ly/2Lm75Ly</u>
- 5. Data set: https://archive.ics.uci.edu/ml/datasets.html
- 6. Data set : www.kaggle.com/ruiromanini/mtcars
- 7. Pycharm : <u>https://www.jetbrains.com/pycharm/</u>

8. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106179/

9. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106212/

10. http://nlp-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/List%20of%20experiments.html

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

1. Real world problem solving - Applying the machine learning techniques and developing models

		MACHINE LEAR	NING	
Course Code		21AI63	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hou	rs/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of	f Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Total Hours of Pedagogy       40       Total Marks       100         Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning Objectives       03       Exam Hours       03         CL0 1. Define machine learning and understand the basic theory underlying machine learning.       CL0 2. Differentiate supervised, unsupervised and reinforcement learning       CL0 4. Understand the basic concepts of learning and decision trees.         CL0 4. Understand Bayesian techniques for problems appear in machine learning       CL0 5. Perform statistical analysis of machine learning techniques.         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)       These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.         2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.         3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.         4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.         5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.         6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.       7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the student				
	inprove the students unde	Module-1		
Introduction: Machine learning Landscape: what is ML?, Why, Types of ML, main challenges of ML Concept learning and Learning Problems – Designing Learning systems, Perspectives and Issues – Concept Learning – Find S-Version Spaces and Candidate Elimination Algorithm –Remarks on VS- Inductive bias.				
Text book 2:	Text book 2: Chapter 1, Text book 1:Chapter 1 and 2			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active I	earning, Problem ba	ased learning	
Learning				
Process				
		Module-2		
<b>End to end</b> Discover and	<b>End to end Machine learning Project:</b> Working with real data, Look at the big picture, Get the data, Discover and visualize the data, Prepare the data, select and train the model, Fine tune your model.			big picture, Get the data, une your model.
<b>Classification</b> analysis, mult	a : MNIST, training a Bina i label classification, multi	ary classifier, perfor output classification	mance measure, mu	ticlass classification, error
Text book 2:	Chapter 2, Chapter 3			
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active I	earning		
Learning				

Process	
	Module-3
<b>Training Mod</b> linear models,	<b>lels:</b> Linear regression, gradient descent, polynomial regression, learning curves, regularized logistic regression
Support Vect	or Machine: linear, Nonlinear , SVM regression and under the hood
Text book 2: Teaching-	Chapter 4, Chapter 5 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	Modulo 4
Decision Tre	Module-4
computationa	l complexity, GINI impurity, Entropy, regularization Hyper parameters, Regression, instability
<b>Ensemble lea</b> forests, Boosti	r <b>ning and Random Forest</b> : Voting classifiers, Bagging and pasting, Random patches, Random ng, stacking
Text book 2:	Chapter 6, Chapter 7
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning
Learning	
Process	
	Module-5
Bayes Theore Optimal Class Algorithm	em – Concept Learning – Maximum Likelihood – Minimum Description Length Principle – Bayes ifier – Gibbs Algorithm – Naïve Bayes Classifier– example-Bayesian Belief Network – EM
Text book 1:	Chapter 6
Teaching-	Chalk and board, MOOC
Process	
Course Outco	mes
At the end of t	he course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Under	rstand the concept of Machine Learning and Concept Learning.
CO 2. Apply	the concept of ML and various classification methods in a project.
CO 3. Analy	se various training models in ML and the SVM algorithm to be implemented.
CO 4. Apply	the ML concept in a decision tree structure and implementation of Ensemble learning and
CO 5 Apply	OM FOREST. Bayes techniques and explore more about the classification in MI.
Assessment I	Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weightage	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The
minimum pas	sing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to
have satisfied	the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the
student secur	es not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a
minimum of 4	0% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE
(Semester End	Examination) taken together.
Continuous In	nternal Evaluation:
Three Unit Te	sts each of <b>20 Marks (duration 01 hour</b> )
1. First t	test at the end of 5 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
2. Secon	d test at the end of the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester
3. Third	test at the end of the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester

#### Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- **2.** There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- **3.** The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Textbooks

- 1. Tom M. Mitchell, Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill Education, 2013
- 2. Aurelien Geron, Hands-on Machine Learning with Scikit-Learn & TensorFlow , O'Reilly, Shroff Publishers and Distributors Pvt. Ltd 2019

#### **Reference:**

- 1. Ethem Alpaydin, Introduction to Machine Learning, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed., 2013
- 2. T. Hastie, R. Tibshirani, J. H. Friedman, The Elements of Statistical Learning, Springer, 1st edition, 2001
- 3. Machine Learning using Python, Manaranjan Pradhan, U Dinesh Kumar, Wiley, 2019

4. Machine Learning, Saikat Dutt, Subramanian Chandramouli, Amit Kumar Das, Pearson, 2020 Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL1xHD4vteKYVpaIiy295pg6\_SY5qznc77
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106139/

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE			
Course Code	21AI641	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03

### **Course Learning Objectives:**

CLO 1. Explain the Decision Support systems and Business Intelligence framework.

- CLO 2. Illustrate the significance of computerized Decision Support, and understand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
- CLO 3. Explain Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) Processes.
- CLO 4. Explore knowledge management; explain its activities, approaches and its implementation.
- CLO 5. Describe the Expert systems , areas suitable for application of experts system

## Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)

These are sample Strategies, which teacher can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer method (L) does not mean only traditional lecture method, but different type of teaching methods may be adopted to develop the outcomes.
- 2. Show Video/animation films to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOTS (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop thinking skills such as the ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Topics will be introduced in a multiple representation.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

#### Module-1

**Decision Support and Business Intelligence:** Opening Vignette, Changing Business Environments and Computerized Decision Support, Managerial Decision Making, Computerized Support for Decision Making, An Early Framework for Computerized Decision Support, The Concept of Decision Support Systems (DSS), A framework for Business Intelligence (BI), A Work System View of Decision Support.

#### Text Book 1: Chapter 1

Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	

## Module-2

**Computerized Decision Support:** Decision Making, Models, Phases of the Decision-Making Process, The Intelligence Phase, The Design Phase, The Choice Phase, The Implementation Phase, How Decisions Are Supported.

**Modeling and Analysis:** Structure of Mathematical Models for Decision Support, Certainty, Uncertainty, and Risk, Management Support Systems, Multiple Goals, Sensitivity Analysis, What-If Analysis, and Goal

Seeking.	
Text Rook 1.	Chapter 2
Teaching-	Chalk and board. Active Learning. Demonstration
Learning	3, 1111
Process	
	Module-3
Data Wareho	ousing: Data Warehousing Definitions and Concepts, Data Warehousing Process Overview,
Data Wareho	using Architectures, Data Integration and the Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL)
Processes.	
Text Book 1:	Chapter 5
Teaching-	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	
	Module-4
<b>Knowledge</b> Transformatic Technology (I	<b>Management:</b> Introduction to Knowledge Management, Organizational Learning and on, Knowledge Management Activities, Approaches to Knowledge Management, Information T) In Knowledge Management, Knowledge Management Systems Implementation.
Text Book 1:	Chapter 11 Challs and heard Active Learning Demonstration
Teaching-	Chaik and board, Active Learning, Demonstration
Learning	
Process	Madula F
Systems, Kno Systems, Bene Toxt Book 1:	wledge Engineering, Problem Areas Suitable for Expert Systems, Development of Expert efits, Limitations, and Critical Success Factors of Expert Systems.
Teaching-	Chapter 12 Chalk and board Active Learning Demonstration
Learning	chant and board, neave hear ming, benionstration
Process	
Course outco	ome (Course Skill Set)
At the end of	he course the student will be able to:
CO 1. Apply Intell	<i>igence</i> framework.
CO 2. Desci Unde	ibe the significance of Computerized Decision Support, apply the basics of mathematics to rstand the mathematical modeling behind decision support.
CO 3. Expla	in Data warehousing, its architecture and Extraction, Transformation, and Load (ETL) esses.
CO 4. Analy imple	rze the importance of knowledge management and explain its activities, approaches and Its ementation
CO 5. Desci of exp	be the Expert systems and analyze its development, discuss areas suitable for application perts system.
Assessment	Details (both CIE and SEE)
The weightag The minimun deemed to ha course if the	e of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. n passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be ave satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination

(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal

Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of **10 Marks** 

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

## Text Book

1. Business Intelligence, A managerial Perspective on Analytics. Sharda, R, Delen D, Turban E.Pearson. 2014

## **Reference Books**

- 1. Data Mining Techniques. For Marketing, Sales and Customer Relationship Management Berry M.&Linoff G. Wiley Publishing Inc 2004
- 2. Data Science for Business, Foster Provost and Tom Fawcett, O'Reilly Media, Inc2013

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 5. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3DTFmMNiGlg
- 6. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hg8zBJ1DhLQ

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	Α	DVANCED JAVA P	ROGRAMMING	
Course Code	е	21CS642	CIE Marks	50
Teaching H	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Credits       03       Exam Hours       03         Course Learning Objectives         CL0 1. Understanding the fundamental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations CL0 2. Apply the concepts of Generic classes in Java programs CL0 3. Demonstrate the fundamental concepts of String operations CL0 4. Design and develop web applications using Java servlets and JSP CL0 5. Apply database interaction through Java database Connectivity         Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)         These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.         1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.         2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.         3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.         4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.         5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.				
6.	6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.			
7.	Show the different ways to solve the same program			
8.	Discuss how every con	ncept can be applied	to the real world - and	l when that's possible, it
	helps improve the stu	dents' understanding	r.	
Module-1				
Enumerations, Autoboxing and Annotations: Enumerations, Ednumeration fundamentals, the values() and valueOf() methods, Java enumerations are class types, enumerations inherits Enum, example, type wrappers, Autoboxing, Autoboxing methods, Autoboxing/Unboxing occurs in Expressions, Autoboxing/Unboxing, Boolean and character values, Autoboxing/Unboxing helps prevent errors, A word of warning Annotations, Annotation basics, specifying retention policy, obtaining annotations at run time by use of reflection, Annotated element interface, Using default values, Marker Annotations, Single member annotations, Built in annotations				
Textbook 1: Chapter12				
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, Or	nline demonstration,	Problem based learning
		Module	-2	
<b>Generics:</b> What are Generics, A Simple Generics Example, A Generic Class with Two Type Parameters, The General Form of a Generic Class, Bounded Types, Using Wildcard Arguments, Bounded Wildcards, Creating a Generic Method, Generic Interfaces, Raw types and Legacy code, Generic Class Hierarchies, Erasure, Ambiguity errors, Some Generic Restrictions				
Textbook 1	Textbook 1: Chapter 14			
Teaching-L	earning Process	Chalk and board, Or	nline Demonstration	
		Module	-3	
<b>String Handling:</b> The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the				

case of characters within a String, S	case of characters within a String, String Buffer, String Builder		
Textbook 1: Chapter 15	Challe and he and Online Demonstration		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chaik and board, Unline Demonstration		
	Module-4		
Background; The life cycle of a serv	viet; A simple servlet; the servlet API; The javax.servlet package		
Cookies: Session Tracking Java S	ax.serviet.http package; Handling HTTP Requests and Responses; using		
statements, Loops, Request String,	Parsing other information, User sessions, Cookies, Session Objects		
Textbook 1: Chapter 31 Textbook 2: Chapter 11			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration		
	Module-5		
The concept of IDBC: IDBC Driver	Types: IDBC packages: A brief overview of the IDBC Process: Database		
Connection; Associating the JDB	C/ODBC Bridge with the Database; Statement Objects; ResultSet;		
Transaction Processing; Metadata,	Data Types; Exceptions.		
Textbook 2: Chapter 6	Chalk and heard Online Domonstration		
Teaching-Learning Process	chaik and board, Online Demonstration		
Course Outcomes	t will be able to		
At the end of the course the studen	it will be able to:		
CO(2) Apply the concents of Con	nental concepts of Enumerations and Annotations		
CO 3 Demonstrate the concepts	of String operations in Java		
CO 4. Develop web based applic	ations using Java servlets and ISP		
CO 5. Illustrate database interac	tion and transaction processing in Java		
Assessment Details (both CIE an	d SEE)		
The weightage of Continuous Inter	rnal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.		
The minimum passing mark for t	he CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be		
deemed to have satisfied the aca	demic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/		
course if the student secures not	less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination		
(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (4	0 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal		
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester En	d Examination) taken together		
Continuous Internal Evaluation:			
Three Unit Tests each of <b>20 Marks</b>	(duration 01 hour)		
1. First test at the end of $5^{\text{th}}$	week of the semester		
2. Second test at the end of t	he 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
3. Third test at the end of the	2 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Two assignments each of <b>10 Mark</b>	S		
4. First assignment at the en	d of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
5. Second assignment at the	end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester		
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz a	ny one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20</b>		
Marks (duration 01 hours)			
6. At the end of the $13^{\text{th}}$ weel	k of the semester		
The sum of three tests, two assignr	nents, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks		
and will be <b>scaled down to 50 ma</b>	rks		
(to have less stressed CIE, the port	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the		
methods of the CIE. Each method	of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).		
CIE methods /question paper ha	s to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy		
as per the outcome defined for t	he course.		
Semester End Examination:			
Theory SEE will be conducted by	y University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question		

## papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Herbert Schildt: JAVA the Complete Reference. 9th Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill
- 2. Jim Keogh, The Complete Reference J2EE, Tata McGraw-Hill

## **Reference Books:**

1. Y. Daniel Liang: Introduction to JAVA Programming, 7<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2007. **Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):** 

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105191/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105225/

## Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

• Programming exercises

## **VI Semester**

NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING			
Course Code	21AI643	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Course Learning Objectives			
CLO 1. Analyse the natural lan	guage text.		
CLO 2. Define the importance of	of natural language.		
CLO 3. Olicerstalle the concept	s Text IIIIIIIg.		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)		
<ul> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>7. Show the different ways to solve the same program</li> <li>8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it</li> </ul>			
helps improve the students' understanding.			
Module-1 Overview and language modeling: Overview: Origins and challenges of NLP-Language and Grammar- Processing Indian Languages- NLP Applications-Information Retrieval. Language Modeling: Various Grammar- based Language Models-Statistical Language Model. Textbook 1: Ch. 1,2			
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board. On	line demonstration. Pro	blem based learning
	Module-2	, -	0
<ul> <li>Word level and syntactic analysis: Word Level Analysis: Regular Expressions-Finite-State Automata-Morphological Parsing-Spelling Error Detection and correction-Words and Word classes-Part-of Speech Tagging. Syntactic Analysis: Context-free Grammar-Constituency- Parsing-Probabilistic Parsing.</li> <li>Textbook 1: Ch. 3,4</li> </ul>			
Teaching-Learning Process       Chalk and board, Online Demonstration			
Module-3			
<b>Extracting Relations from Text: From Word Sequences to Dependency Paths:</b> Introduction, Subsequence Kernels for Relation Extraction, A Dependency-Path Kernel for Relation Extraction and Experimental Evaluation.			
<b>Mining Diagnostic Text Reports by Learning to Annotate Knowledge Roles:</b> Introduction, Domain Knowledge and Knowledge Roles, Frame Semantics and Semantic Role Labeling, Learning to Annotate Cases with Knowledge Roles and Evaluations.			

**A Case Study in Natural Language Based Web Search:** InFact System Overview, The GlobalSecurity.org Experience.

#### Textbook 2: Ch. 3,4,5

Teaching-Learning ProcessChalk and board, Online Demonstration

Module-4

**Evaluating Self-Explanations in iSTART: Word Matching, Latent Semantic Analysis, and Topic Models:** Introduction, iSTART: Feedback Systems, iSTART: Evaluation of Feedback Systems,

**Textual Signatures: Identifying Text-Types Using Latent Semantic Analysis to Measure the Cohesion of Text Structures:** Introduction, Cohesion, Coh-Metrix, Approaches to Analyzing Texts, Latent Semantic Analysis, Predictions, Results of Experiments.

**Automatic Document Separation: A Combination of Probabilistic Classification and Finite-State Sequence Modeling:** Introduction, Related Work, Data Preparation, Document Separation as a Sequence Mapping Problem, Results.

**Evolving Explanatory Novel Patterns for Semantically-Based Text Mining:** Related Work, A Semantically Guided Model for Effective Text Mining.

## Textbook 2: Ch. 6,7,8,9

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Online Demonstration

 Module-5

**INFORMATION RETRIEVAL AND LEXICAL RESOURCES:** Information Retrieval: Design features of Information Retrieval Systems-Classical, Non classical, Alternative Models of Information Retrieval – valuation Lexical Resources: World Net-Frame Net- Stemmers-POS Tagger- Research Corpora.

#### Textbook 1: Ch. 9,12

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Online Demonstration
---------------------------	---------------------------------------

## **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Analyse the natural language text.
- CO 2. Define the importance of natural language.
- CO 3. Understand the concepts Text mining.
- CO 4. Illustrate information retrieval techniques.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

## Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

## Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of  $9^{th}$  week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

## Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Tanveer Siddiqui, U.S. Tiwary, "Natural Language Processing and Information Retrieval", Oxford University Press, 2008.
- 2. Anne Kao and Stephen R. Poteet (Eds), "Natural LanguageProcessing and Text Mining", Springer-Verlag London Limited 2007.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Daniel Jurafsky and James H Martin, "Speech and Language Processing: Anintroduction to Natural Language Processing, Computational Linguistics and SpeechRecognition", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. James Allen, "Natural Language Understanding", 2nd edition, Benjamin/Cummingspublishing company, 1995.
- 3. Gerald J. Kowalski and Mark.T. Maybury, "Information Storage and Retrieval systems", Kluwer academic Publishers, 2000.

Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

	COMPUTER GRAPHICS	S AND FUNDAMENTA	LS OF IMAGE PROCE	ESSING
Course Code		21AI644	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Ho	ours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
<b>Total Hours</b>	of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits		03	Exam Hours	03
Course Obje	ectives:			
CLO 1. Ove	rview of Computer Graphi	cs along with its appli	cations.	
CLO 2. Exp	loring 2D and 3D graphics	mathematics along w	ith OpenGL API's.	
CLO 3. Use	of Computer graphics prin	nciples for animation a	and design of GUI's .	
CLO 4. Introduction to Image processing and Open CV.				
CLO 5. Ima	ge segmentation using Op	en CV.		
Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)				
These are sa	mnle Strategies, which tea	icher can use to accele	erate the attainment o	f the various course
outcomes	imple belategies, which tea			
1 Loci	turor mothod (I) pood pot	to be only traditional	locture method but a	Itornativo offoctivo
I. Lett			iecture methou, but a	itel hative ellective
teac	ching methods could be ad	opted to attain the ou	tcomes.	
2. Use	2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.			
3. Enc	3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.			

- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyse information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. IntroduceTopicsin manifold representations.
- 7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.
- 8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.

## Module-1

**Overview:**Computer Graphics hardware and software and OpenGL: Computer Graphics: Video Display Devices, Raster-Scan Systems Basics of computer graphics, Application of Computer Graphics.OpenGL: Introduction to OpenGL,coordinate reference frames, specifying two-dimensional world coordinate reference frames in OpenGL, OpenGL point functions, OpenGL line functions, point attributes, line attributes, curve attributes, OpenGL point attribute functions, OpenGL line attribute functions, Line drawing algorithms(DDA, Bresenham's).

## Textbook 1: Chapter -1,2,3, 5(1 and 2 only)

**Self-study topics :** Input devices, hard copy devices, coordinate representation, graphics functions, fill area primitives, polygon fill areas, pixel arrays, Parallel Line algorithms

Teaching-	Chalk&board,Active Learning	
Learning	Virtual Lab	
Process		
Module-2		

**2D and 3D graphics with OpenGL:** 2D Geometric Transformations: Basic 2D Geometric Transformations, matrix representations and homogeneous coordinates, 2D Composite transformations, other 2D transformations, raster methods for geometric transformations, OpenGL raster transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations, function,

**3D Geometric Transformations:** Translation, rotation, scaling, composite 3D transformations, other 3D transformations, OpenGL geometric transformations functions

## Textbook 1: Chapter -6, 8

Virtual Lab:

**Self-study topics:** Transformation between 2D coordinate system, OpenGL geometric-transformation, Transformation between 3D coordinate system.

Chalk & board, Active Learning, Problem based learning

Teaching-	
Learning	
Process	

Module-3

**Interactive Input Methods and Graphical User Interfaces:** Graphical Input Data ,Logical Classification of Input Devices, Input Functions for Graphical Data , Interactive Picture-ConstructionTechniques, Virtual-Reality Environments, OpenGL Interactive Input-DeviceFunctions, OpenGL Menu Functions, Designing a Graphical User Interface.

**Computer Animation :**Design of Animation Sequences, Traditional Animation Techniques, General Computer-AnimationFunctions, Computer-Animation Languages, Character Animation, Periodic Motions, OpenGL Animation Procedures.

## Textbook 1: Chapter -11, 18

Self-study topics: Raster methods for computer animation, Key frame systems, Motion specification.

Teaching-	Chalk & board, MOOC, Active Learning
Learning	
Process	

## Module-4

**Introduction to Image processing:** overview, Nature of IP, IP and its related fields, Digital Image representation, types of images.

**Digital Image Processing Operations**: Basic relationships and distance metrics, Classification of Image processing Operations.

Text book 2: Chapter 3

## (Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE)

**Computer vision and OpenCV**: What is computer vision, Evolution of computer vision, Application of Computer vision, Feature of OpenCV, OpenCV library modules, OpenCV environment, Reading, writing and storing images using OpenCV. OpenCV drawing Functions. OpenCV Geometric Transformations.

<u>(Note : Computer vision and OpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based</u> <u>Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE )</u>

Web Source: https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/				
Teaching-	Chalk& board, Problem based learning			
Learning	Lab practice for OpenCV for basic geometric objects and basic image operation			
Process				

#### Module-5

**Image Segmentation:** Introduction, classification, detection of discontinuities, Edge detection (up to canny edge detection(included)).

Text Book 2: Chapter 9: 9.1 to 9.4.4.4

(Below topics is for experiential learning only, No questions in SEE) Image processing with Open CV: Resizing, Rotation/Flipping, Blending, Creating region of Interest (ROI), Image Thresholding, Image Blurring and smoothing, Edge Detection, Image contours and Face Detection on images using OpenCV.

(Note :Image Processing withOpenCV for experimental learning or Activity Based

## Learning using web sources, Preferred for assignments. No questions in SEE)

Web source: <u>https://medium.com/analytics-vidhya/introduction-to-computer-vision-opencv-in-python-fb722e805e8b</u>

# Teaching- Chalk & board, MOOC

Learning	Lab practice on image processing.			
Process	Virtual Lab:			

## **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Construct geometric objects using Computer Graphics principles and OpenGL APIs.
- CO 2. Use OpenGL APIs and related mathematics for 2D and 3D geometric Operations on the objects.
- CO 3. Design GUI with necessary techniques required to animate the created objects
- CO 4. Apply OpenCV for developing Image processing applications.
- CO 5. Apply Image segmentation techniques along with programming, using OpenCV, for developing simple applications.

## Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50)in the semester-end examination(SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

## **Continuous Internal Evaluation**:

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

## Two assignments each of **10 Marks**

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks (duration 01 hours)** 

6. At the end of the  $13^{th}$  week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(To have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

## Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 4. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 5. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Text Books

- 1. Donald D Hearn, M Pauline Baker and WarrenCarithers: Computer Graphics with OpenGL 4th Edition, Pearson, 2014
- 2. S. Sridhar, Digital Image Processing, second edition, Oxford University press 2016.

## **Reference Books**

- **1.** Edward Angel: Interactive Computer Graphics- A Top Down approach with OpenGL, 5th edition. Pearson Education, 2008
- **2.** James D Foley, Andries Van Dam, Steven K Feiner, John F Huges Computer graphics with OpenGL: Pearson education

## Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/106/106106090/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102063/
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/103/106103224/
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/102/106102065/
- 5. <u>https://www.tutorialspoint.com/opencv/</u> (Tutorial, Types of Images, Drawing Functions )

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Mini project on computer graphics using Open GL/Python/Open CV.

INTR	DUCTION TO I	DATA STRUCTURES			
Course Code	21CS651	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
Course Learning Objectives					
CLO 1. Introduce elementary CLO 2. Analyze Linear Data St CLO 3. Analyze Non Linear Da CLO 4. Assess appropriate dat <b>Teaching-Learning Process (Gene</b> These are sample Strategies, which t outcomes. 1. Lecturer method (L) ne effective teaching meth	data structures. ructures: Stack, Q ta Structures: Tre ca structure during ral Instructions) eachers can use to ed not to be only a ods could be adop	ueues, Lists es g program development o accelerate the attainme a traditional lecture met ted to attain the outcom	/Problem Solving. ent of the various course thod, but alternative		
<ol> <li>Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> </ol>					
Discuss how every concept can be ap	oplied to the real v	vorld - and when that's	possible, it helps improve		
the students understanding.	Modu	le-1			
Introduction: Introduction to arrays: one-dimensional arrays, two dimensional arrays, initializing two dimensional arrays, Multidimensional arrays. Introduction to Pointers: Pointer concepts, accessing variables through pointers, Dynamic memory allocation, pointers applications. Introduction to structures and unions: Declaring structures, Giving values to members, structure initialization, arrays of structures, nested structure, unions, size of structures. <b>Textbook 1: Ch 8.3 to 8.15,Ch 12.3 to 12.19</b>					
Textbook 2:Cli 2.1 to2.13,2.51	<b>2.80 to 2.98</b>	tivo Loorning			
reaching-learning ribless Cl		10-7			
Lincon Data Structures Stacks and	Modu	16-7			
Linear Data Structures-Stacks and Introduction, Stack representation Stack. Introduction, Queues-Basic c types, Queue Implementation, Applie Textbook 2: Ch 6.1 to 6.14 .Ch 8	n <b>queues:</b> n Memory, Stack oncept, Logical re cations of Queue. <b>3.1,8.2</b>	Operations, Stack Impl presentation of Queues	ementation, Applications of 3, Queue Operations and its		
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Ch	alk and board, Ac	tive Learning, Problem I	Based Learning		
	Modu	le-3			
<b>Linear Data Structures-Linked List:</b> Introduction, Linked list Basic concept, Logical representation of Linked list, Self-Referential structure, Singly-linked List Operations and Implementation, Circular Linked List, applications of Linked list.					
Textbook 2: Ch 9.2.9.5	1				
---------------------------------------	---				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
	Module-4				
Non Linear Data Structures - '	Trees				
Introduction, Basic concept, Bin	ary Tree and its types, Binary Tree Representation, Binary Tree Traversal,				
Binary Search tree, Expression	Trees.				
Textbook1: Ch 16.1,16.2	10.6.2				
Textbook2:Cn 10.1,10.2,10.4,	10.0.3 Chally, heard Active Learning Problem hased learning				
Teaching-Learning Frocess	Module-5				
Sorting and Searching	Module-5				
Sorting: Introduction Bubble so	rt Selection cort Insertion cort				
Searching: Introduction, Bubble So	search Binary search				
Searching. Introduction, Emean	search, bhiary search.				
Taythook1. Ch 17 1 17 2 2 17	2 / 17 2 1 17 2 2				
Toythools?: Ch 11 1 11 2 11 2	11 7 11 10 1 11 10 7				
Tooching Loorning Process	Chalk and heard Active Learning Problem based learning				
Course Outcomes	Chark and board, Active Learning, Problem based learning				
At the and of the source the stur	lont will be able to				
At the end of the course the stud	lent will be able to:				
CO 2 Summarize the various	als of static and dynamic data structure.				
CO 3 Interpret various search	ning and sorting techniques				
CO 4. Choose appropriate dat	a structure in problem solving.				
CO 5. Develop all data structu	res in a high level language for problem solving.				
<b>Assessment Details (both CIE</b>	and SEE)				
The weightage of Continuous In	ternal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%.				
The minimum passing mark for	r the CIE is $40\%$ of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be				
deemed to have satisfied the a	cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/				
course if the student secures n	ot less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination				
(SEE), and a minimum of 40%	(40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal				
Evaluation) and SEE (Semester	End Examination) taken together				
<b>Continuous Internal Evaluation</b>	on:				
Three Unit Tests each of 20 Mai	rks (duration 01 hour)				
1. First test at the end of 5	<sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
2. Second test at the end o	f the 10 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
3. Third test at the end of	the 15 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
Two assignments each of 10 Ma	rks				
4. First assignment at the	end of 4 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
5. Second assignment at the	ne end of 9 <sup>th</sup> week of the semester				
Group discussion/Seminar/quiz	$z$ any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs $$ for ${f 20}$				
Marks (duration 01 hours)					
6. At the end of the $13^{th}$ w	eek of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assig	gnments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks				
and will be scaled down to 50 m	narks				
(to have less stressed CIE, the p	ortion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				
methods of the CIE. Each method	od of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).				
CIE methods /question paper	has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy				
as per the outcome defined fo	r the course.				
Semester End Examination:					
Theory SEE will be conducted	by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question				

papers for the subject (duration 03 hours)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. C Programming and data structures, E Balaguruswamy 4<sup>th</sup> Edition, 2007, McGraw Hill
- 2. Systematic approach to Data structures using C, A M Padma Reddy, 7thEdition 2007, Sri Nandi Publications.

#### References

1. Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Fundamentals of Data Structures in C, 2<sup>nd</sup> Ed, Universities Press, 2014.

2. Seymour Lipschutz, Data Structures Schaum's Outlines, Revised 1<sup>st</sup> Ed, McGraw Hill, 2014.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=DFpWCl\_49i0</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=x7t -ULoAZM</u>
- 3. https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=I37kGX-nZEI
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=XuCbpw6Bj1U</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=R9PTBw0zceo</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qH6yxkw0u78</u>

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Demonstration of projects developed using Linear/Non-linear data structures

#### **VI Semester**

INTRODUCTIO	N TO DATABASE M	ANAGEMENT SYSTEMS	5	
Course Code	21CS652	CIE Marks	50	
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50	
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100	
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03	
<b>Course Learning Objectives</b>				
CLO 1. Understand the basic con	cepts and the applie	cations of database syste	ems.	
CLO 2. Understand the relationa	l database design pi	inciples.		
CLO 3. Master the basics of SQL	and construct queri	es using SQL.		
CLO 4. Familiar with the basic is	sues of transaction	processing and concurre	ency control.	
Teaching-Learning Process (General	Instructions)			
These are sample Strategies, which tea	chers can use to acc	elerate the attainment o	f the various course	
1. Lecturer method (L) need	not be only a tradit	ional lecture method, bu	t alternative effective	
teaching methods could be	e adopted to attain t	he outcomes.		
2. Use of Video/Animation to	o explain the function	oning of various concepts	S.	
3. Encourage collaborative (	Group Learning) Lea	arning in the class.		
4. Ask at least three HOT (Hi	gher order Thinking	g) questions in the class,	which promotes	
5 Adopt Problem Based Lea	rning (PRL) which	fosters students' Analyti	cal skills develops	
design thinking skills such	as the ability to de	sign evaluate generalize	and analyze	
information rather than si	mply recall it.	ngii, evaluate, generaliza	e, and analyze	
6. Introduce Topics in manif	old representations			
7. Show the different ways to	o solve the same pro	blem with different circ	uits/logic and	
encourage the students to	come up with their	own creative ways to so	lve them.	
8. Discuss how every concep	t can be applied to t	he real world - and whe	n that's possible, it	
helps improve the student	s' understanding.		•	
	Module-1			
<b>Introduction to Databases:</b> Introduct DBMS approach, History of database ap	ion, Characteristics oplications.	of database approach, A	dvantages of using the	
Overview of Database Languages and	d Architacturas, D	ta Madala Schamas an	d Instancos Throp	
schema	a Al chilectul es. Da	ata mouers, schenias, and	a mistances. Three	
architecture and data independence da	atahase languages a	nd interfaces. The Datab	ase System	
environment	itabase languages, a	ind interfaces, The Datat	Jase System	
<b>Conceptual Data Modelling using En</b> roles, and structural constraints, Weak	t <b>ities and Relation</b> entity types, ER dia	<b>ships:</b> Entity types, Enti grams,Examples	ty sets, attributes,	
Textbook 1: Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2	.6, 3.1 to 3.7			
Teaching-Learning Process Chall	k and board, Active	Learning, Problem based	l learning	
· · · · · ·	Module-2			
Relational Model: Relational Model	Concepts, Relation	al Model Constraints	and relationaldatabase	
schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.				
Relational Algebra: Relational algebra	a: introduction, Sele	ection and projection, se	t operations, renaming,	
Joins, Division, syntax, semantics. Operators, grouping and ungrouping, relational comparison. Examples of Queries in relational algebra.				
Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.				
Textbook 1:,ch5.1 to 5.3, 8.1 to 8.	5, 9.1;			

<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and board, Active Learning, Demonstration					
	Module-3					
<b>SQL:</b> SQL data definition and data types, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL.						
Advances Queries: More comp triggers, Views in SQL, Schema cl	lex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints asassertions and action nange statements in SQL.Database					
Textbook 1: Ch 6.1 to 6.5, 7.1 to	o 7.4; Textbook 2: 6.1 to 6.6;					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration					
	Module-4					
Normalization: Database Des	ign Theory - Introduction to Normalization using Functional and					
Multivalued Dependencies: Info Normal Forms based on Prima	rmal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, ry Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form,					
Multivalued Dependency and Fo	urth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form. Examples					
on normal forms.						
Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to -14.7, 1	5.1 to 15.6					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning					
	Module-5					
Transaction management and	d Concurrency -Control Transaction management: ACID properties,					
serializability and concurrency c	ontrol, Lock based concurrency control (2PL, Deadlocks), Time stamping					
methods, optimistic methods, da	tabase recovery management.					
Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21	Textbook 1: Ch 20.1 to 20.6, 21.1 to 21.7;					
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, MOOC					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes	Chalk and board, MOOC					
Teaching-Learning ProcessCourse OutcomesAt the end of the course the stude	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to:					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the stude CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: ine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation.					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the stude CO 1. Identify, analyze and det RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems interact with databases.					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous Int	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems interact with databases. ind SEEJ ernal Evaluation (CLE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous Int The minimum passing mark for	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: The database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems interact with databases. Ind SEEJ rernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous Int The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: fine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using inguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems interact with databases. ind SEEJ erenal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous Int The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: Tine database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems nteract with databases. Ind SEEJ eernal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ t less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination					
Teaching-Learning Process Course Outcomes At the end of the course the study CO 1. Identify, analyze and def RDBMS CO 2. Use Structured Query La CO 3. Design and build simple CO 4. Develop application to in Assessment Details (both CIE a The weightage of Continuous Int The minimum passing mark for deemed to have satisfied the ac course if the student secures no (SEE), and a minimum of 40%	Chalk and board, MOOC ent will be able to: The database objects, enforce integrity constraints on a database using anguage (SQL) for database manipulation. database systems interact with databases. Ind SEEJ erenal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be cademic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ it less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal					
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The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

# CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, RamezElmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=3EJlovevfcA</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=9TwMRs3qTcU</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=ZWl0Xow3041</u>
- 4. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=4YilEjkNPrQ</u>
- 5. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CZTkgMoqVss</u>
- 6. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Hl4NZB1XR9c</u>
- 7. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=EGEwkad\_llA</u>
- 8. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=t5hsV9lC1rU</u>

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Developing and demonstration of models / projects based on DBMS application

#### **VI Semester**

INTRO	DUCTION TO CY	BER SECURITY				
Course Code	21CS653	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100			
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03			
Course Learning Objectives						
CLO 1. To familiarize cybercrime	e terminologies and	ACTs				
CLO 2. Understanding cybercrin	ne in mobiles and w	ireless devices along wit	h the tools for			
Cybercrime and preventi	on					
CLO 3. Understand the motive an	nd causes for cyber	crime, cybercriminals, ar	nd investigators			
CLO 4. Understanding criminal c	ase and evidence, d	letection standing crimir	al case and evidence.			
<ul> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> </ul>						
<ul> <li>Adopt Problem Based Lea design thinking skills such information rather than si</li> <li>6. Introduce Topics in manif</li> <li>7. Show the different ways to encourage the students to</li> <li>8. Discuss how every conception</li> </ul>	<ol> <li>Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> <li>Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it</li> </ol>					
	Module-1					
Introduction to Cybercrime						
<ul> <li>Cybercrime: Definition and Origins of the Word, Cybercrime and Information Security, Who are Cybercriminals? Classifications of Cybercrimes,</li> <li>Cybercrime: The Legal Perspectives,</li> <li>Cybercrimes: An Indian Perspective, Cybercrime and the Indian ITA 2000.</li> </ul>						
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Cha	alk and board, Activ	e Learning				
	Module-2	0				
Cyber offenses: How Criminals Plan Them: Introduction, How Criminals Plan the Attacks, Social Engineering, Cyber stalking, Cybercafe and Cybercrimes. Botnets: The Fuel for Cybercrime, Attack Vector						
Textbook1: Ch2 (2.1 to 2.7).						
Teaching-Learning Process Cha	alk and board, Activ	e Learning				
	Module-3					
<b>Tools and Methods Used in Cybercrime:</b> Introduction, Proxy Servers and Anonymizers, Phishing, Password Cracking, Key loggers and Spywares, Virus and Worms, Trojan Horses and Backdoors, Steganography, DoS and DDoS Attacks, Attacks on Wireless Networks.						

Textbook1: Ch4 (4.1 to 4.9, 4.12).					
reaching-Learning rrocess	Modulo-4				
Understanding the needle on t	ho come Introduction understanding when ariminals understanding				
cyber victims, understanding cybe	er investigators.				
The Computer Investigation pro	ocess: investigating computer crime.				
<b>Understanding Cybercrime Pro</b> Basic Cryptography Concepts, Mal	evention: Understanding Network Security Concepts, Understanding king the Most of Hardware and Software Security				
Textbook 2:Ch3,Ch 4, Ch 7.					
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk& board, Case studies				
	Module-5				
<b>Cybercrime Detection Techniqu</b> Alerts, Commercial Intrusion Dete or IP Address.	ees: Security Auditing and Log Firewall Logs, Reports, Alarms, and Action Systems, Understanding E-Mail Headers Tracing a Domain Name				
<b>Collecting and preserving digita</b> criminal case, collecting digital evi documenting evidence.	<b>I Evidence:</b> Introduction, understanding the role of evidence in a idence, preserving digital evidence, recovering digital evidence,				
TextBook 2:Ch 9, Ch 10.	T				
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Case studies				
Course Outcomes					
At the end of the course the stude	nt will be able to:				
<ul> <li>CO 1. Describe the cyber crime</li> <li>CO 2. Analyze cybercrime in more prevention</li> <li>CO 3. Analyze the motive and car CO 4. Apply the methods for un</li> </ul>	terminologies obiles and wireless devices along with the tools for Cybercrime and auses for cybercrime, cybercriminals, and investigators derstanding criminal case and evidence, detection standing criminal				
case and evidence.	- J (PP)				
Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE) The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together					
Continuous Internal Evaluation					
<ol> <li>Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)         <ol> <li>First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>Second test at the end of the 10<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>Third test at the end of the 15<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> </ol> </li> <li>Two assignments each of 10 Marks</li> </ol>					
<ul> <li>4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester</li> <li>Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for <b>20 Marks</b></li> </ul>					
(duration 01 hours)	ny one of three survey planned to deall the cos and 1 os for 20 Marks				
6. At the end of the 13 <sup>th</sup> wee	k of the semester				
The sum of three tests, two assign and will be <b>scaled down to 50 m</b> a	ments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks <b>arks</b>				
(to have less stressed CIE, the por	tion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the				

methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course). CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

- 1. SunitBelapure and Nina Godbole, "Cyber Security: Understanding Cyber Crimes, Computer Forensics And Legal Perspectives", Wiley India Pvt Ltd, ISBN: 978-81- 265-21791, 2013
- 2. Debra Little John Shinder and Michael Cross, "Scene of the cybercrime", 2nd edition, Syngress publishing Inc, Elsevier Inc, 2008

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Robert M Slade, "Software Forensics", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2005.
- 2. Bernadette H Schell, Clemens Martin, "Cybercrime", ABC CLIO Inc, California, 2004.
- 3. Nelson Phillips and EnfingerSteuart, "Computer Forensics and Investigations", Cengage Learning, New Delhi, 2009.
- 4. Kevin Mandia, Chris Prosise, Matt Pepe, "Incident Response and Computer Forensics", Tata McGraw -Hill, New Delhi, 2006.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- 1. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=czDzUP1HclQ</u>
- 2. <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=qS4ViqnjkC8</u>
- 3. <u>https://www.trendmicro.com/en\_nz/ciso/21/h/cybercrime-today-and-the-future.html</u>

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects related to Cyber security.

# **VI Semester**

	PROGRAMMING	IN JAVA			
Course Code	21CS654	CIE Marks	50		
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50		
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100		
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03		
<b>Course Learning Objectives</b>					
CLO 1. Learn fundamental feat	ures of object oriente	ed language and JAVA.			
CLO 2. To create, debug and ru	n simple Java progra	ms.			
CLO 3. Learn object oriented c	oncepts using progra	mming examples.			
CLO 4. Study the concepts of ir	nporting of packages	and exception handling	g mechanism.		
CLO 5. Discuss the String Hand	dling examples with (	Object Oriented concept	cs.		
Teaching-Learning Process (Gener	al Instructions)				
<ul> <li>These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.</li> <li>1. Lecturer method (L) need not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.</li> <li>2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.</li> <li>3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.</li> <li>4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.</li> <li>5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.</li> <li>6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.</li> <li>7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.</li> <li>8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding.</li> </ul>					
An Overview of Java: Object-Orient	ed Programming, A I	First Simple Program, A	A Second Short Program,		
Two Control Statements, Using Block	s of Code, Lexical Issu	ies, The Java Class Libra	aries.		
<b>Data Types, Variables, and Arrays</b> : Java Is a Strongly Typed Language, The Primitive Types, Integers, Floating-Point Types, Characters, Booleans, A Closer Look at Literals, Variables, Type Conversion and Casting, Automatic Type Promotion in Expressions, Arrays, A Few Words About Strings <b>Textbook 1:Ch 2,Ch 3.</b>					
Teaching-Learning Process	naik and board, Prob	lem based learning.			
-	Module-2				
<b>Operators:</b> Arithmetic Operators, The Bitwise Operators, Relational Operators, Boolean Logical Operators, The Assignment Operator, The ? Operator, Operator Precedence, Using Parentheses, <b>Control Statements:</b> Java's Selection Statements, Iteration Statements, Jump Statements.					
Textbook 1:Ch 4.Ch 5.					
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b> Chalk and board, Active Learning. Demonstration					
	Module-3	-			
<b>Introducing Classes</b> : Class Fundamentals, Declaring Objects, Assigning Object Reference Variables, Introducing Methods, Constructors, The this Keyword, Garbage Collection, The finalize() Method, A Stack Class.					
A Closer Look at Methods and Classes: Overloading Methods, Using Objects as Parameters, A Closer					

Look at Argument Passing, Returning Objects, Recursion, Introducing Access Control, Understanding static, Introducing final, Arrays Revisited. **Inheritance:** Inheritance, Using super, Creating a Multilevel Hierarchy, When Constructors Are Called, Method Overriding.

#### Textbook 1: Ch 6, Ch 7.1-7.9,Ch 8.1-8.5

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

 Module-4

Packages and Interfaces: Packages, Access Protection, Importing Packages, Interfaces.

**Exception Handling**: Exception-Handling Fundamentals, Exception Types, Uncaught Exceptions, Using try and catch, Multiple catch Clauses, Nested try Statements, throw, throws, finally, Java's Built-in Exceptions, Creating Your Own Exception Subclasses, Chained Exceptions, Using Exceptions

Textbook 1: Ch 9,Ch 10.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk& board, Problem based learning, Demonstration
Module-5	

**Enumerations** :Enumerations, Type Wrappers.

**String Handling:** The String Constructors, String Length, Special String Operations, Character Extraction, String Comparison, Searching Strings, Modifying a String, Data Conversion Using valueOf(), Changing the Case of Characters Within a String, Additional String Methods, StringBuffer, StringBuilder.

Textbook 1: Ch 12.1,12.2,Ch 15.

Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and board, Problem based learning, Demonstration

#### **Course Outcomes**

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO 1. Develop JAVA programs using OOP principles and proper program structuring.
- CO 2. Develop JAVA program using packages, inheritance and interface.
- CO 3. Develop JAVA programs to implement error handling techniques using exception handling
- CO 4. Demonstrate string handling concepts using JAVA.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE), and a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

Three Unit Tests each of 20 Marks (duration 01 hour)

- 1. First test at the end of 5<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 2. Second test at the end of the  $10^{th}$  week of the semester
- 3. Third test at the end of the  $15^{th}$  week of the semester

Two assignments each of 10 Marks

- 4. First assignment at the end of 4<sup>th</sup> week of the semester
- 5. Second assignment at the end of 9<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

Group discussion/Seminar/quiz any one of three suitably planned to attain the COs and POs for **20 Marks** (duration 01 hours)

6. At the end of the 13<sup>th</sup> week of the semester

The sum of three tests, two assignments, and quiz/seminar/group discussion will be out of 100 marks and will be **scaled down to 50 marks** 

(to have less stressed CIE, the portion of the syllabus should not be common /repeated for any of the methods of the CIE. Each method of CIE should have a different syllabus portion of the course).

CIE methods /question paper has to be designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

#### Semester End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the subject (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module

The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module Marks scored proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

#### Textbooks

1. Herbert Schildt, Java The Complete Reference, 7th Edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007. (Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7, 8, 9,10, 12,15)

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Mahesh Bhave and Sunil Patekar, "Programming with Java", First Edition, Pearson Education, 2008, ISBN:9788131720806.
- 2. Rajkumar Buyya,SThamarasiselvi, xingchen chu, Object oriented Programming with java, Tata McGraw Hill education private limited.
- 3. E Balagurusamy, Programming with Java A primer, Tata McGraw Hill companies.
- 4. Anita Seth and B L Juneja, JAVA One step Ahead, Oxford University Press, 2017.

#### Weblinks and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Real world problem solving: Demonstration of projects developed using JAVA

#### **VI Semester**

	M	ACHINE LEARN	ING LAB				
Course Code	е	21AIL66	CIE Marks	50			
Teaching Ho	ours/Week(L:T:P:S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50			
Total Hours	of Pedagogy	24	Total Marks	100			
Credits		1	Exam Hours	03			
Course Lear							
CLO 2. To learn and understand the Importance Machine learning Algorithms							
CLU 3. COM	forcement learning	ng techniques lik	e ANN approach, Bayesi	an learning and			
CLO 4 Able	to solve and analyse the pro-	oblems on ANN J	nstance based learning a	and Reinforcement			
lear	ning techniques.						
CLO 5. To in	mpart the knowledge of clus	tering and classif	ication Algorithms for p	redictions and			
eval	uating Hypothesis.	C	0				
	Prerequisite						
	• Students should	be familiarized	about Python installati	ion and setting Python			
	environment						
	Usage and installa	ation of Anaconda	should be introduced				
	https://www.anac	conda.com/produc	ts/individual	.1 11:			
	<ul> <li>Should have the kr</li> </ul>	iowledge about Pr	obability theory, Statistics	s theory and linear			
	Algebra.	owlodgo of nump	y pandac ccikit loarn and	cciny library packages			
		lowledge of hump	y,panuas,scikit-iearn anu	scipy library packages.			
SI. No.	PART A – List of proble	ms for which stu the L	dent should develop pro aboratory	ogram and execute in			
1	Aim: Illustrate and Demons	trate the working	model and principle of Fi	nd-S algorithm.			
		0	1 1	5			
	Program: For a given set	of training data	examples stored in a .0	CSV file, implement and			
	demonstrate the Find-S	algorithm to out	put a description of th	e set of all hypotheses			
	consistent with the training examples.						
	Toyt Dook 1. Ch2						
	1 ext duok 1: U12						
2	Aim: Demonstrate the work	ting model and pri	nciple of candidate elimir	nation algorithm.			
	Program: For a given set	of training data	examples stored in a .	SV file, implement and			
	demonstrate the Candida	te-Elimination alg	gorithm to output a des	cription of the set of all			
	hypotheses consistent wit	ii the training exa	impies.				
	Text Book 1: Ch2						
	Reference: https://www.yo	utube.com/watch	?v=tfpAm4kxGQI				
3	Aim: To construct the Dec	cision tree using	the training data sets ur	ider supervised learning			
	concept.						
	Program <sup>,</sup> Write a program	m to demonstrat	e the working of the c	lecision tree based ID2			
	algorithm. Use an appro	priate data set	for building the decision	on tree and apply this			
	knowledge to classify a new sample.						
		•					
	Text Book 1: Ch 3						
		1	C A 11C1 1 3 3 1				
4 Aim: To understand the working principle of Artificial Neural network with feed fo							
	ieed backward principle.						
	Program Build an Artificial Neural Network by implementing the Backpropagati						
	algorithm and test the san	ie using appropri	ate data sets.	5 the Buckpi opagation			
		when appropri					
	Text Book 1: Ch 4						

5	Aim: Demonstrate the text classifier using Naïve bayes classifier algorithm.
	Program: Write a program to implement the naive Bayesian classifier for a sample training data set stored as a .CSV file. Compute the accuracy of the classifier, considering few test data sets.
	Text Book 1: Ch6
6	Aim: Demonstrate and Analyse the results sets obtained from Bayesian belief network Principle.
	Program:- Write a program to construct a Bayesian network considering medical data. Use this model to demonstrate the diagnosis of heart patients using standard Heart Disease Data Set. You can use Python ML library classes/API.
	Text Book 1: Ch 6
7	Aim: Implement and demonstrate the working model of K-means clustering algorithm with Expectation Maximization Concept.
	set for clustering using k-Means algorithm. Compare the results of these two algorithms and comment on the quality of clustering. You can add Python ML library classes/API in the program.
	Text Book 1: Ch 8
8	Aim: Demonstrate and analyse the results of classification based on KNN Algorithm. Program: Write a program to implement k-Nearest Neighbour algorithm to classify the iris data set. Print both correct and wrong predictions. Java/Python ML library classes can be used for this problem.
Q	I EXT BOOK 1: CH 8
	Program: Implement the non-parametric Locally Weighted Regression algorithm in order to fit data points. Select appropriate data set for your experiment and draw graphs.
10	Aim: Implement and demonstrate classification algorithm using Support vector machine Algorithm.
	Program: Implement and demonstrate the working of SVM algorithm for classification.
	Text Book 2: Ch6
Pedagogy	For the above experiments the following pedagogy can be considered. Problem based learning, Active learning, MOOC, Chalk & Talk
	PART B
	A problem statement for each batch is to begenerated in consultation with the co-examiner and
	student should develop an algorithm, program and execute the Program for the given problem with appropriate outputs.
Course Out	<b>comes:</b> At the end of the course the student will be able to:
CO 1. OI	emonstrate the working of various algorithms with respect to training and test data sets.
CO 3. Ill	ustrate and analyze the principles of Instance based and Reinforcement learning techniques.
CO 4. El	icit the importance and Applications of Supervised and unsupervised machine learning.
<u>CO 5.</u> Co	ompare and contrast the Bayes theorem principles and Q learning approach.
Assessmen	it Details (Doth Cle and SEE)
The weight	tage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is
50%. The	minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks). A student

shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each course. The student has to secure not less than 35% (18 Marks out of 50) in the semester-end examination (SEE).

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course is **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment to be evaluated for conduction with observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and is made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled downed to 30 marks (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct 02 tests for 100 marks, the first test shall be conducted after the 8<sup>th</sup> week of the semester and the second test shall be conducted after the 14<sup>th</sup> week of the semester.
- In each test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability. Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book
- The average of 02 tests is scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks). The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and average marks of two tests is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course is 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the University
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the internal /external examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.
- General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)
- Students can pick one experiment from the questions lot of PART A with equal choice to all the students in a batch. For PART B examiners should frame a question for each batch, student should

develop an algorithm, program, execute and demonstrate the results with appropriate output for the given problem.

- Weightage of marks for PART A is 80% and for PART B is 20%. General rubrics suggested to be followed for part A and part B.
- Change of experiment is allowed only once and Marks allotted to the procedure part to be made zero (Not allowed for Part B).
- The duration of SEE is 03 hours Rubrics suggested in Annexure-II of Regulation book

#### **Text Books**:

- 1. Tom M Mitchell, "Machine Lerning", 1st Edition, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.
- 2. <u>Nello Cristianini</u>, <u>John Shawe-Taylor</u>, An Introduction to Support Vector Machines and Other Kernel-based Learning Methods</u>, Cambridge University Press, 2013
- Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd Edition, Green Tea Press, 2015. (Available under CC-BY-NC license at http://greenteapress.com/thinkpython2/thinkpython2.pdf)

Suggested Web Links / E Resource

- 1. <u>https://www.kaggle.com/general/95287</u>
- 2. https://web.stanford.edu/~hastie/Papers/ESLII.pdf

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			B.E. in Artificial I	ntelligence and Ma	achine L	.earni	ng																						
			Scheme of Te	aching and Examir	nations2	2022	0																						
			Outcome Based Education (	OBE) and Choice Ba	ased Cr	edit Sy	/stem (C	CBCS)																					
			(Effective fro	m the academic ye	ar 2023	-24)	•																						
IV SEN	<b>IESTER</b>		1		_			-	1				1																
				Teaching Department (TD)	I	Гeaching Т	Hours /We	ek		Exam	ination																		
SI. No	Cour Cours	rse and se Code	Course Title	and Question Paper Setting Board (PSB)	The ory Lect ure	u t o ri a I	Prac tical / Dra win g	Self - Study	Dur atio n in hou rs	CIE Mar ks	SEE Mark s	Total Mar ks	r e d i t s																
		1			L	т	Р	S																					
1	PCC/BS C	BCS401	Analysis & Design of Algorithms	TD : AI PSB : CS	3	0	0		03	50	50	100	3																
2	IPCC	BAD402	Artificial Intelligence	TD : AI PSB : CS	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4																
3	IPCC	BCS403	Database Management Systems	TD : AI PSB : CS	3	0	2		03	50	50	100	4																
4	PCCL	BCSL404	Analysis & Design of Algorithms Lab	TD : AI PSB : CS	0	0	2		03	50	50	100	1																
5	ESC	BXX405x	ESC/ETC/PLC	TD: AI/Maths PSB : CS/Maths	2	2	0		03	50	50	100	3																
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6	AEC/		Ability Enhancement Course/Skill	TD : AI	1	0	0		01	FO	FO	100	1																
0	SEC	BD3430X	Enhancement Course- IV	F3D.C3	130.03	130.03	1 50 . C5	F 5D . C5	P3D.C3	P3D.C3	F3D.C3	F3D.C3	F3D.C3	P3D.C3	F3D.C3	F3D.C3	PSB : CS	F3D.C3	PSB : CS	PSB : CS	lf t	the course is a lab		lab	02	50	50	100	<b>–</b>
					0	0	2		02																				
4	BSC	BBOC407	Biology For Computer Engineers	TD / PSB: BT, CHE,	2	0	0		03	50	50	100	2																
7	UHV	BUHK408	Universal human values course	Any Department	1	0	0		01	50	50	100	1																
		BNSK459	National Service Scheme (NSS)	NSS coordinator																									
9	MC	BPEK459	Physical Education (PE) (Sports and Athletics)	Physical Education Director	0	0	2			100		100	0																
		BYOK459	Yoga	Yoga Teacher																									
									Total	500	400	900	19																

PCC: Professional Core Course, PCCL: Professional Core Course laboratory, UHV: Universal Human Value Course, MC: Mandatory Course (Non-credit), AEC: Ability Enhancement Course, SEC: Skill Enhancement Course, L: Lecture, T: Tutorial, P: Practical S= SDA: Skill Development Activity, CIE: Continuous Internal Evaluation, SEE: Semester End Evaluation. K :This letter in the course code indicates common to all the stream of engineering.

Ability Enhancement Course / Skill Enhancement Course – IV					
BDSL456A	Scala (0:0:2)	BDSL456C	MERN (0:0:2)		
BDSL456B	MangoDB (0:0:2)	BDSL456D	Julia (0:0:2)		
	Engineering Science Cou	rse (ESC/ETC/	PLC)		
BCS405A	Discrete Mathematical Structures	BCS405C	Optimization Technique		
BAI405B	Metric Spaces	BAI405D	Algorithmic Game Theory		

**Professional Core Course (IPCC):** Refers to Professional Core Course Theory Integrated with practical of the same course. Credit for IPCC can be 04 and its Teaching– Learning hours (L : T : P) can be considered as (3 : 0 : 2) or (2 : 2 : 2). The theory part of the IPCC shall be evaluated both by CIE and SEE. The practical part shall be evaluated by only CIE (no SEE). However, questions from the practical part of IPCC shall be included in the SEE question paper. For more details, the regulation governing the Degree of Bachelor of Engineering /Technology (B.E./B.Tech.) 2022-23

**National Service Scheme /Physical Education/Yoga:** All students have to register for any one of the courses namely National Service Scheme (NSS), Physical Education (PE)(Sports and Athletics), and Yoga(YOG) with the concerned coordinator of the course during the first week of III semesters. Activities shall be carried out between III semester to the VI semester (for 4 semesters). Successful completion of the registered course and requisite CIE score is mandatory for the award of the degree. The events shall be appropriately scheduled by the colleges and the same shall be reflected in the calendar prepared for the NSS, PE, and Yoga activities. These courses shall not be considered for vertical progression as well as for the calculation of SGPA and CGPA, but completion of the courses is mandatory for the award of degree.

Analysis & Design of Algorithms Semester		4	
Course Code	BCS401	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)	3:0:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

### **Course objectives:**

- To learn the methods for analyzing algorithms and evaluating their performance.
- To demonstrate the efficiency of algorithms using asymptotic notations.
- To solve problems using various algorithm design methods, including brute force, greedy, divide and conquer, decrease and conquer, transform and conquer, dynamic programming, backtracking, and branch and bound.
- To learn the concepts of P and NP complexity classes.

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- **1.** Lecturer method (L) does not mean only the traditional lecture method, but different types of teaching methods may be adopted to achieve the outcomes.
- 2. Utilize video/animation films to illustrate the functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Promote collaborative learning (Group Learning) in the class.
- **4.** Pose at least three HOT (Higher Order Thinking) questions in the class to stimulate critical thinking.
- **5.** Incorporate Problem-Based Learning (PBL) to foster students' analytical skills and develop their ability to evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than merely recalling it.
- **6.** Introduce topics through multiple representations.
- **7.** Demonstrate various ways to solve the same problem and encourage students to devise their own creative solutions.
- **8.** Discuss the real-world applications of every concept to enhance students' comprehension.

#### Module-1

**INTRODUCTION:** What is an Algorithm?, Fundamentals of Algorithmic Problem Solving. **FUNDAMENTALS OF THE ANALYSIS OF ALGORITHM EFFICIENCY:** Analysis Framework, Asymptotic Notations and Basic Efficiency Classes, Mathematical Analysis of Non recursive

Algorithms, Mathematical Analysis of Recursive Algorithms.

**BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES:** Selection Sort and Bubble Sort, Sequential Search and Brute Force String Matching.

Chapter 1 (Sections 1.1,1.2), Chapter 2(Sections 2.1,2.2,2.3,2.4), Chapter 3(Section 3.1,3.2)

#### Module-2

**BRUTE FORCE APPROACHES (contd..):** Exhaustive Search (Travelling Salesman probem and Knapsack Problem).

**DECREASE-AND-CONQUER:** Insertion Sort, Topological Sorting.

**DIVIDE AND CONQUER:** Merge Sort, Quick Sort, Binary Tree Traversals, Multiplication of Large Integers and Strassen's Matrix Multiplication.

Chapter 3(Section 3.4), Chapter 4 (Sections 4.1,4.2), Chapter 5 (Section 5.1,5.2,5.3, 5.4)

# Module-3

TRANSFORM-AND-CONQUER: Balanced Search Trees, Heaps and Heapsort.

**SPACE-TIME TRADEOFFS:** Sorting by Counting: Comparison counting sort, Input Enhancement in String Matching: Horspool's Algorithm.

Chapter 6 (Sections 6.3,6.4), Chapter 7 (Sections 7.1,7.2)

Module-4

**DYNAMIC PROGRAMMING:** Three basic examples, The Knapsack Problem and Memory Functions, Warshall's and Floyd's Algorithms.

**THE GREEDY METHOD:** Prim's Algorithm, Kruskal's Algorithm, Dijkstra's Algorithm, Huffman Trees and Codes.

Chapter 8 (Sections 8.1,8.2,8.4), Chapter 9 (Sections 9.1,9.2,9.3,9.4)

Module-5

**LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER:** Decision Trees, P, NP, and NP-Complete Problems. **COPING WITH LIMITATIONS OF ALGORITHMIC POWER**: Backtracking (n-Queens problem, Subset-sum problem), Branch-and-Bound (Knapsack problem), Approximation algorithms for NP-Hard problems (Knapsack problem).

Chapter 11 (Section 11.2, 11.3), Chapter 12 (Sections 12.1,12.2,12.3)

Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply asymptotic notational method to analyze the performance of the algorithms in terms of time complexity.
- 2. Demonstrate divide & conquer approaches and decrease & conquer approaches to solve computational problems.
- 3. Make use of transform & conquer and dynamic programming design approaches to solve the given real world or complex computational problems.
- 4. Apply greedy and input enhancement methods to solve graph & string based computational problems.
- 5. Analyse various classes (P,NP and NP Complete) of problems
- 6. Illustrate backtracking, branch & bound and approximation methods.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- For the Assignment component of the CIE, there are 25 marks and for the Internal Assessment Test component, there are 25 marks.
- The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the syllabus has been covered, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the syllabus has been covered
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned.
- For the course, CIE marks will be based on a scaled-down sum of two tests and other methods of assessment.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scored shall be proportionally **reduced to 50 marks**

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Textbooks

1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, By Anany Levitin, 3rd Edition (Indian), 2017, Pearson.

# **Reference books**

- 1. Computer Algorithms/C++, Ellis Horowitz, SatrajSahni and Rajasekaran, 2nd Edition, 2014, Universities Press.
- 2. Introduction to Algorithms, Thomas H. Cormen, Charles E. Leiserson, Ronal L. Rivest, Clifford Stein, 3rd Edition, PHI.
- 3. Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S. Sridhar, Oxford (Higher Education)

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

• Design and Analysis of Algorithms: https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/101/106101060/

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- Promote real-world problem-solving and competitive problem solving through group discussions to engage students actively in the learning process.
- Encourage students to enhance their problem-solving skills by implementing algorithms and solutions through programming exercises, fostering practical application of theoretical concepts.

Assessment Methods -

- 1. Problem Solving Assignments (Hacker Rank/ Hacker Earth / Leadcode)
- 2. Gate Based Aptitude Test

ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENCE So		Semester	IV
Course Code	BAD402	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory/		

#### **Course objectives:**

- Gain a historical perspective of AI and its foundations.
- Become familiar with basic principles of AI toward problem solving
- Get to know approaches of inference, perception, knowledge representation, and learning

# **Teaching-Learning Process (General Instructions)**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. Lecturer methods (L) need not to be only traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.
- 2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.
- 3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.
- 4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.
- 5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.
- 6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.
- 7. Demonstrate ways to solve the same problem and encourage the students to come up with their own creative solutions.
- 8. Discuss application of every concept to solve the real world problems.

# **MODULE-1**

**Introduction:** What is AI? Foundations and History of AI **Intelligent Agents:** Agents and environment, Concept of Rationality, The nature of environment, The structure of agents. **Text book 1**: Chapter 1- 1.1, 1.2, 1.3 Chapter 2- 2.1, 2.2, 2.3, 2.4

# **MODULE-2**

**Problem-solving**: Problem-solving agents, Example problems, Searching for Solutions Uninformed Search Strategies: Breadth First search, Depth First Search, Iterative deepening depth first search;

Text book 1: Chapter 3- 3.1, 3.2, 3.3, 3.4

**MODULE-3** 

**Informed Search Strategies**: Heuristic functions, Greedy best first search, A\*search. Heuristic Functions **Logical Agents**: Knowledge–based agents, The Wumpus world, Logic, Propositional logic, Reasoning patterns in Propositional Logic

**Text book 1**: Chapter 3-3.5,3.6 Chapter 4 – 4.1, 4.2 Chapter 7- 7.1, 7.2, 7.3, 7.4, 7.5

MODULE-4

**First Order Logic**: Representation Revisited, Syntax and Semantics of First Order logic, Using First Order logic. **Inference in First Order Logic** :Propositional Versus First Order Inference, Unification, Forward Chaining, Backward Chaining, Resolution

Text book 1: Chapter 8-8.1, 8.2, 8.3 Chapter 9-9.1, 9.2, 9.3, 9.4, 9.5

**MODULE-5** 

**Uncertain Knowledge and Reasoning: Quantifying Uncertainty**: Acting under Uncertainty, Basic Probability Notation, Inference using Full Joint Distributions, Independence, Baye's Rule and its use. Wumpus World Revisited

**Expert Systems:** Representing and using domain knowledge, ES shells. Explanation, knowledge acquisition Text Book 1: Chapter 13-13.1, 13.2, 13.3, 13.4, 13.5, 13.6

Text Book 2: Chapter 20

#### **PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC**(*May cover all / major modules*)

NOTE:	Programs need to be implemented in python
SI.N	Experiments
0	
1	Implement and Demonstrate Depth First Search Algorithm on Water Jug Problem
2	Implement and Demonstrate Best First Search Algorithm on Missionaries-Cannibals Problems using Python
3	Implement A* Search algorithm
4	Implement AO* Search algorithm
5	Solve 8-Queens Problem with suitable assumptions
6	Implementation of TSP using heuristic approach
7	Implementation of the problem solving strategies: either using Forward Chaining or Backward Chaining
8	Implement resolution principle on FOPL related problems
9	Implement Tic-Tac-Toe game using Python

10	Build a bot which provides all the information related to text in search box		
11	Implement any Game and demonstrate the Game playing strategies		
Course	e outcomes (Course Skill Set):		
At the	end of the course, the student will be able to:		
	CO1: Apply knowledge of agent architecture, searching and reasoning techniques for different applications.		
	CO 2. Compare various Searching and Inferencing Techniques.		
	CO 3. Develop knowledge base sentences using propositional logic and first order logic		
	CO 4. Describe the concepts of quantifying uncertainty.		
	CO5: Use the concepts of Expert Systems to build applications.		
Assess	ment Details (both CIE and SEE)		
The we	eightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The		
minim	um passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE		
minim	um passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to		
have sa	atisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student		

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are **25 marks** and that for the practical component is **25 marks**.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.

secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation)

• Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.

• The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC. **SEE for IPCC** 

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### **Text Books**

- 1. Stuart J. Russell and Peter Norvig, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2015
- 2. Elaine Rich, Kevin Knight, Artificial Intelligence, 3rd edition, Tata McGraw Hill, 2013

#### **Reference:**

1. George F Lugar, Artificial Intelligence Structure and strategies for complex, Pearson Education, 5th Edition, 2011

2. Nils J. Nilsson, Principles of Artificial Intelligence, Elsevier, 1980

3. Saroj Kaushik, Artificial Intelligence, Cengage learning, 2014

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources)

1. https://www.kdnuggets.com/2019/11/10-free-must-read-books-ai.html

- 2. https://www.udacity.com/course/knowledge-based-ai-cognitive-systems--ud409
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/106/105/106105077/

#### Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning

- 1. Group discussion on Real world examples
- 2. Project based learning
- 3. Simple strategies on gaming, reasoning and uncertainty etc

DATABASE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM		Semester	4
Course Code	BCS403	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	3:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40 hours Theory + 8-10 Lab slots	Total Marks	100
Credits	04	Exam Hours	
Examination nature (SEE)	Theory		

#### **Course objectives:**

- To Provide a strong foundation in database concepts, technology, and practice.
- To Practice SQL programming through a variety of database problems.
- To Understand the relational database design principles.
- To Demonstrate the use of concurrency and transactions in database.
- To Design and build database applications for real world problems.
- To become familiar with database storage structures and access techniques.

#### **Teaching-Learning Process**

These are sample Strategies, which teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

1. Lecturer method (L) needs not to be only a traditional lecture method, but alternative effective teaching methods could be adopted to attain the outcomes.

2. Use of Video/Animation to explain functioning of various concepts.

3. Encourage collaborative (Group Learning) Learning in the class.

4. Ask at least three HOT (Higher order Thinking) questions in the class, which promotes critical thinking.

5. Adopt Problem Based Learning (PBL), which fosters students' Analytical skills, develop design thinking skills such as the ability to design, evaluate, generalize, and analyze information rather than simply recall it.

6. Introduce Topics in manifold representations.

7. Show the different ways to solve the same problem with different circuits/logic and encourage the students to come up with their own creative ways to solve them.

8. Discuss how every concept can be applied to the real world - and when that's possible, it helps improve the students' understanding

9. Use any of these methods: Chalk and board, Active Learning, Case Studies

#### MODULE-1

No. of Hours: 8

**Introduction to Databases:** Introduction, Characteristics of database approach, Advantages of using the DBMS approach, History of database applications.

**Overview of Database Languages and Architectures:** Data Models, Schemas, and Instances. Three schema architecture and data independence, database languages, and interfaces, The Database System environment. **Conceptual Data Modelling using Entities and Relationships:** Entity types, Entity sets and structural constraints, Weak entity types, ER diagrams, Specialization and Generalization.

Textbook 1:Ch 1.1 to 1.8, 2.1 to 2.6, 3.1 to 3.10 RBT: L1, L2, L3

MODULE-2

No. of Hours: 8

**Relational Model**: Relational Model Concepts, Relational Model Constraints and relational database schemas, Update operations, transactions, and dealing with constraint violations.

**Relational Algebra:** Unary and Binary relational operations, additional relational operations (aggregate, grouping, etc.) Examples of Queries in relational algebra.

Mapping Conceptual Design into a Logical Design: Relational Database Design using ER-to-Relational mapping.

Textbook 1: Ch 5.1 to 5.3, Ch 8.1 to 8.5; Ch 9.1 to 9.2 Textbook 2: 3.5 RBT: L1, L2, L3

#### MODULE-3

No. of Hours:8

**Normalization: Database Design Theory** – Introduction to Normalization using Functional and Multivalued Dependencies: Informal design guidelines for relation schema, Functional Dependencies, Normal Forms based on Primary Keys, Second and Third Normal Forms, Boyce-Codd Normal Form, Multivalued Dependency and Fourth Normal Form, Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form.

**SQL:** SQL data definition and data types, Schema change statements in SQL, specifying constraints in SQL, retrieval queries in SQL, INSERT, DELETE, and UPDATE statements in SQL, Additional features of SQL **Textbook 1: Ch 14.1 to 14.7, Ch 6.1 to 6.5** 

**RBT:** L1, L2, L3

#### **MODULE-4**

No. of Hours:8

**SQL: Advanced Queries:** More complex SQL retrieval queries, Specifying constraints as assertions and action triggers, Views in SQL.

**Transaction Processing:** Introduction to Transaction Processing, Transaction and System concepts, Desirable properties of Transactions, Characterizing schedules based on recoverability, Characterizing schedules based on Serializability, Transaction support in SQL.

Textbook 1: Ch 7.1 to 7.3, Ch 20.1 to 20.6 RBT: L1, L2, L3

**MODULE-5** 

No. of Hours:08

**Concurrency Control in Databases:** Two-phase locking techniques for Concurrency control, Concurrency control based on Timestamp ordering, Multiversion Concurrency control techniques, Validation Concurrency control techniques, Granularity of Data items and Multiple Granularity Locking.

**NOSQL Databases and Big Data Storage Systems:** Introduction to NOSQL Systems, The CAP Theorem, Document-Based NOSQL Systems and MongoDB, NOSQL Key-Value Stores, Column-Based or Wide Column NOSQL Systems, NOSQL Graph Databases and Neo4j

Textbook 1:Chapter 21.1 to 21.5, Chapter 24.1 to 24.6 RBT: L1, L2, L3

PRACTICAL COMPONENT OF IPCC (A	May cover all / major modules)
--------------------------------	--------------------------------

Sl.NO	Experiments
1	Create a table called Employee & execute the following.
	Employee(EMPNO,ENAME,JOB, MANAGER_NO, SAL, COMMISSION)
	1. Create a user and grant all permissions to theuser.
	2. Insert the any three records in the employee table contains attributes
	EMPNO, ENAME JOB, MANAGER_NO, SAL, COMMISSION and use rollback.
	Check the result.
	3. Add primary key constraint and not null constraint to the employee table.
	4. Insert null values to the employee table and verify the result.
2	Create a table called Employee that contain attributes EMPNO, ENAME, JOB, MGR, SAL &
	execute the following.
	1. Add a column commission with domain to the Employeetable.
	2. Insert any five records into the table.
	3. Update the column details of job
	4. Rename the column of Employ table using alter command.
	5. Delete the employee whose Empno is 105.
3	Queries using aggregate functions(COUNT,AVG,MIN,MAX,SUM),Group by,Orderby.
	Employee(E_id, E_name, Age, Salary)
	1. Create Employee table containing all Records E_id, E_name, Age, Salary.
	2. Count number of employee names from employeetable 3. Find the Maximum age from employee table
	4 Find the Minimum age from employeetable
	5 Find salaries of employee in Ascending Order
	6. Find grouped salaries of employees.
4	Create a row level trigger for the customers table that would fire for INSERT or UPDATE or
	DELETE operations performed on the CUSTOMERS table. This trigger will display the
	salary difference between the old & new Salary.
	CUSTOMERS(ID,NAME,AGE,ADDRESS,SALARY)
5	Create cursor for Employee table & extract the values from the table. Declare the variables
	,Open the cursor & extrct the values from the cursor. Close the cursor.
	Employee(E_id, E_name, Age, Salary)
6	Write a PL/SQL block of code using parameterized Cursor, that will merge the data available
	in the newly created table N_RollCall with the data available in the table O_RollCall. If the
	data in the first table already exist in the second table then that data should be skipped.
7	Install an Open Source NoSQL Data base MangoDB & perform basic CRUD(Create, Read,
	Update & Delete) operations. Execute MangoDB basic Queries using CRUD operations.
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	nd of the course, the student will be able to:
•	Describe the basic elements of a relational database management system
•	Design entity relationship for the given scenario.
•	Apply various Structured Query Language (SQL) statements for database manipulation.
•	Analyse various normalization for the given application.
	Understand the concents related to NoSOL databases
Assessm	ent Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum

passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### CIE for the theory component of the IPCC (maximum marks 50)

- IPCC means practical portion integrated with the theory of the course.
- CIE marks for the theory component are 25 marks and that for the practical component is 25 marks.
- 25 marks for the theory component are split into **15 marks** for two Internal Assessment Tests (Two Tests, each of 15 Marks with 01-hour duration, are to be conducted) and **10 marks** for other assessment methods mentioned in 22OB4.2. The first test at the end of 40-50% coverage of the syllabus and the second test after covering 85-90% of the syllabus.
- Scaled-down marks of the sum of two tests and other assessment methods will be CIE marks for the theory component of IPCC (that is for **25 marks**).
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the theory component of IPCC.

#### CIE for the practical component of the IPCC

- **15 marks** for the conduction of the experiment and preparation of laboratory record, and **10 marks** for the test to be conducted after the completion of all the laboratory sessions.
- On completion of every experiment/program in the laboratory, the students shall be evaluated including viva-voce and marks shall be awarded on the same day.
- The CIE marks awarded in the case of the Practical component shall be based on the continuous evaluation of the laboratory report. Each experiment report can be evaluated for 10 marks. Marks of all experiments' write-ups are added and scaled down to **15 marks**.
- The laboratory test (duration 02/03 hours) after completion of all the experiments shall be conducted for 50 marks and scaled down to 10 marks.
- Scaled-down marks of write-up evaluations and tests added will be CIE marks for the laboratory component of IPCC for **25 marks**.
- The student has to secure 40% of 25 marks to qualify in the CIE of the practical component of the IPCC.

#### SEE for IPCC

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**)

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 subquestions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.
- 4. Marks scoredby the student shall be proportionally scaled down to 50 Marks

# The theory portion of the IPCC shall be for both CIE and SEE, whereas the practical portion will have a CIE component only. Questions mentioned in the SEE paper may include questions from the practical component.

#### **Suggested Learning Resources:**

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Ramez Elmasri and Shamkant B. Navathe, 7th Edition, 2017, Pearson.
- 2. Database management systems, Ramakrishnan, and Gehrke, 3rd Edition, 2014, McGraw Hill

# Activity Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/ Practical Based learning Mini Project:

• Project Based Learning

Analysis & Design of Algorithms Lab Semester 4			4	
Course Code		BCSL404	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Cred	its	01	Exam Hours	2
Exan	nination type (SEE)	Practical		
Cou	rse objectives:			1
•	To design and implement various a	Igorithms in C/C++ programming using suit	able development to	ols to
	address different computational ch	allenges. for offective problem colving		
	To Measure and compare the perfe	an energie of different algorithms to determine	their officiency and	auitability
•	for specific tasks	i mance of different algorithms to determine	their enciency and	suitability
SI N		Experiments		
1	Design and implement C/C+-	Program to find Minimum Cost Spanni	ng Tree of a given c	onnected
	undirected granh using Krus	kal's algorithm		onnected
2	Dosign and implement C/C+	Drogram to find Minimum Cost Spanni	ng Trop of a given o	onnactad
	undirected graph using Drim	's algorithm	ig free of a given c	Junecteu
2	a Design and implement C	S algorithm.	Datha waahlam wair	a Florid'a
5	a. Design and implement C/	L++ Program to solve All-Pairs Shortest	Pauls problem usir	ig Floya s
	algorithm.			(A7 1 1)
	b. Design and implement C/C++ Program to find the transitive closure using Warshal's			warshal's
4	algorithm.			
4	4 Design and implement C/C++ Program to find shortest paths from a given vertex in a weighted		weighted	
connected graph to other vertices using Dijkstra's algorithm.				
5 Design and implement C/C++ Program to obtain the Topological ordering of vertices in a given				
algraph.				
6 Design and implement $C/C++$ Program to solve $0/1$ Knapsack problem using Dynamic				
Programming method.				
/ Design and implement C/C++ Program to solve discrete Knapsack and continuous Knapsack				
problems using greedy approximation method.				
8 Design and implement C/C++ Program to find a subset of a given set $S = \{sl, s2,,sn\}$ of r		.,sn} of n		
	positive integers whose sum	is equal to a given positive integer d.		<u> </u>
9	Design and implement C/C+	+ Program to sort a given set of n integ	er elements using	Selection
	Sort method and compute its	time complexity. Run the program for v	aried values of n>	5000 and
	fecord the time taken to sor	t. Plot a graph of the time taken versus	n. The elements ca	n be read
10	Design and implement $C/C_{\pm}$	+ Program to sort a given set of n intege		Juick Sort
10	method and compute its tin	a complexity Dup the program for ya	ried values of n	5000  and
	method and compute its time complexity. Kun the program for varied values of N> 5000 and		n he read	
	from a file on can be generated using the render number concreter		li De l'eau	
11	Design and implement C/C+	- Program to sort a given set of n integer	r alamants using M	larga Sart
	method and compute its tin	e complexity Run the program for val	ried values of n 5	$\frac{1000}{100}$ and
	record the time taken to sort. Plot a graph of the time taken versus n. The elements can be read		n he read	
	from a file or can be generated using the random number generator			
12	12 Design and implement C/C++ Program for N Oueen's problem using Backtracking			
			0	

# Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Develop programs to solve computational problems using suitable algorithm design strategy.
- 2. Compare algorithm design strategies by developing equivalent programs and observing running times for analysis (Empirical).
- 3. Make use of suitable integrated development tools to develop programs
- 4. Choose appropriate algorithm design techniques to develop solution to the computational and complex problems.
- 5. Demonstrate and present the development of program, its execution and running time(s) and record the results/inferences.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

# Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

• SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.

- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

Suggested Learning Resources:

• Virtual Labs (CSE): <u>http://cse01-iiith.vlabs.ac.in/</u>

DISCRETE MATHEMATICAL STRUCTURES S		Semester	IV
Course Code	BCS405A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P:S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- 1. To help students to understand discrete and continuous mathematical structures.
- 2. To impart basics of relations and functions.
- 3. To facilitate students in applying principles of Recurrence Relations to find the generating functions and solve the Recurrence relations.
- 4. To have the knowledge of groups and their properties to understand the importance of algebraic properties relative to various number systems.

# Teaching-Learning Process

# Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
  - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
  - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
  - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
  - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
  - As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

# Module-1: Fundamentals of Logic

Basic Connectives and Truth Tables, Logic Equivalence – The Laws of Logic, Logical Implication – Rules of Inference. The Use of Quantifiers, Quantifiers, Definitions and the Proofs of Theorems. (8 hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-2: Properties of the Integers

Mathematical Induction, The Well Ordering Principle – Mathematical Induction, Recursive Definitions.

Fundamental Principles of Counting: The Rules of Sum and Product, Permutations, Combinations –<br/>The Binomial Theorem, Combinations with Repetition.(8 Hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-3: Relations and Functions

Cartesian Products and Relations, Functions – Plain and One-to-One, Onto Functions. The Pigeonhole Principle, Function Composition and Inverse Functions.

Properties of Relations, Computer Recognition – Zero-One Matrices and Directed Graphs, PartialOrders – Hasse Diagrams, Equivalence Relations and Partitions.(8 hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-4: The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion

The Principle of Inclusion and Exclusion, Generalizations of the Principle, Derangements – Nothing is in its Right Place, Rook Polynomials.

Recurrence Relations:First Order Linear Recurrence Relation, The Second Order LinearHomogeneous Recurrence Relation with Constant Coefficients.(8 Hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# **Module-5: Introduction to Groups Theory**

Definitions and Examples of Particular Groups Klein 4-group, Additive group of Integers modulo n, Multiplicative group of Integers modulo-p and permutation groups, Properties of groups, Subgroups, cyclic groups, Cosets, Lagrange's Theorem. (8 Hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply concepts of logical reasoning and mathematical proof techniques in proving theorems and statements.
- 2. Demonstrate the application of discrete structures in different fields of computer science.
- 3. Apply the basic concepts of relations, functions and partially ordered sets for computer representations.
- 4. Solve problems involving recurrence relations and generating functions.
- 5. Illustrate the fundamental principles of Algebraic structures with the problems related to computer science & engineering.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is

50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and

for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The

student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100)

in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# Continuous Internal Evaluation:

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks) The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

The Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year) Text Books:

- **1.** Ralph P. Grimaldi, B V Ramana: "Discrete Mathematical Structures an Applied Introduction", 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
- **2.** Ralph P. Grimaldi: "Discrete and Combinatorial Mathematics", 5th Edition, Pearson Education. 2004.

**Reference Books:** 

- **1.** Basavaraj S Anami and Venakanna S Madalli: "Discrete Mathematics A Concept-based approach", Universities Press, 2016
- **2. Kenneth H. Rosen: "Discrete Mathematics and its Applications"**, 6th Edition, McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 3. Jayant Ganguly: "A Treatise on Discrete Mathematical Structures", Sanguine-Pearson, 2010.
- 4. **D.S. Malik and M.K. Sen: "Discrete Mathematical Structures Theory and Applications,** Latest Edition, Thomson, 2004.
- 5. Thomas Koshy: "Discrete Mathematics with Applications", Elsevier, 2005, Reprint 2008.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.
- <u>http://www.themathpage.com/</u>
- <u>http://www.abstractmath.org/</u>
- http://www.ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/

Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

METRIC SPACES Semest		Semester	IV
Course Code	<b>BAI405B</b>	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

# **Course objectives:**

- Provide insight into the theory of sets
- Learn basic concepts of metric spaces
- Understand the concepts of connected sets and compact spaces

# **Teaching-Learning Process**

# **Pedagogy (General Instructions):**

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
  - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
  - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
  - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
  - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
  - As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

# **Module-1: Theory of Sets**

Finite and infinite sets, countable and uncountable sets, cardinality of sets, Schroder-Bernstein theorem, cantor's theorem, Order relation in cardinal numbers, Arithmetic of cardinal numbers, Partially ordered set, Zorn's lemma and axioms of choice, various set-theoretic paradoxes.

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

#### (8 hours)

(ADT Levels, L1, L2 and L5)		
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Module-2: Concepts in Metric Spaces		

Definition and examples of metric spaces, Open spheres and Closed spheres, Neighborhoods, Open sets, Interior, Exterior and boundary points, Closed sets, Limit points and isolated points, Interior and closure of a set, Boundary of a set, Bounded sets, Distance between two sets, Diameter of a set. (8 hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation

# Module-3: Complete Metric Spaces and Continuous Functions
Cauchy and Convergent sequences, Completeness of metric spaces, Cantor's intersection theorem, Dense sets and separable spaces, Nowhere dense sets and Baire's category theorem, continuous and uniformly continuous functions, Homeomorphism. Banach contraction principle. (8 hours)

#### (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

 Teaching-Learning Process
 Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation

 Module-4: Compactness

Compact spaces, Sequential compactness, Bolzano-Weierstrass property, Compactness and finite intersection property, Heine-Borel theorem, Totally bounded set, equivalence of compactness and sequential compactness. (8 hours)

#### (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

#### Module-5: Connectedness

Separated sets, Disconnected and connected sets, components, connected subsets of R, Continuous functions on connected sets. Local connectedness and arc-wise connectedness. (8 hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

Teaching-Learning Process

Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation

### Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Explain basic facts about the cardinality of a set and various set-theoretic paradoxes.
- 2. Apply the concepts of open and closed spheres and bounded sets to solve problems.
- 3. Demonstrate standard concepts of metric spaces and their properties.
- 4. Identify the continuity of a function defined on metric spaces and homomorphism.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)

• The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module. Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

#### Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year) Text Books

- 1. P.K. Jain & Khalil Ahamad, "Metric Spaces". Narosa, 2019.
- 2. Micheal O; Searcoid, "Metric spaces". Springer-Verlag, 2009.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. Satish Shirali & Harikishan L. Vasudeva, "Metric Spaces", Springer-Verlag, 2006.
- 2. E.T. Copson, "Metric spaces", Cambridge University Press, 1988.
- 3. P.R. Halmos, "Naive Set Theory". Springer, 1974.
- 4. S. Kumaresan, "Topology of Metric spaces", 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, Narosa, 2011.
- 5. G.F. Simmons, "Introduction to Topology and Modern Analysis". McGraw-Hill, 2004.

#### Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

#### Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUE		Semester	IV
Course Code	BCS405C	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

**Course objectives:** The objectives of the course are to fecilitate the learners to:

- Appreciate the importance of linear algebra in computer science and allied engineering science.
- Gain the knowledge of linear algebra tools and concepts to implement them in their core domain.
- Improve their mathematical thinking and acquire skills required for sustained lifelong learning.

#### Teaching-Learning Process Pedagogy (General Instructions):

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course

outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
  - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
  - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
  - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
  - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
  - As a model solution of some exercises (post-lecture activity).

# Module-1: VECTOR CALCULUS

Functions of several variables, Differentiation and partial differentials, gradients of vector-valued functions, gradients of matrices, useful identities for computing gradients, linearization and multivariate Taylor series. **(8 hours)** 

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-2: APPLICATIONS OF VECTOR CALCULUS

Backpropagation and automatic differentiation, gradients in a deep network, The Gradient of Quadratic Cost, Descending the Gradient of Cost, The Gradient of Mean Squared Error.

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

(8 hours)

Module-3: Convex Optimization-1

Local and global optima, convex sets and functions separating hyperplanes, application of<br/>Hessian matrix in optimization, Optimization using gradient descent, Sequential search 3-<br/>point search and Fibonacci search.(8 hours)

(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-4: Convex Optimization-2

Unconstrained optimization -Method of steepest ascent/descent, NR method, Gradient descent, Mini batch gradient descent, Stochastic gradient descent. (8)

hours)

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Module-5: Advanced Optimization

Momentum-based gradient descent methods: Adagrad, RMSprop and Adam.

Non-Convex Optimization: Convergence to Critical Points, Saddle-Point methods. **(8 hours)** 

# (RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)

# Course outcome (Course Skill Set)

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- 1. Apply the concepts of vector calculus to solve the given problem.
- 2. Apply the concepts of partial differentiation in machine learning and deep neural networks.
- 3. Analyze the convex optimization algorithms and their importance in computer science & engineering.
- 4. Apply the optimization algorithms to solve the problem.
- 5. Analyze the advanced optimization algorithms for machine learning.

# **Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)**

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam

(SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20

marks out of 50) and for the SEE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum

marks (18 out of 50 marks). The student is declared as a pass in the course if he/she

secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous

Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together.

# **Continuous Internal Evaluation:**

- There are 25 marks for the CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment Test component.
- Each test shall be conducted for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50% of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the coverage of the syllabus. The average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks
- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is projectbased then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks.

# Suggested Learning Resources:

# Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year)

# **Text Books:**

- 1. Mathematics for Machine learning, Marc Peter Deisennroth, A. Aldo Faisal, Cheng Soon Ong, 2020, Cambridge University Press.
- 2. S. Bubeck, Convex Optimization: Algorithms and Complexity, Foundations and Trends in Optimization, 2015.
- 3. S. Boyd, N. Parikh, and E. Chu," Distributed optimization and statistical learning via the alternating direction method of multipliers", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.

# **Reference Books:**

- **1.** Linear Algebra and Optimization for Machine Learning, Charu C. Aggarwal, Springer, 2020.
- **2.** A. Beck, First-Order Methods in Optimization, MOS-SIAM Series on Optimization, 2017.
- **3.** F. Bach, "Learning with Submodular Functions: A Convex Optimization Perspective", Foundations and Trends in Machine Learning, Now Publishers Inc.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- https://ocw.mit.edu/courses/mathematics/18-06sc-linear-algebra-fall-2011/index.htm
- https://www.math.ucdavis.edu/~linear.pdf
- https://www.coursera.org/learn/linear-algebra-machine-learning
- <u>https://nptel.ac.in/syllabus/111106051/</u>
- <u>https://github.com/epfml/OptML course</u>
- <u>https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PL4O4bXkI-fAeYrsBqTUYn2xMjJAqlFQzX</u>

# Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

ALGORITHMIC GAME THEORY		Semester	IV
Course Code	BAI405D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	2:2:0:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy	40	Total Marks	100
Credits	03	Exam Hours	03
Examination type (SEE)	Theory		

#### **Course objectives:**

- Comprehend the basics of strategic gaming and mixed strategic equilibrium.
- Enable students to develop skills on extensive gaming strategies.
- Analyze and discuss various gaming models.
- Illustrate some real-time situations.

#### **Teaching-Learning Process**

#### **Pedagogy (General Instructions):**

These are sample Strategies, teachers can use to accelerate the attainment of the various course outcomes.

- 1. In addition to the traditional lecture method, different types of innovative teaching methods may be adopted so that the delivered lessons shall develop students' theoretical and applied Mathematical skills.
- 2. State the need for Mathematics with Engineering Studies and Provide real-life examples.
- 3. Support and guide the students for self-study.
- 4. You will assign homework, grading assignments and quizzes, and documenting students' progress.
- 5. Encourage the students to group learning to improve their creative and analytical skills.
- 6. Show short related video lectures in the following ways:
  - As an introduction to new topics (pre-lecture activity).
  - As a revision of topics (post-lecture activity).
  - As additional examples (post-lecture activity).
  - As an additional material of challenging topics (pre-and post-lecture activity).
  - As a model solution for some exercises (post-lecture activity).

#### Module-1

**Introduction to Strategic Games:** What is game theory? The theory of rational choice, Strategic games; Examples: The prisoner's dilemma, Bach or Stravinsky, Matching pennies; Nash equilibrium; Examples of Nash equilibrium; Best response functions; Dominated actions.

#### (8 hours)

( <b>RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3</b> )		
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
	Module-2	
Introduction; Strategic games	s in which players may randomize; Mixed strategy Nash	n
equilibrium; Dominated actions; Pure equilibrium when randomization is allowed.		
Illustration: Expert Diagnosis; Equilibrium in a single population. (8 hours)		
(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Module-3		

Extensive games with perfect	information; Strategies and outcomes; Nash equilibrium; Sub-	
game perfect equilibrium; Fi	nding sub-game perfect equilibria of finite horizon games:	
Backward induction; Illustrati	ons: The ultimatum game, Stackelberg's model of duopoly.	
(8 hours)		
(RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
	Module-4	
Bayesian Games, Motivationa	al examples; General definitions; Two examples concerning	
information; Illustrations: Cou	rnot's duopoly game with imperfect information, Providing a	
public good; Auctions: Auction	s with an arbitrary distribution of valuations. (8 hours)	
( <b>RBT Levels: L1, L2 and L3</b> )	)	
<b>Teaching-Learning Process</b>	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
	Module-5	
<b>Competative Games:</b> Strictly of	competitive games and maximization.	
Repeated games: The main	idea; Preferences; Repeated games; Finitely and infinitely	
repeated Prisoner's dilemma;	Strategies in an infinitely repeated Prisoner's dilemma; Nash	
equilibrium of an infinitely re-	epeated Prisoner's dilemma, Nash equilibrium payoffs of an	
(8 hours)	beated Prisoner's unemina.	
(RRT Levels: L1 L2 and L3)		
Teaching-Learning Process	Chalk and talk method / PowerPoint Presentation	
Course outcome (Course Skill	l Sot)	
At the end of the course, the stu	I Sel) Ident will be able to:	
1 Interpret the basics of st	rategic gaming and extensive games	
2 A polyzo goming strateg	ias on real time incidence	
2. Analyze gaming strateg	ies on real-time incidence.	
3. Develop the models of §	gaming on real-time incluence.	
4. Apply game theory in the	ne real world problems.	
Assessment Details (both CIE	and SEE)	
The weightage of Continuous	Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam	
(SEE) is 50%. The minimum	passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20	
marks out of 50) and for the S	EE, the minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks	
(18 out of 50 marks). The st	udent is declared as a pass in the course if he/she secures a	
minimum of 40% (40 marks ou	t of 100) in the total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation)	
and SEE (Samastar End Exami	nation) taken tagether	
and SEE (Semester End Examin	nation) taken together.	
Continuous Internal Evaluati	on:	
• There are 25 marks for the	CIE's Assignment component and 25 for the Internal Assessment	
Test component.		
• Each test shall be conducte	d for 25 marks. The first test will be administered after 40-50%	
of the coverage of the syllabus, and the second test will be administered after 85-90% of the		
coverage of the syllabus. The	he average of the two tests shall be scaled down to 25 marks	

- Any two assignment methods mentioned in the 22OB2.4, if an assignment is project-based then only one assignment for the course shall be planned. The schedule for assignments shall be planned properly by the course teacher. The teacher should not conduct two assignments at the end of the semester if two assignments are planned. Each assignment shall be conducted for 25 marks. (If two assignments are conducted then the sum of the two assignments shall be scaled down to 25 marks)
- The final CIE marks of the course out of 50 will be the sum of the scale-down marks of tests and assignment/s marks.

# Internal Assessment Test question paper is designed to attain the different levels of Bloom's taxonomy as per the outcome defined for the course.

# Semester-End Examination:

Theory SEE will be conducted by the University as per the scheduled timetable, with common question papers for the course (**duration 03 hours**).

- 1. The question paper will have ten questions. Each question is set for 20 marks.
- 2. There will be 2 questions from each module. Each of the two questions under a module (with a maximum of 3 sub-questions), **should have a mix of topics** under that module.
- 3. The students have to answer 5 full questions, selecting one full question from each module.

Marks scored shall be proportionally reduced to 50 marks

# Suggested Learning Resources:

Books (Name of the author/Title of the Book/Name of the publisher/Edition and Year) Text Books:

1. **Martin Osborne: "An Introduction to Game Theory",** Oxford University Press, First Indian Edition, 2009, 7<sup>th</sup> impression, ISBN – 0195128958.

# **Reference Books:**

- 1. **Roger B. Myerson: "Analysis of Conflict Game Theory",** Re-print Edition, Harvard University Press, 2008, ISBN 978-0674341166.
- 2. Frederick S. Hillier and Gerald J. Lieberman: "Introduction to Operations Research, Concepts and Cases", 9<sup>th</sup> Edition; Tata McGraw Hill, 2010, ISBN 0073376299.
- 3. **Joel Watson: "An Introduction to Game Theory"** Strategy, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition, W.W. Norton &Company, 2007, ISBN 9780393929348.

# Web links and Video Lectures (e-Resources):

- http://nptel.ac.in/courses.php?disciplineID=111
- http://www.class-central.com/subject/math(MOOCs)
- http://academicearth.org/
- VTU e-Shikshana Program
- VTU EDUSAT Program.

# Activity-Based Learning (Suggested Activities in Class)/Practical-Based Learning

- Quizzes
- Assignments
- Seminar

Scala Semester 4			4	
Course Code		BDSL456A	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)0:0:2:0SEE Marks		50		
Credits 01 Exam Hours			02	
Examii	nation type (SEE)	Practical		
Course	e objectives:			
•	Model data using algebraic data	a types, represented in Scala as families of seale	d traits and case c	lasses.
•	Use structural recursion and pa	ittern matching to traverse and transform data		
•	Learn programming with the c	ommon data structures of Scala		
•	Learn object-oriented program	ming in Scala		
Sl.NO		Experiments		
1	a. Write a Scala program to co	ompute the sum of the two given integer valu	es. If the two valu	es are the
	same, then return triples the	eir sum.		
	b. Write a Scala program to che	eck two given integers, and return true if one of	f them is 22 or if th	eir sum is
	32.			
2	a. Write a Scala program to re-	move the character in a given position of a give	en string. The give	n position
	will be in the range 0string	length -1 inclusive.		
	b. Write a Scala program to cr	eate a new string taking the first 5 characters	of a given string a	nd return
	the string with the 5 charact	ers added at both the front and back.		
3	a. Write a Scala program to pri	nt the multiplication table of a given number u	sing a for loop.	
	b. Write a Scala program to fin	d the largest element in an array using pattern	matching	
4	a. Write a Scala function to cale	culate the product of digits in a given number		
	b. Write a Scala function to che	ck if a given number is a perfect square		
5	a. Write a Scala program that	creates a subclass Student that extends the P	erson class. Add a	property
	called grade and implement methods to get and set it.			
	b. Write a Scala program that c	reates a class Triangle with properties side1, si	de2, and side3. Im	plement a
	method isEquilateral to chec	k if the triangle is equilateral.		
6	a. Write a Scala program that	creates an enum class Color with values for di	fferent colors. Use	the enum
	class to represent an object's color.			
	b. Write a Scala program that creates a class ContactInfo with properties name, email, and address. Create			
	a class Customer that includes a ContactInfo object.			
7	a. Write a Scala program to cre	eate a set and find the difference and intersection	on between two set	:S.
	b. Write a Scala program to cre	ate a set and find the second largest element in	the set.	
8	a. Write a Scala	program to create a list	in different	ways.
	Note: Use Lisp style, Java sty	le, Range list, Uniform list, Tabulate list		
	b. Write a Scala program to flat	tten a given List of Lists, nested list structure.		
9	a. Write a Scala program to add	d each element n times to a given list of integer	S.	
	b. Write a Scala program to spl	it a given list into two lists.		
10	a. Write a Scala program to sw	ap the elements of a tuple Further print no sw	apping required if	elements
	are same.			
b. Write a Scala program to find non-unique elements in a tuple				
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):				
At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
Get familiar with the Scala syntax and object-oriented principles				
•	Learn advanced concepts - loop	os, expressions, inheritance, pattern matching		
•	Learn to write clean and function	onal Scala codes and test it		
•	Learn functional programming	using scala		

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners

jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

- Programming Scala, Third Edition, O'Reilly Media.
- Paul Chiusano, Rúnar Bjarnason, Functional Programming in Scala 1st Edition, Manning Publications
- https://docs.scala-lang.org/tutorials/scala-for-java-programmers.html
- <u>https://www.javatpoint.com/scala-tutorial</u>

MongoDB Semester		4		
Course Code		BDSL456B	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy24Total Marks			100	
Credits		01		
Course	Understand basic MongoDB fur	octions operators and types of operation	s in MongoDB	
	Demonstrate the use of Indexin	g Advanced Indexing in MongoDB	S III Moligobb.	
	Apply the aggregation and Mar	Reduction in MongoDB		
•	Demonstrate text searching on	collections in MongoDB.		
SLNO		Experiments		
1	a. Illustration of Where C	ause, AND.OR operations in MongoDB.		
	b. Execute the Commands	of MongoDB and operations in MongoDB	3 : Insert, Ouery, Update	, Delete
	and Projection. (Note: ι	ise any collection)		, ,
	[Refer: Book 1 chapter 4].			
2	a. Develop a MongoDB qu	ery to select certain fields and ignore s	ome fields of the docum	nents from
	any collection.			
	b. Develop a MongoDB qu	ery to display the first 5 documents fron	n the results obtained in	a.
	[use of limit and find]			
	[Refe: Book1 Chapter 4, book 2:	chapter 5]		
3	a. Execute query selector	s (comparison selectors, logical selector	s ) and list out the resu	lts on any
	collection			
	b. Execute query selector	s (Geospatial selectors, Bitwise selectors	s ) and list out the resu	lts on any
	collection			
	[Refer: Book 3 Chapter 13]			
4	4 Create and demonstrate how projection operators (\$, \$elematch and \$slice) would be used in the			sed in the
	MondoDB.			
	[Refer: Book 3 Chapter 14]			
5	5 Execute Aggregation operations (\$avg, \$min,\$max, \$push, \$addToSet etc.). students encourage to execute			to execute
	several queries to demonstrate various aggregation operators)			
	[Refer: Book 3 Chapter 15]			
6	Execute Aggregation Pipeline a	nd its operations (pipeline must contain	n \$match, \$group, \$sort	t, \$project,
	skip etc. students encourage to	execute several queries to demonstrate	various aggregation ope	erators
7				-
/	a. Find all listings with	listing_url, name, address, host_picture	_url in the listings And	d Reviews
	collection that have a h	ost with a picture url		
	b. Using E-commerce coll	ection write a query to display reviews s	ummary.	
	[refer Book2: chapter 6]			
8	a. Demonstrate creation	of different types of indexes on collectio	n (unique, sparse, comj	pound and
	multikey indexes)			
b. Demonstrate optimization of queries using indexes.				
Refer: Book 2: Chapter 8 and Book 3: Chapter 12]				
0	a Develop a success (	a a strate Tout as a state	collection for a	u d
9	a. Develop a query to der	nonstrate Text search using catalog data	collection for a given wo	ora
	Refer: Book 2: Chapter 91	strate excluding documents with tertain	worus anu pinases	

10 Develop an aggregation pipeline to illustrate Text search on Catalog data collection.

Refer: Book 2 :Chapter 9]

#### Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- 1. Make use of MangoDB commands and queries.
- 2. Illustrate the role of aggregate pipelines to extract data.
- 3. Demonstrate optimization of queries by creating indexes.
- 4. Develop aggregate pipelines for text search in collections.

# Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.

- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

- **BOOK 1:** "MongoDB: The Definitive Guide", Kristina chodorow, 2nd ed O'REILLY, 2013.
- **BOOK 2:** *"MongoDB in Action"* by KYLE BANKER et. al. 2nd ed, Manning publication, 2016
- **BOOK 3:** "MongoDB Complete Guide" by Manu Sharma 1st ed, bpb publication, 2023.
- installation of MongoDB Video: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=dEm2AS5amyA</u>
- video on Aggregation: <u>https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vx1C8EyTa7Y</u>
- MongoDB in action book Code download URL: <u>https://www.manning.com/downloads/529</u>
- MongoDB Exercise URL: <u>https://www.w3resource.com/mongodb-exercises/</u>

MERN Semester		Semester	4	
Course	Code	BDSL456C	CIE Marks	50
Teachi	ng Hours/Week (L:T:P: S)	0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Credits	3	01	Exam Hours	02
Examir	nation type (SEE)	Practical		
Course	e objectives:			
• Un	derstand and apply critical web	development languages and tools to create of	dynamic and respo	nsive web
ap	plications.			
• 10	build server-side applications us	ing Node.js and Express		
• De • Ma	anage data using MongoDB and in	s, tegrate these technologies to create full stack	anns	
• Un	derstanding APIs and routing.	tegrate these teenhologies to create ran stack	արին	
Sl.NO		Experiments		
1	Using MongoDB, create a collec	tion called transactions in database usermana	ged (drop if it alrea	ady exists)
	and bulk load the data from a js	on file, transactions.json		
	Upsert the record from the new	file called transactions_upsert.json in Mongoo	lb.	
2	Query MongoDB with Condition	ns: [Create appropriate collection with necess	ary documents to a	inswer the
	query]	an in Somu		
	b Find any record where tota	le is solliu I navment amount (Payment Total) is 600		
	c. Find any record where pric	e (Transaction.price) is between 300 to 500.		
	d. Calculate the total transacti	on amount by adding up Payment.Total in all	records.	
3	a. Write a program to check re	equest header for cookies.		
	b. write node.js program to pr	int the a car object properties, delete the seco	nd property and ge	et length of
	the object.			
4	a. Read the data of a student	containing usn, name, sem, year_ot_admission	n from node is and	store it in
the mongodb b For a partial name given in node is, coarch all the names from mongodh student documents created in				
	D. For a partial name given in node js, search an the names from mongoud student documents created in Ouestion(a)			ci catcu ili
5				
Implement all CRUD operations on a File System using Node JS				
6 Develop the application that sends fruit name and price data from client side to Node is server using Aiax			sing Aiax	
bevelop the application that series if are name and price data from cheft side to road. is server asing flyax				
7	Develop an authentication me	chanism with email_id and password using	HTML and Express	S IS (POST
	method)			
8	Develop two routes: find prim	e_100 and find_cube_100 which prints prime	numbers less tha	n 100 and
	cubes less than 100 using Expre	ess JS routing mechanism		
9	Develop a React code to build	a simple search filter functionality to displa	y a filtered list bas	sed on the
	search query entered by the use	er.		
10	Develop a React code to collect	data from rest API.		
Course outcomes (Course Skill Set):				
At the end of the course the student will be able to:				
•	Apply the fundamentals of Mor	ngoDB, such as data modelling, CRUD operatio	ns, and basic queri	es to solve
	given problem.			_
•	Use constructs of Express.js, in	cluding routing, software and constructing RE	STful APIs to solve	real world
-	problems.	DECTful ADIa using NodelS		
	Develop scalable and enicient	tes including components state props and IS	Countay	

Develop applications using React, including components, state, props, and JSX syntax.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners

jointly.

• Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

- Vasan SubramanianPro MERN Stack: Full Stack Web App Development with Mongo, Express, React, and Node, Apress; 1st ed. edition (1 April 2017)
- . Eddy Wilson Iriarte Koroliova, MERN Quick Start Guide, Packt Publishing (31 May 2018),
- <u>https://www.geeksforgeeks.org/mern-stack/</u>
- <u>https://blog.logrocket.com/mern-stack-tutorial/</u>

1		Iulia	Semester	4
Course Code		BDSL456D	CIE Marks	50
Teaching Hours/Week (L: T:P: S)		0:0:2:0	SEE Marks	50
Total Hours of Pedagogy24Total Marks				100
Credits	Credits 01			
Course	e objectives:			
•	To introduce the basics of Julia	programming language		
•	To illustrate the data structure	s of Julia programming language		
•	To make use of built-in functio	ns and packages		
Sl.NO		Experiments		
1	a. Develop a Julia program to s	imulate a calculator (for integer and real	numbers).	
	b. Develop a Julia program to a	dd, subtract, multiply and divide complex	x numbers.	
	c. Develop a Julia program to e	evaluate expressions having mixed data ty	/pes (integer, real, floatir	ng-point
	number and complex).			
	[Refer Book 2: Chapter 3, 4]			
2	a. Develop a Julia program for	the following problem: A computer repa	air shop charges \$100 pe	er hour for
	labour plus the cost of any j	parts used in the repair. However, the mi	nimum charge for any jo	ob is \$150.
	Prompt for the number of h	ours worked and the cost of parts (which	n could be \$0) and print	the charge
	for the job.			
	b. Develop a Julia program to	calculate a person's regular pay, overtin	ne pay and gross pay ba	sed on the
	following: If hours worked	is less than or equal to 40, regular pay	is calculated by multiply	ying hours
	worked by rate of pay, and overtime pay is 0. If hours worked is greater than 40, regular pay is			
	calculated by multiplying 40 by the rate of pay, and overtime pay is calculated by multiplying the hours			
	in excess of 40 by the rate of pay by 1.5. Gross pay is calculated by adding regular pay and overtime pay.			ertime pay.
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 3]			
3	3 a. An amount of money P (for principal) is put into an account which earns interest at r% per annum. So,			annum. So,
	at the end of one year, the amount becomes $P + P \times r/100$ . This becomes the principal for the next year.			
	Develop a Julia program to print the amount at the end of each year for the next 10 years. However, if			lowever, if
	the amount ever exceeds 2P, stop any further printing. Your program should prompt for the values of P			values of P
	and r.			
	b. Develop a Julia program which reads numbers from a file (input.txt) and finds the largest number			st number,
	smallest number, count, sun	n and average of numbers.		
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 4]			
4	a. Develop a Julia program and	l two separate functions to calculate GCD	and LCM.	
	b. Develop a Julia program and a recursive function to calculate factorial of a number.			
	c. Develop a Julia program and	l a recursive function to generate Fibonac	ci series.	
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 5]			
5	a. Develop a Julia program wh	ich reads a string (word) and prints whet	her the word is palindro	me.
	b. Develop a Julia program wh	lich reads and prints the words present i	in a file (input.txt) havin	ig Random
	Data in which words are dis	spersed randomly (Assumption: a word i	s a contiguous sequence	e of letters.
A word is delimited by any non-letter character or end-of-line).				
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 6]			
6	a. Develop a Julia program to	determine and print the frequency with v	which each letter of the a	alphabet is
	used in a given line of text.			<b>C</b> . <b>1</b>
	b. A survey of 10 pop artists is	made. Each person votes for an artist by	specifying the number o	t the artist
	(a value from 1 to 10). Deve	elop a Julia program to read the names o	t the artists, followed by	the votes,
	and find out which artist is the most popular.			
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 7]			

7	a. Given a line of text as input, develop a Julia program to determine the frequency with which each letter
	of the alphabet is used (make use of dictionary)
	b. Develop a Julia program to fetch words from a file with arbitrary punctuation and keep track of all the
	different words found (make use of set and ignore the case of the letters: e.g. to and To are treated as
	the same word).
	[Refer Book 1: Chapter 10]
8	a. Develop a Julia program to evaluate expressions consisting of rational, irrational number and floating-
	b Develop a Julia magnemente determine the following meansating of a matrix determinent inverse work
	b. Develop a juna program to determine the following properties of a matrix: determinant, inverse, rank,
	upper & lower triangular matrix, diagonal elements, Euclidean norm and Square Root of a Matrix.
	[Refer Book 2: Chapter 5, 8]
9	a. Develop a Julia program to determine addition and subtraction of two matrices (element -wise).
	b. Develop a Julia program to perform multiplication operation on matrices: scalar multiplication,
	element-wise multiplication, dot product, cross product.
10	[Refer Book 2: Chapter 8]
10	a. Develop a juna program to generate a plot of (solid & dotted) a function: $y=x^2$ (use suitable data points for $y$ )
	b. Develop a Julia program to generate a plot of mathematical equation: $y = sin(x) + sin(2x)$ .
	c. Develop a Julia program to generate multiple plots of mathematical equations: $y = sin(x) + sin(2x)$ and y
	$= \sin(2x) + \sin(3x).$
	[Refer Book 2: Chapter 13]
Course	outcomes (Course Skill Set):
At the e	end of the course the student will be able to:
•	Apply concepts of data-types, selection and looping constructs of Julia programming language.
•	Demonstrate the use of strings, functions, arrays and matrix operations in solving problems.
•	Develop programs involving data structures to handle multi-valued data items.
•	Make use of packages to generate plots of mathematical functions and equations.

#### Assessment Details (both CIE and SEE)

The weightage of Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE) is 50% and for Semester End Exam (SEE) is 50%. The minimum passing mark for the CIE is 40% of the maximum marks (20 marks out of 50) and for the SEE minimum passing mark is 35% of the maximum marks (18 out of 50 marks). A student shall be deemed to have satisfied the academic requirements and earned the credits allotted to each subject/ course if the student secures a minimum of 40% (40 marks out of 100) in the sum total of the CIE (Continuous Internal Evaluation) and SEE (Semester End Examination) taken together

#### **Continuous Internal Evaluation (CIE):**

CIE marks for the practical course are **50 Marks**.

The split-up of CIE marks for record/ journal and test are in the ratio **60:40**.

- Each experiment is to be evaluated for conduction with an observation sheet and record write-up. Rubrics for the evaluation of the journal/write-up for hardware/software experiments are designed by the faculty who is handling the laboratory session and are made known to students at the beginning of the practical session.
- Record should contain all the specified experiments in the syllabus and each experiment write-up will be evaluated for 10 marks.
- Total marks scored by the students are scaled down to **30 marks** (60% of maximum marks).
- Weightage to be given for neatness and submission of record/write-up on time.
- Department shall conduct a test of 100 marks after the completion of all the experiments listed in the syllabus.
- In a test, test write-up, conduction of experiment, acceptable result, and procedural knowledge will carry a weightage of 60% and the rest 40% for viva-voce.
- The suitable rubrics can be designed to evaluate each student's performance and learning ability.
- The marks scored shall be scaled down to **20 marks** (40% of the maximum marks).

The Sum of scaled-down marks scored in the report write-up/journal and marks of a test is the total CIE marks scored by the student.

#### Semester End Evaluation (SEE):

- SEE marks for the practical course are 50 Marks.
- SEE shall be conducted jointly by the two examiners of the same institute, examiners are appointed by the Head of the Institute.
- The examination schedule and names of examiners are informed to the university before the conduction of the examination. These practical examinations are to be conducted between the schedule mentioned in the academic calendar of the University.
- All laboratory experiments are to be included for practical examination.
- (Rubrics) Breakup of marks and the instructions printed on the cover page of the answer script to be strictly adhered to by the examiners. **OR** based on the course requirement evaluation rubrics shall be decided jointly by examiners.
- Students can pick one question (experiment) from the questions lot prepared by the examiners jointly.
- Evaluation of test write-up/ conduction procedure and result/viva will be conducted jointly by examiners.

General rubrics suggested for SEE are mentioned here, writeup-20%, Conduction procedure and

result in -60%, Viva-voce 20% of maximum marks. SEE for practical shall be evaluated for 100 marks and scored marks shall be scaled down to 50 marks (however, based on course type, rubrics shall be decided by the examiners)

Change of experiment is allowed only once and 15% of Marks allotted to the procedure part are to be made zero.

The minimum duration of SEE is 02 hours

- **BOOK 1:** Julia Bit by Bit (Programming for Beginners), by Noel Kalicharan, Springer: ISBN 978-3-030-73935-5, doi: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-3-030-73936-2, 2021.
- **BOOK 2:** Beginning Julia Programming (For Engineers and Scientists), by Sandeep Nagar, Apress-Springer: ISBN 978-1-4842-3170-8, doi: https://doi.org/10.1007/978-1-4842-3171-5, 2017.